

Castle Rock Reservoir No. 2 Castle Rock Water

Water Plan Grant Application

July 2020 Board Meeting

Lat: 39.4439	6	D
Long: -104.9852	RTA 1	Total Project Cost:
		Water Plan Grant Requ
	K	Recommended Amount
men white the	115C	Other CWCB Funding:
a prosent	2	Other Funding Amount
Sindan 3	1 mg	Applicant Match:
JARDA)=		Project Type(s):
		Project Category(Categ
LOCAT	I O N	
County/Counties:	Douglas	Measurable Result:
Drainage Basin:	South Platte	(design)

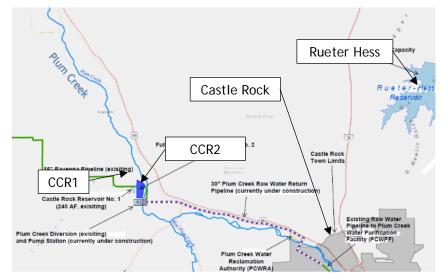
	DETAILS
	Total Project Cost: \$250,000
	Water Plan Grant Request: \$125,000
	Recommended Amount: \$125,000
	Other CWCB Funding: \$0
	Other Funding Amount: \$0
	Applicant Match: \$125,000
	Project Type(s): Study
	Project Category(Categories): Storage & Supply
S	Measurable Result: 1,130 acre-feet new acre feet
e	(design)

Castle Rock Water is owned by the Town of Castle Rock and oversees its water, wastewater and stormwater systems serving over 22,822 customers and approximately 73,000 people. This includes five water treatment plants, 52 deep groundwater wells, 13 alluvial wells, two surface water diversions, a 240 acre-foot reservoir, and an imported supply network (WISE). An important component of Castle Rock's long term water plan is to have the ability to capture reusable water and return it to the water system for reuse.

This grant request is for the permitting and design (including construction drawings and specifications) of Castle Rock Reservoir No. 2 (CRR2). Ultimately, this project will help Castle Rock Water to reach its goal of 75% renewable water by 2050. Castle Rock Reservoir No.1 (CRR1) has 240 AF capacity. CRR2 will have a storage capacity of 1,130 AF. A return pipeline, and upgraded pump station on the Plum Creek Trust Property, where CRR1 and the future CRR2 are located are in the final stages of construction and anticipated to be online by summer 2020. This return pipeline will allow for stored renewable water from the Town's reservoirs to be treated at the advanced treatment Plum Creek Water Purification Facility, and returned back to the Town, allowing for successive treatment and reuse. The Plum Creek Diversion, which allows Castle Rock Water to capture the Town's fully consumable effluent released upstream at the Plum Creek Water Reclamation Facility, as well as junior water rights in case 05CW270 and 17CW3211, is also on the Plum Creek Trust Property.

This project meets goals identified by the Metro Roundtable towards developing new storage supplies. It also aligns with Water Plan goals related to innovation through conservation and reuse.

Funding Recommendation: Staff is recommending approval of the full request of \$125,000 from the Storage and Supply category. This is 50% of project costs.





Colorado Water Conservation Board

Water Plan Grant Application

Instructions

To receive funding for a Water Plan Grant, applicant must demonstrate how the project, activity, or process (collectively referred to as "project") funded by the CWCB will help meet the measurable objectives and critical actions in the Water Plan. Grant guidelines are available on the CWCB website.

If you have questions, please contact CWCB at (303) 866-3441 or email the following staff to assist you with applications in the following areas:

Water Storage Projects Conservation, Land Use Planning Engagement & Innovation Activities Agricultural Projects Environmental & Recreation Projects Anna.Mauss@state.co.us Kevin.Reidy@state.co.us Ben.Wade@state.co.us Alexander.Funk@state.co.us Chris.Sturm@state.co.us

FINAL SUBMISSION: Submit all application materials in one email to waterplan.grants@state.co.us

in the original file formats [Application (word); Statement of Work (word); Budget/Schedule (excel)]. Please do not combine documents. In the subject line, please include the funding category and name of the project.

