



IMPLEMENTATION WORKING GROUP

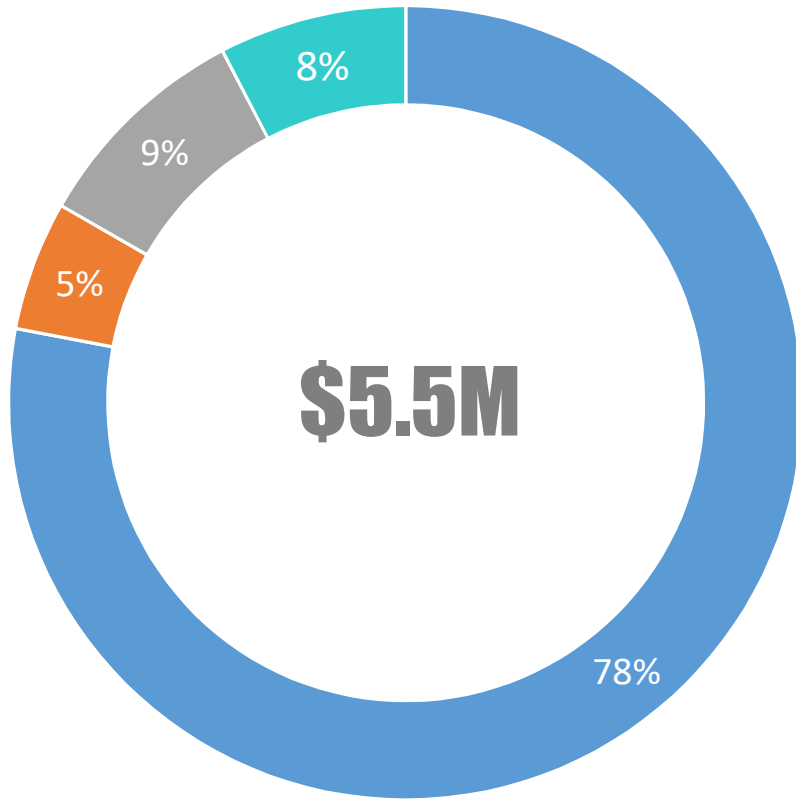
MAY 21, 2019

GREG JOHNSON, RUSS SANDS & MEGAN HOLCOMB



AGENDA

- Budget + Timeline
- IWG Work Products
- Draft Recommendations



\$5.5M

Intent to provide about half of these dollars to fund roundtable BIP updates

- ~ 65% of the average cost of the 2015 BIPs.