	Water Projec	t Summary
Name of Applicant	Castle Rock Wat	ter
Name of Water Project	Castle Rock Res	ervoir No. 2
CWP Grant Request Amount		\$ 125,000.00
Other Funding Sources		\$
Other Funding Sources		\$
Other Funding Sources		\$
Applicant Funding Contribution		\$ 125,000.00
Total Project Cost		\$ 250,000.00 (estimated)



Applicant & Grantee Information
Name of Grantee(s) Castle Rock Water
Mailing Address 175 Kellogg Court, Castle Rock, CO 80109
FEIN 84-6000640
Organization Contact Matt Benak, P.E.
Position/Title Water Resources Program Manager
Email mbenak@crgov.com
Phone 720-733-6037
Grant Management Contact (same)
Position/Title
Email
Phone
Name of Applicant (if different than grantee) N/A
Mailing Address
Position/Title
Email
Phone
Description of Grantee/Applicant
Provide a brief description of the grantee's organization (100 words or less).

Castle Rock Water oversees the Town's water, wastewater and stormwater systems and serves over 22,822 customers and approximately 73,000 people. The Town secured its first water rights in 1880, and today, operates five water treatment plants, 52 deep groundwater wells, 13 alluvial wells, two surface water diversions, a 240 AF reservoir, an imported supply network (WISE), nearly 300 miles of sanitary sewer main and ten lift stations, and 350 stormwater detention ponds. CRW strives to provide our community with exceptional service that protects public health and balances social, environmental and fiscal responsibilities in a sustainable manner.



	Type of Eligible Entity (check one)
~	Public (Government): Municipalities, enterprises, counties, and State of Colorado agencies. Federal agencies are encouraged to work with local entities. Federal agencies are eligible, but only if they can make a compelling case for why a local partner cannot be the grant recipient.
	Public (Districts): Authorities, Title 32/special districts (conservancy, conservation, and irrigation districts), and water activity enterprises.
	Private Incorporated: Mutual ditch companies, homeowners associations, corporations.
	Private Individuals, Partnerships, and Sole Proprietors: Private parties may be eligible for funding.
	Non-governmental organizations (NGO): Organization that is not part of the government and is non-profit in nature.
	Covered Entity: As defined in Section 37-60-126 Colorado Revised Statutes.

	Type of Water Project (check all that apply)
	Study
	Construction
✓	Identified Projects and Processes (IPP)
	Other

Ca	Category of Water Project (check the primary category that applies and include relevant tasks)		
~	Water Storage - Projects that facilitate the development of additional storage, artificial aquifer recharge, and dredging existing reservoirs to restore the reservoirs' full decreed capacity and Multi- beneficial projects and those projects identified in basin implementation plans to address the water supply and demand gap <i>Applicable Exhibit A Task(s): Statement of Work – Project Permitting & Reservoir Design</i>		
	Conservation and Land Use Planning - Activities and projects that implement long-term strategies for conservation, land use, and drought planning. Applicable Exhibit A Task(s):		
	Engagement & Innovation - Activities and projects that support water education, outreach, and innovation efforts. Please fill out the Supplemental Application on the website. <i>Applicable Exhibit A Task(s):</i>		
	Agricultural - Projects that provide technical assistance and improve agricultural efficiency. Applicable Exhibit A Task(s):		
	recreation.	ntal & Recreation - Projects that promote watershed health, environmental health, and <i>Exhibit A Task(s):</i>	
	Other	Explain:	



	Location of Water Project	
Please provide the general county and coordinates of the proposed project below in decimal degrees . The Applicant shall also provide, in Exhibit C, a site map if applicable.		
County/Counties	Douglas County	
Latitude	39.443972868	
Longitude	-104.985204994	

Water Project Overview

Please provide a summary of the proposed water project (200 words or less). Include a description of the project and what the CWP Grant funding will be used for specifically (e.g., studies, permitting process, construction). Provide a description of the water supply source to be utilized or the water body affected by the project, where applicable. Include details such as acres under irrigation, types of crops irrigated, number of residential and commercial taps, length of ditch improvements, length of pipe installed, and area of habitat improvements, where applicable. If this project addresses multiple purposes or spans multiple basins, please explain.

The Applicant shall also provide, in Exhibit A, a detailed Statement of Work, Budget, Other Funding Sources/Amounts and Schedule.

An important component of Castle Rock's long term water plan is to have the ability to capture our reusable water and return this source back to Town for treatment. The permitting, design, and construction of Castle Rock Reservoir No. 2 (CRR2) will help Castle Rock Water to reach it's goal of 75% renewable water by 2050. Along with Castle Rock Reservoir No.1 (currently 240 AF capacity), this new reservoir will have a storage capacity of 1,130 AF. A return pipeline and upgraded pump station on the Plum Creek Trust (PCT) Property, where CRR1 and the future CRR2 are located are in the final stages of construction and anticipated to be online by Summer 2020. This return pipeline will allow for stored renewable water at the Town's reservoirs to be returned back to the Town and be treated at an advanced treatment surface water facility, Plum Creek Water Purification Facility, allowing for successive treatment and reuse. Also on the PCT Property, and part of the Town's infrastructure, is the Plum Creek Diversion, which allows Castle Rock Water to capture the Town's fully consumable effluent released upstream at the Plum Creek Water Reclamation Facility, as well as junior water rights in case 05CW270 and 17CW3211. The CWP Grant funding will be used towards the project permitting and reservoir design, which is to include construction drawings and specifications.



		Measurable Results
To catalog measurable res values as applicable:	ults achie	eved with the CWP Grant funds, please provide any of the following
1,130	New St	torage Created (acre-feet)
5,500		nnual Water Supplies Developed or Conserved (acre-feet), mptive or Nonconsumptive
-	Existing	g Storage Preserved or Enhanced (acre-feet)
-	Length	of Stream Restored or Protected (linear feet)
-	Efficier	ncy Savings (indicate acre-feet/year OR dollars/year)
-	Area of	f Restored or Preserved Habitat (acres)
-	Quantit	ty of Water Shared through Alternative Transfer Mechanisms
-		er of Coloradans Impacted by Incorporating Water-Saving Actions nd Use Planning
72,168	Numbe	er of Coloradans Impacted by Engagement Activity
-	Other	Explain:

Water Project Justification

Provide a description of how this water project supports the goals of <u>Colorado's Water Plan</u>, the most recent <u>Statewide Water Supply Initiative</u>, and the applicable Roundtable <u>Basin Implementation Plan</u> and <u>Education Action Plan</u>. The Applicant is required to reference specific needs, goals, themes, or Identified Projects and Processes (IPPs), including citations (e.g. document, chapters, sections, or page numbers).

The proposed water project shall be evaluated based upon how well the proposal conforms to Colorado's Water Plan Framework for State of Colorado Support for a Water Project (CWP, Section 9.4, pp. 9-43 to 9-44;)

- CWP Analysis & Technical Update, Section 4.8.6, identifies an average annual gap for the South Platte Basin M&I in the range of 192,800 390,600 AFY. This storage project will aid in reducing this gap by allowing for 1,130 AF of storage that can be captured during free river conditions in wet years as well as allowing for the Town's fully consumable effluent to be captured and reused successively when there is a call on the river.
- The Metro Roundtable has identified a need for an additional 183,000 272,000 AF by 2050 to meet demands. In addition to recognizing the need for additional water supplies, Castle Rock Water set a goal to achieve 75% renewable water by 2050 as part of the Town's 2016 Water Resources Strategic Master Plan. The plan also recognizes that by 2050, the Town will likely be at buildout, effectively doubling the current population of 73,000 residents.
- CWP Section 6.1 & 6.3 goals identify the need for uncertainty planning as well innovation through conservation and reuse. While the construction of a new 1,130 AF reservoir will certainly help with the uncertainty of future weather conditions, its location downstream of a wastewater treatment facility (PWCRA) and the nearly completed raw water return pipeline and water treatment plant upgrades at PCWPF will allow for the Town to treat this water to an incredibly high standard.