■ BIP + CWP Updates/Mgmt

■ IPP Database

■ HB1051

■ Innovation & Outreach

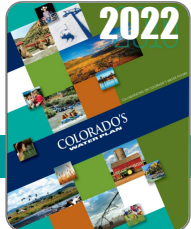
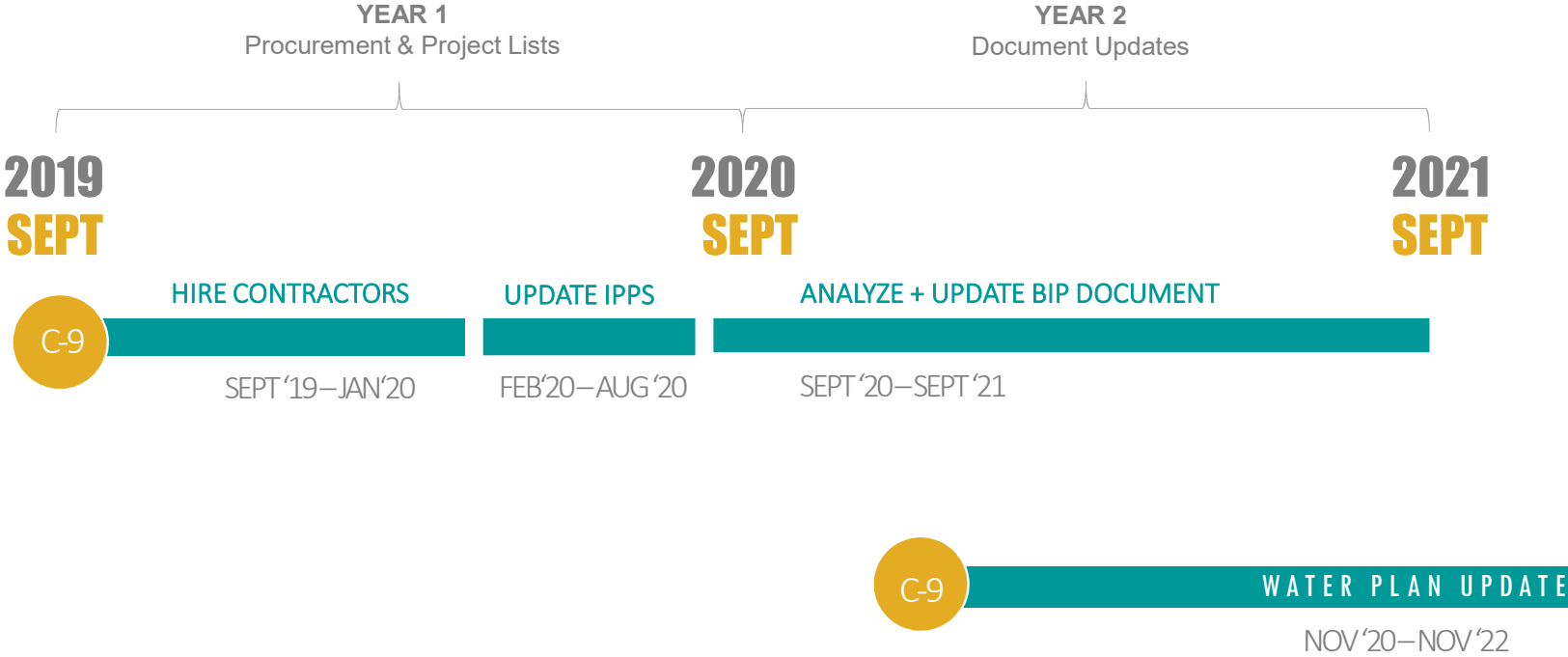
GENERAL CONTRACTOR **RFP PROCESS**

- Working to have the RFP out soon.
- Inviting chairs to be on the selection committee.
- General Contractor to hire “local experts”:
 - Local experts on the basin who are chief integrators
 - May need other local advisors/may not.
 - Local expert may be the GC.

2018-2019

- Basin Implementation Plan updates initiated in 2018
- Implementation Working Group (IWG) kick-off in Dec. 2018
- Conclude the IWG and Technical Update in July of 2019.
- Joint IBCC + Board Meeting on July 18, 2019.

LONG-TERM TIME LINE



Cary Denison
Kevin McBride
Barbara Vasquez
Mike Weber
Daniel Boyes
Ken Neubecker
Frank Kugel
Casey Davenport
Mike Shimmin
Mely Whiting
Joanne Fagan
Beverly Spady
Emma Reesor
Judy Lopez
Heather Dutton
Elise Bergsten
Jackie Brown
Sean Cronin
Kent Crowder
Jim Pokrandt
Lisa Darling
Phil Johnson
Garret Varra
Barbara Biggs
Ty Wattenberg
Emily Logan
Amber Shanklin
Abigail Ortega

IMPLEMENTATION WORKING **GROUP OUTPUTS**

DATA NEEDS



- | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Project ID | 11. Water Source (GNIS ID) |
| 2. Project Name | 12. Water Destination |
| 3. Description | 13. Latitude |
| 4. Basin | 14. Longitude |
| 5. M&I Needs (% funds) | 15. Project Phase |
| 6. Agriculture Needs (% funds) | 16. Estimated Water Yield |
| 7. E&R Needs (% funds) | 17. Yield Units (Capacity) |
| 8. Admin Needs (% funds) | 18. Estimated Cost |
| 9. Multiple Needs | 19. Lead Contact |
| 10. Water Source (GNIS Name) | 20. Lead Proponent |

WATER RIGHTS

+

PERMITTING

COST NEEDS

2

Basin	Percent of IPPs with Cost Data
Arkansas	4%
Colorado	2%
Gunnison	28%
North Platte	0%
Rio Grande	50%
South Platte / Metro	22%
Southwest	0%
Yampa / White	0%

9.2 ECONOMICS AND FUNDING

GOAL

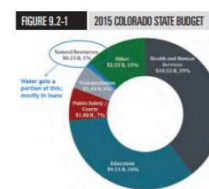
Colorado's Water Plan coordinates existing funding sources and explores additional funding opportunities.