Related Studies

Please provide a list of any related studies, including if the water project is complementary to or assists in the implementation of other CWCB programs.

Sutton Ponds Bedrock & Water Storage Evaluation, prepared by Civil Resources, LLC, July 2009. This report was prepared for United Water & Sanitation District in order to investigate the feasibility of creating water storage on the PCT Property, of which the water rights were owned by United Water & Sanitation District at the time. In 2016, Castle Rock Water purchased the infrastructure and water rights on the PCT property. At the time of the purchase, the existing infrastructure included a diversion along Plum Creek, a tributary to the South Platte, as well as a 240 AF water storage reservoir, which is now known as Castle Rock Reservoir No. 1. This report provides a preliminary scope for expanding Castle Rock Reservoir No.1 from 240 AF to 610 AF and creating a 1,130 AF additional reservoir, Castle Rock Reservoir No. 2 on the PCT Property.

Previous CWCB Grants, Loans or Other Funding

List all previous or current CWCB grants (including WSRF) awarded to both the Applicant and Grantee. Include: 1) Applicant name; 2) Water activity name; 3) Approving RT(s); 4) CWCB board meeting date; 5) Contract number or purchase order; 6) Percentage of other CWCB funding for your overall project.

Castle Rock Water Plum Creek Water Purification Facility Advanced Treatment Project \$200,000 CMS 113558 CORE CTGG1 2019-2255 No other CWCB funds on this project.

Castle Rock Water Drought Management Plan \$35,000 PO# POGG1 PDAA 201800000058 No other CWCB funds on this project.

City of Aurora (Castle Rock Water participated in this project in conjunction with Aurora) Lost Creek Underground Storage Pilot (LCUSP) Project \$100,000 5/18/2017 Pagosa Springs PO# POGG1 PDAA 201700001081 No other CWCB funds on this project.



Taxpayer Bill of Rights

The Taxpayer Bill of Rights (TABOR) may limit the amount of grant money an entity can receive. Please describe any relevant TABOR issues that may affect your application.

Since Castle Rock Water's divisions (Water, Wastewater, Water Resources, and Stormwater) are enterprise funds, the revenue limitation within TABOR does not apply.

	Submittal Checklist
~	I acknowledge the Grantee will be able to contract with CWCB using the Standard Contract.
Exhil	bit A
~	Statement of Work ⁽¹⁾
~	Budget & Schedule ⁽¹⁾
-	Engineer's statement of probable cost (projects over \$100,000)
-	Letters of Matching and/or Pending 3 rd Party Commitments ⁽¹⁾
Exhil	bit C
~	Map (if applicable) ⁽¹⁾
~	Photos/Drawings/Reports
-	Letters of Support (Optional)
~	Certificate of Insurance (General, Auto, & Workers' Comp.) ⁽²⁾
~	Certificate of Good Standing with Colorado Secretary of State ⁽²⁾
~	W-9 ⁽²⁾
-	Independent Contractor Form ⁽²⁾ (If applicant is individual, not company/organization)
Enga	agement & Innovation Grant Applicants ONLY
-	Engagement & Innovation Supplemental Application ⁽¹⁾

(1) Required with application.

(2) Required for contracting. While optional at the time of this application, submission can expedite contracting upon CWCB Board approval.



Colorado Water Conservation Board

Water Plan Grant - Exhibit A

Statement Of Work		
Date:	August 2020	
Name of Grantee:	Castle Rock Water	
Name of Water Project:	Castle Rock Reservoir No. 2	
Funding Source:	Colorado Water Plan – Water Storage Project	
Water Project Overview:		

An important component of Castle Rock's long term water plan is to have the ability to capture our reusable water and return this source back to Town for treatment. The permitting, design, and construction of Castle Rock Reservoir No. 2 (CRR2) will help Castle Rock Water to reach it's goal of 75% renewable water by 2050. Along with Castle Rock Reservoir No.1 (currently 240 AF capacity), this new reservoir will have a storage capacity of 1,130 AF. A return pipeline and upgraded pump station on the Plum Creek Trust (PCT) Property, where CRR1 and the future CRR2 are located are in the final stages of construction and anticipated to be online by Summer 2020. This return pipeline will allow for stored renewable water at the Town's reservoirs to be returned back to the Town and be treated at an advanced treatment surface water facility, Plum Creek Water Purification Facility, allowing for successive treatment and reuse. Also on the PCT Property, and part of the Town's infrastructure, is the Plum Creek Diversion, which allows Castle Rock Water to capture the Town's fully consumable effluent released upstream at the Plum Creek Water Reclamation Facility, as well as junior water rights in case 05CW270 and 17CW3211. The CWP Grant funding will be used towards the project permitting and reservoir design, which is to include construction drawings and specifications.

Project Objectives:

Project objectives include issuing a Request for Proposals (RFP) for permitting and reservoir design in May 2020 and selecting an engineering/environmental consultant by July 2020. The anticipated start for consultant work will be August 2020, with a completion date of February 2020. Upon successful completion of permitting and design, the construction phase will begin for Castle Rock Reservoir No. 2.



Tasks
Task 1 – Project Permitting
Description of Task:
Identify what specific permits are necessary for the implementation of a new off-channel water storage reservoir.
Method/Procedure:
Work with selected professional engineering/environmental consultant to identify the necessary permits for implementing a new reservoir.
Deliverable:
Technical Memorandum No. 1 – Permitting Required for Castle Rock Reservoir No. 2



Tasks
Task 2 – Reservoir Design
Description of Task:
Professional Engineering Consultant will develop a basis of design report (including geotechnical study), engineering drawings and specifications to be used for the construction of Castle Rock Reservoir No. 2.
Method/Procedure: Standard civil and environmental engineering practice shall be used for this task.
Deliverable:
 Castle Rock Reservoir No. 2 Basis of Design Report Castle Rock Reservoir No. 2 Construction Drawings Castle Rock Reservoir No. 2 Construction Specifications