Introduction

Investing in the long-term sustainable supply and delivery of water is critical to Colorado's future. Even in robust economic times, the difficulties inherent in financing large, long-term, sustainable water projects can create community apprehension and political controversy.

At the same time, the State of Colorado does not invest significant funds in water resources compared to other state priorities.⁹ Figure 9.2-1 shows the State's overall natural resources budget compared to other state priorities.

Financing long-term, sustainable water supplies and infrastructure projects requires a collaborative effort involving water users and providers, as well as federal, state, and local entities. Over the years, the CWCBC has partnered with various water providers throughout Colorado to conserve, develop, and protect Colorado's water for future generations. The CWCBC has provided funding through grants and loans for



critical multipurpose and multipartner projects, which have included the Chatfield Reallocation Project, the Animas-La Plata Project, the Rio Grande Cooperative Project, and the Elkhead Reservoir Enlargement Project. For these projects alone, the CWCBC contributed over \$200 million. These projects supplied over 100,000 acre-feet of water to help water providers meet their water supply and storage needs, while also improving stream health, promoting shared uses, sustaining agriculture, and providing long-term recreational benefits.⁹

To meet long-term water demands, Colorado will need to secure funding through a combination of legislation, partnerships, and state and federal grant and loan programs. It is the CWCBC's intent to promote, and potentially financially and politically support, projects that evaluate water supply, storage, and conservation efforts on a regional, multipurpose, multipartner, multi-benefit basis, and projects that evaluate the consolidation of services where practical, feasible, and acceptable. This section provides: 1) A description of existing financial need; 2) an overview of financial assistance programs; and 3) recommendations and suggested approaches for developing an integrated water infrastructure financing model that could assist in addressing Colorado's short- and long-term water needs.

⁹ Chatfield Reallocation Project (\$60 million CWCBC investment, \$90 million federal), Animas-La Plata Project (\$57 million water purchase), Rio Grande Cooperative Project (\$5 million grant, \$15 million loan/grant), and Elkhead Enlargement Project (\$15 million).

9.9 Chapter 9: Alignment of State Resources and Policies - 9.2 Economics and Funding

BASIN	PROJECT COSTS IDENTIFIED IN THE BASIN IMPLEMENTATION PLANS*			
	SINGLE-PURPOSE PROJECTS AND METHODS		MULTI-PURPOSE PROJECTS	TOTAL
	ENVIRONMENTAL, RECREATIONAL, OR WATER QUALITY	MUNICIPAL AND INDUSTRIAL	AGRICULTURAL	
Arkansas	\$345,000,000	\$270,000,000	\$10,000,000	\$1,407,000,000
Colorado	\$1,500,000	\$4,000,000	Fortifying	\$132,500,000
Gunnison	\$8,000,000	\$48,000,000	\$9,000,000	\$423,000,000
North Platte	Fortifying	Fortifying	Fortifying	Fortifying
Rio Grande	Fortifying	Fortifying	\$80,000	\$130,000,000
South Platte / Metro	Fortifying	Fortifying	Fortifying	Fortifying
Southwest	\$60,000,000	Fortifying	Fortifying	\$60,000,000
Yampa/White Green	\$1,000,000	Fortifying	Fortifying	\$5,000,000
TOTAL	\$419,500,000	\$320,000,000	\$19,000,000	\$1,477,000,000

* Costs were rounded to three significant figures. Most identified projects did not have associated costs. Therefore, additional cost estimating and refinement of existing project costs will be forthcoming to develop an overall statewide summary of water project funding needs.

Statewide Water Infrastructure Financing Need

The BIPs for Colorado's major river basins are a critical component of Colorado's Water Plan. In general, each BIP looked at balancing long-term municipal, industrial, agricultural, environmental, and recreational needs within and among the respective basins. As part of the BIPs, the basin roundtables identified a list of projects and methods they believe address the long-term needs of their basins.

Table 9.2-1 features an initial summary of the costs the BIPs identified. It must be emphasized that costs were not associated with the vast majority of projects identified. In addition to these projects, the BIPs included other activities that require financial support, including education, outreach, conservation programs, flow agreements, alternative agricultural transfer methods, important legal investigations, and programs that manage various risks and vulnerabilities throughout the state.

The SWSI estimated that by 2050, municipal and industrial water infrastructure improvements will require between \$17 billion and \$19 billion in funding.¹⁰ In addition, approximately \$150,000 is needed per mile of stream for smaller-scale river restoration work, but substantial structural changes or channel reconfiguration could cost \$240,000 or even \$500,000 per mile.¹¹ Up to 90 watershed or stream management plans, at an estimated cost of \$18 million statewide, will be necessary to help CWCBC and stakeholders better determine the amount of river restoration work and other similar types of work that may be required.¹²

As basins and stakeholders identify their environmental and recreational needs, the basins will need to develop and fund further projects and methods to meet those needs. For planning purposes, however, one could estimate a \$2 billion to \$3 billion environmental and recreational statewide need, equivalent to approximately 10 to 15 percent of the municipal and industrial water infrastructure cost

¹⁰ This number is based on an estimated \$14 billion to \$16 billion of identified M&I needs calculated in the Portfolio and Trade-off tool (CWCBC, 2011), plus an additional \$3 billion estimated need for maintaining existing M&I infrastructure. The numbers, however, are being refined in accordance with the BIPs.

Chapter 9: Alignment of State Resources and Policies - 9.2 Economics and Funding 9-10

"It must be emphasized that costs were not associated with the vast majority of projects identified."

UPDATE SCOPE

Projects

A lookback to step forward

In 2015, each Basin Roundtable developed data sets of Identified Projects and Processes (IPPs) in accordance with CWCB guidance. Due to the complexity of studies, variation by basin, and number of entities involved, IPP data across and within basins remain inconsistent in content and format. The Technical Update to the Water Plan is reviewing the handling and formatting of IPP data to ensure useful data products can be created and future analyses can be performed consistently. The following table shows a summary of statewide IPP data, organized by a *draft recommendation* of minimum supplied data attributes.

Data Attribute	Arkansas	Colorado	Gunnison	North Platte	Rio Grande	S. Platte / Metro	Southwest	Yampa / White
IPP ID Number	X		X	X	X	X	X	X
IPP Name	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
IPP Description	X	X	X	X			X	X
Basin						X		
Municipal & Industrial Need	X	X	X		X		X	
Agricultural Need	X	X	X		X		X	
Environmental & Rec Need	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
Admin Need					X			
Multiple Needs	X	X	X		X		X	
Water Source GNIS Name								
Water Source GNIS ID								
Water Destination								
Latitude & Longitude	X		X	X			X	X
Phase	X	X	X				X	
Yield	X	X	X			X		
Yield Units	X	X	X			X		
Estimated Cost	X	X	X		X	X		
Contact	X		X			X	X	
Proponents	X	X	X		X	X	X	X

3

Rio Grande Basin Implementation Plan

A lookback to step forward

The first Basin Implementation Plans (BIPs) were initiated in 2013 by the Governor's Executive Order and completed by 2015 to form the backbone of the Colorado Water Plan. Built on the synthesis of SWR 2010 data, BIPs identified basin-focused goals, consumptive and non-consumptive needs, and portfolios of solutions to projected supply gaps (e.g. identified projects and processes known as 'IPPs'). Updating these plans and projects will help:

- Support funding for basin projects through improved costing data
- Incorporate most up-to-date future supply analyses
- Allow basins to revisit goals and incorporate recent local planning

Do basin goals remain the same? Have any emerged as priorities?

Goal Summary

- Focus on watershed health
- Uphold Colorado water law
- Sustain the aquifers
- Implement infrastructure to meet long-term water needs
- Sustain optimal agricultural economy
- Support multipurpose projects & methods
- Meet all demands for water
- Establish education and outreach efforts for water use and needs
- Meet applicable water quality standards
- Be adaptive, flexible, and responsive
- Preserve wildlife habitats
- Conserve wetlands and riparian areas
- Sustain active river flows
- Maintain water-dependent recreational activities

How many current members were involved in BIP development?



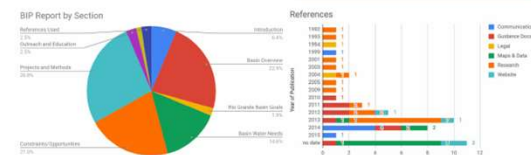
Do IPPs align with basin goals?



What's the anticipated level of effort?



What are the essential content updates?