COLORADO Colorado Water

Conservation Board

Department of Natural Resources

Colorado Water Conservation Board

Water Plan Grant - Exhibit B

Budget and Schedule

Prepared Date: January 28, 2020

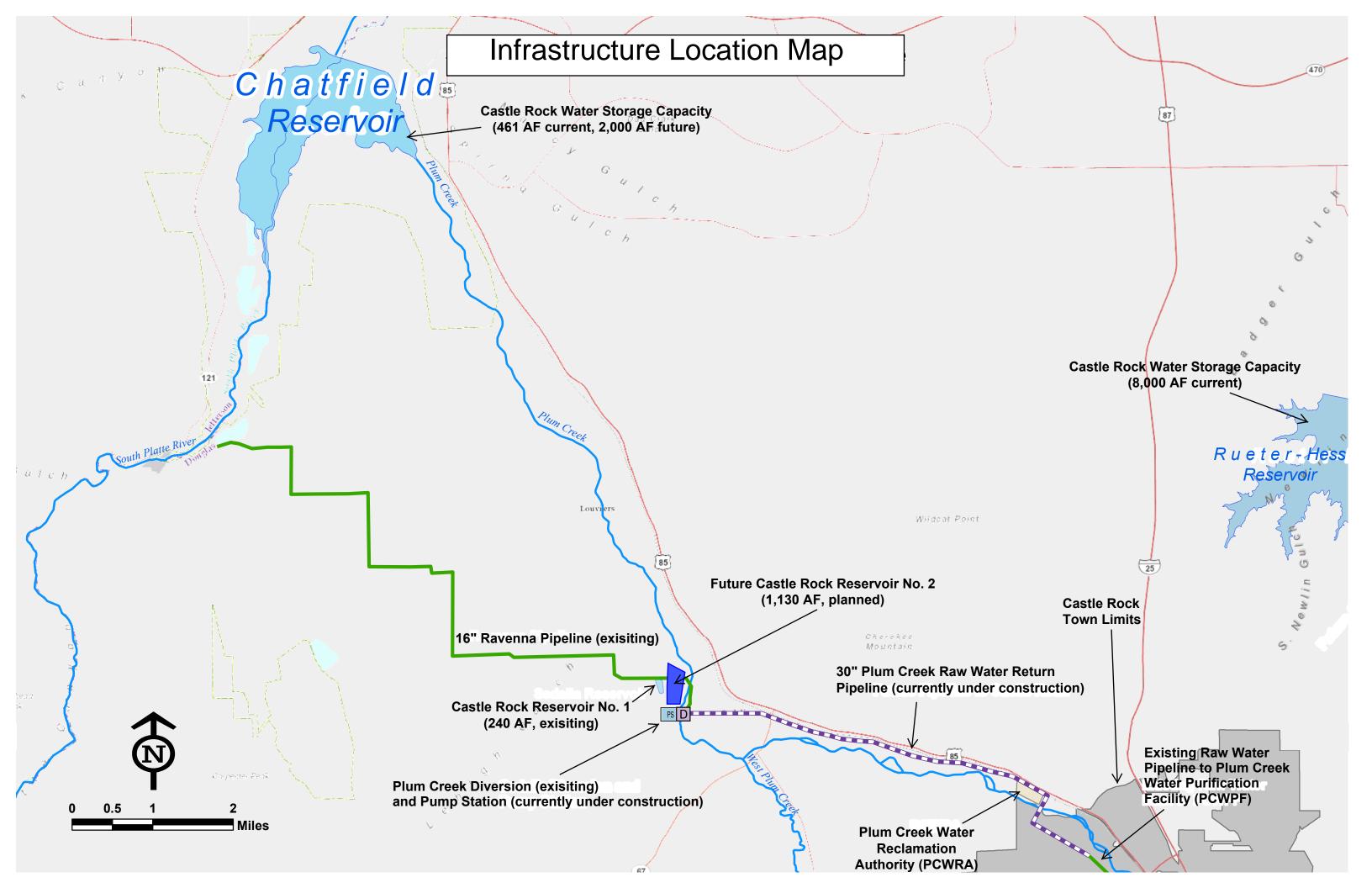
Name of Applicant: Castle Rock Water

Name of Water Project: Castle Rock Reservoir No. 2

Project Start Date: August 15, 2020

Project End Date: February 15, 2021

No.	Task Description	Task Start Date	Task End Date	F	Grant unding equest	Match Funding	Total
F	Project Permitting	8/15/2020	2/15/2020	\$	25,000	\$ 25,000	\$50,000
F	Reservoir Design	8/15/2020	2/15/2020	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000	\$200,000
							\$C
							\$C
							\$C
							\$C
							\$C
							\$C
							\$C
							\$C
							\$C
							\$0
							\$0
			Total		\$125,000	\$125,000	\$250,000



SUTTON PONDS BEDROCK & WATER STORAGE EVALUATION

PREPARED FOR:

United Water and Sanitation District 5460 South Quebec Street, Suite 110 Greenwood Village, CO 80111

PREPARED BY:

Civil Resources, LLC 323 5th Street P.O. Box 680 Frederick, CO 80530 Ph: 303-833-1416

DATE PREPARED: JULY 2009



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	PROJECT INFORMATION	1
2.0 3.0	GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION	1 1 2
	3.3 Geotechnical Recommendations & Conclusions	3
4.0	WATER STORAGE	
5.0	CONSTRUCTION COST	Λ
V.V		
6.0	GEOTECHNICAL RISK & REPORT LIMITATIONS	6