CWCB
General Contractor

BASIN
Local Experts

DRAFT Project Tier Matrix

Use the Drop
Down Menus
Below to
Assign Tiers

Select the Project Phase from the drop down menu in the box below (Implementation, Feasibility or Concept)

PROJECT PHASE	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	Tier 4	Assigned Tier
Implementation	Shovel Ready (immediately implementable); does not apply for a "Concept" project.	Can start within the year.	Needs at least a year to start.	Not Shown.	Tier 3

Rank all of the following using the drop down menu (right)

PLAN ALIGNMENT	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	Tier 4	Assigned Tier
Basin Plans	Strongly aligns with Basin Implementation Plans	Somewhat aligned with Basin Implementation Plan.	Not as well aligned with Basin Implementation Plan.	Not Shown.	Tier 3
Local Plans	Extensive Local Planning, Organizational support and water rights support the project.	Some local planning or organizational support for the project; water rights may or may not be explicitly identified.	Not clearly identified in any local plan, organizational effort; water rights concerns are noted; may be under consideration or going through a permitting	Not Shown.	Tier 3
Water Plan	Meets at least 3 actions in the Colorado Water Plan.	Meets at least 2 actions in the Colorado Water Plan.	Meets only 1 action in the Water Plan.	Not Shown.	Tier 3

MINIMUM CRITERIA	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	Tier 4	Assigned Tier
Meets Core Data Needs (list of 20)	Includes all 20 Criteria	Meets critical subset (TBD)	Provides only a few details; critical subset is not complete.	Not Shown.	Tier 3

NEED	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	Tier 4	Assigned Tier
Criticality	Critical to basin (would cause severe impact to the basin if the project didn't move forward; (Basin Priority and/or Emergency Need); Has clear metrics for tracking and completion date.	Significant basin effort (fully aligns with basin goals); implementation or plan would advance basin goals; has clear metrics for tracking and completion date.	Project could be of basin interest but may not as directly advance basin goals; may not have clear metrics and/or may not have a clear end date or objectives.	Not Shown.	Tier 1

Priority categorization is calculated from the tier cumulative ranking above.

PRIORITY CATEGORIZATION

Tier 3

	TIER 1	TIER 2	TIER 3	TIER 4	
SUPPORT BY TIER	Priority Basin Support	Full Basin Support	Support of Concept	No Current Support	

BRANDING UPDATE

A

ANALYSIS + TECHNICAL UPDATE PHASE

B

BASIN PLAN UPDATE PHASE

C

COMPREHENSIVE UPDATE PHASE



5

TABLE 11-1

CYCLICAL PLANNING PROCESS PROPOSED BY THE CWCB

Product	Year Initiated
Basin Implementation Plans	2013
Colorado's Water Plan	2013
Statewide Water Supply Initiative	2016
Basin Implementation Plans	2018
Colorado's Water Plan	2020
Statewide Water Supply Initiative	2022

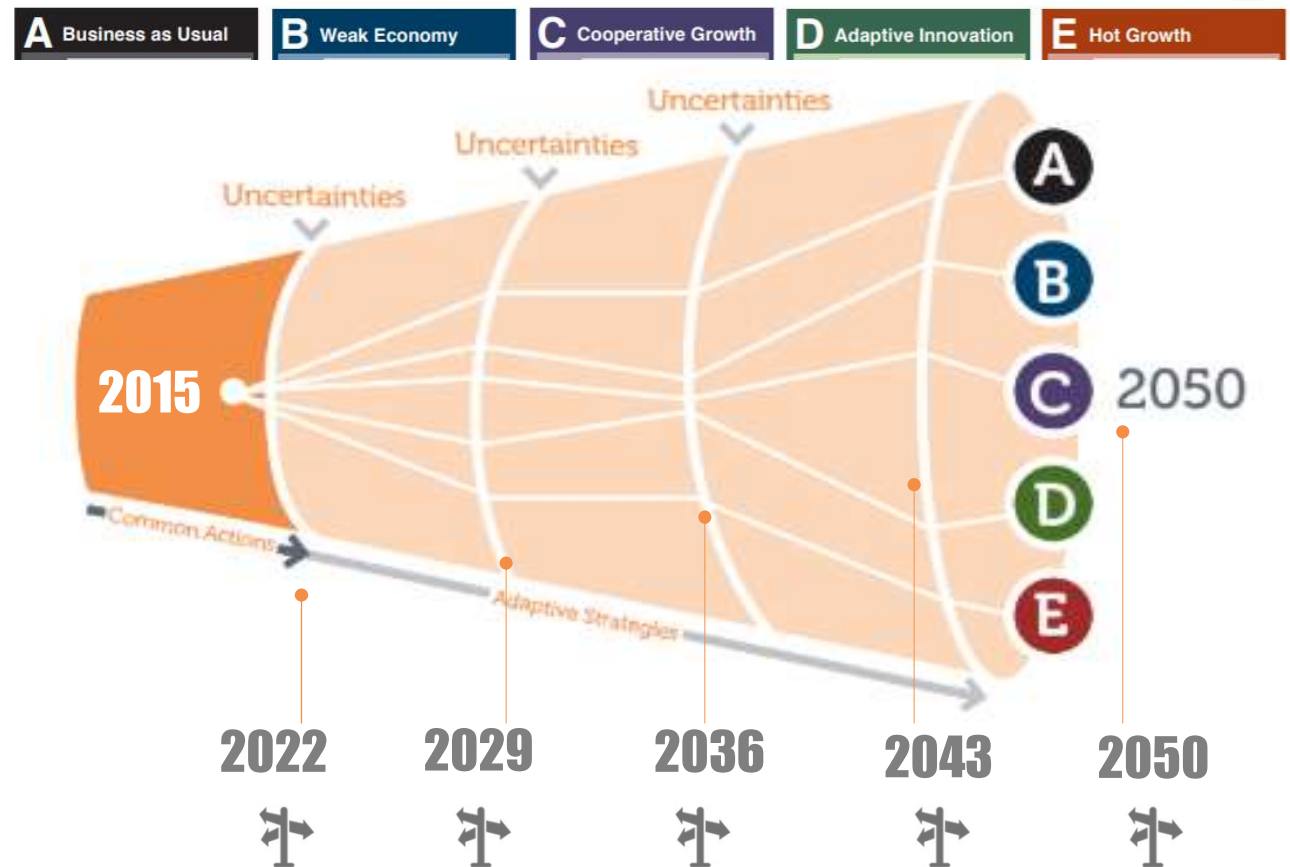
ACTIONS

1. The CWCB will work with other state agencies, the basin roundtables, and the people of Colorado to update Colorado's Water Plan, beginning no later than 2020.
2. The CWCB will develop guidelines for Basin Roundtable WSRA grants to help facilitate the implementation of the BIPs.

ADAPTIVE PLANNING

6

Review and adjust
plans based on
observed trends.



REVISIT CORE **STRATEGIES**



- No & Low Regrets are Core Strategies in the Water Plan that aim to “Invest in actions that have few or no disadvantages in terms of costs and benefits, regardless of the future”
- How do basin projects relate?
- Do these strategies need revisiting?
- How can basin be adaptive?

8

1

s are meant to be an iterative and collaborative partnership
Planning partnership is fundamental to the successful

SUMMIT
AGENDA

9



SEPTEMBER 25 + 26 2019

MODELING COMPLEXITY

10



IPPs
(NOT INCLUDED)



SUB-BASINS
(NOT REPORTED)



**TAG
DIRECTION**



**OTHER
ASSUMPTIONS**



5 SCENARIOS



SIGN POSTS
(NOT INCLUDED)

REVIEW OF THE TECHNICAL UPDATE'S
RECOMMENDATIONS

CHAPTER

1

BIP UPDATES

- A. DETERMINE BIP UPDATE SCOPE
- B. INTEGRATE PLANS
- C. GET BETTER DATA IF YOU HAVE IT
- D. EVALUATE AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT

2

PROJECT UPDATES

- A. UPDATE IPPs
- B. GET PROJECT COSTS
- C. HELP EVALUATE TIERS

3

TECHNICAL UPDATES

- A. DO YOU NEED TO DO ADDITIONAL MODELING?
- B. DO YOU WANT TO MODEL PROJECTS?
- C. DO YOU NEED SUB-BASIN RESULTS?

4

STRATEGIC UPDATES

- A. MAKE SURE PLANS ARE ADAPTIVE
- B. HELP WITH SIGN POSTS
- C. HOW HELPFUL ARE SCENARIOS?

5

OUTREACH UPDATES

- A. ENGAGE EXISTING AND NEW STAKEHOLDERS
- B. BRAND AROUND THE WATER PLAN

NEXT STEPS FOR **FINAL MEETING**

- Gather input on recommendations by May 31, 2019.
- Share final draft of recommendations.
- End working group.

THOUGHTS, COMMENTS OR
QUESTIONS ?