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LIST OF FIGURES

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Figure 1 – Vicinity Map
Figure 2 – Boring Logs
Figure 3 – Boring Logs Legends and Notes
Figure 4 – Existing Conditions
Figure 5 – Bedrock Map
Figure 6 – Alternate 1A (Add East Pond)
Figure 7 - Alternate 2A (Raise Existing and Add East Pond)
Figure 8 – Alternate 3 (One Pond)
Figure 9 – Geologic Cross Section (Two Ponds)
Figure 10 – Geologic Cross Section (One Pond)

APPENDIX

Appendix A – Laboratory Data Appendix B – Alternative Costs Page

1.0 PROJECT INFORMATION

United Water & Sanitation District directed Civil Resources, LLC review existing geotechnical data, investigate the characteristics and quality of the underlying bedrock, and to provide three (3) alternate pond layouts and at the Sutton Reservoir site. The goal of the investigation was to evaluate the feasibility of creating water storage at the site. The Site is located north of Rio Grand Avenue and west of Highway 85 in Douglas County, Colorado as shown on Figure 1.

2.0 <u>GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION</u>

Existing geotechnical data was reviewed in combination with additional investigation to estimate the underlying bedrock characteristics and quality at the Sutton Reservoir site. Civil Resources drilled a total of five (5) borings for this evaluation. The borings were advanced using a truck mounted CME 75 drill rig equipped with 6-inch ID hollow-stem continuous flight auger and hx core steel. The borings were advanced to bedrock with hollow stem augers. Samples of the overburden material (i.e. all material above the bedrock) were collected at selected intervals with a split spoon sampler using a standard penetration test. Bedrock samples were then collected with either a split spoon sampler or by continuous hx core. The borings were continuously logged by a Professional Engineer and selected samples were taken for laboratory testing. The soil stratifications and laboratory test results are shown on the summary logs of exploratory borings on Figures 2 and 3. Laboratory results are included in Appendix A.

2.1 <u>Previous Geotechnical Evaluations</u>

Civil Resources has reviewed *Geotechnical Investigation, Ravenna Surface Impoundment, Sedalia, Colorado 80135*, dated June 20, 2006 by ATEST, Inc. This geological data provided information about the bedrock in the area of the existing pond at the subject site. ATEST bore logs for borings SP-1, SP-2, and SP-3 show the bedrock material as claystone and claystone/shale bedrock in the vicinity of the existing pond. The lab data in this report shows that the soil particles passing the no. 200 sieve ranged from 19.4 to 39.8 percent. Typically bedrock along the Colorado Front Range is classified as CL or CH according to the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS). The liquid limit in these borings ranged from 29.5 to 50.7 and the plastic index ranged from 8.8 to 20.8 percent. The samples would classify as either SC or SM according to USCS.

2.2 Site Location and Description

The site is mostly undeveloped with moderate covering of grasses and weeds. Plum Creek runs along the eastern edge of the site. There is an existing pond on the west side of the property. A buried water line runs north/south along Plum Creek, east/west along the north property line from the northeast corner and another pipeline runs southwest from the northeast corner to the existing pond. An overhead electrical line runs north/south just east of the existing pond. Figure 4 shows existing conditions at the Site.

2.3 Subsurface Conditions

Our borings encountered native soils consisting of clay, sand, and sand with gravel at depths ranging from the existing ground surface to 38 feet below ground surface (BGS). Bedrock was encountered in all five borings and consisted of siltstone and sandstone. Bedrock was encountered at depths ranging from thirteen (13) feet to thirty eight (38) feet and extended to the maximum depths drilled. Groundwater was encountered in four of the five borings at depths ranging from thirteen and one-half to fourteen feet below the existing ground surface during or subsequent to drilling operations. The bedrock material encountered consisted of siltstone, sandstone, and conglomerate. Figure 5 illustrates the bedrock contour map based on available information.

This subsurface description is of a generalized nature to highlight the major subsurface stratification features and material characteristics. The boring logs and legend shown on Figures 2 and 3 should be reviewed for specific information at individual boring locations. These records include soil descriptions, stratifications, groundwater data, laboratory data, and packer test results. Laboratory data is shown on the bore logs and is attached at the end of this report as Appendix A.

Locations of the borings are shown on Figure 4. The stratifications shown on the boring logs represent the conditions only at the actual boring locations as variations may occur and should be expected between boring locations. The stratifications represent the approximate boundary between subsurface materials and the actual transition may be gradual.

2.4 Groundwater Information

Groundwater was encountered in four of the five borings at depths ranging from thirteen and one half (13 ½) feet to fourteen (14) feet below the existing ground surface during and subsequent to drilling operations. The eastern portion of the site along Plum Creek contains an alluvial aquifer. Approximately, the western 2/3rds of the site may contain perched groundwater and does not appear to have any substantial aquifers near the surface. It should be noted that it is possible for the groundwater table to fluctuate depending upon climatic, rainfall, and mining conditions. The groundwater levels presented in this report are the levels that were measured at the time of our field activities.

3.0 GEOTECHNICAL EVALUATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

3.1 Site Geology

The site is located along the western edge of the Colorado Front Range on the western flank of the Denver Structural Basin. The basin is a down warp of sedimentary strata that trends north-northwest, parallel to the mountain front. In the project area, the sedimentary beds dip gently eastward toward the axis of the basin east of the site. Based on regional geologic mapping (Trimble and Machette, 1979), the near surface bedrock immediately west of the project area is the Paleocene and Upper Cretaceous Dawson/Arapahoe Formation. The bedrock is overlain by upper Pleistocene and upper Holocene (Quaternary age) deposits. The deposits exist primarily within the Louviers Alluvium on the western half of the site and Post Piney Creek, and Piney Creek Alluvium deposits on the eastern half of the site. The bedrock unit consists of siltstone, sandstone, and conglomerate.

The Dawson/Arapahoe formation forms the near surface bedrock at this site. The lithology of this formation is complex consisting of interbedded claystone, siltstone, lenticular sandstone, and conglomerate. Tracing distinguishable lithologic units within the Dawson Formation for more than a few hundred feet is difficult. Conglomerate material was observed in Borings B1 and B3 through B5 which were located on the east side of the site. The bedrock samples tested in the laboratory classified as either sandstone or siltstone.

The overburden material at the Sutton Reservoir site thickens as you get closer to Plum Creek. The overburden material consisted primarily of sand and sand with gravel with clay in parts.

In-situ permeability of the siltstone was determined in one location using a packer test in Boring 4 (B4). The siltstone bedrock permeability at this location was 5.73×10^6 and is considered to have a very low permeability at this location. A packer test was performed in the conglomerate with a result of 2.18×10^5 cm/s and is considered to be semi pervious.

3.2 Geotechnical Evaluation

Bedrock was encountered across the site at depths ranging from approximately thirteen (13) feet to thirty-eight (38) feet BGS. The bedrock surface slopes downward toward the northeast.

The near surface bedrock is interbedded siltstone, sandstone, and conglomerate. The siltstone is generally very hard, slightly plastic, moist to very moist, and cemented in parts. The sandstone is generally fine grained, slightly to moderately cemented, and medium moist to moist. The conglomerate is generally coarse grained with gravel and where groundwater was located within the conglomerate, the conglomerate was non to slightly cemented. The conglomerate was slightly too moderately cemented where groundwater was not observed. The conglomerate thickness averages approximately 30 feet and is located predominately along the eastern part of the project under the proposed embankment area of pond 1. The conglomerate lense thickness towards the northeast corner of the project.

Based on the soils observed, testing, and our experience with similar soils, the on-site siltstone and sandstone bedrock can be characterized as very low permeability to semi pervious. The conglomerate bedrock can be characterized as being semi-

pervious to pervious.

3.3 Geotechnical Recommendations & Conclusions

The following statements summarize the geotechnical findings as they relate to the construction of water storage on the Site:

- An alluvial aquifer is located along the east side of the project site and may be cut off with a grout curtain wall. The grout curtain should tie into the existing bedrock at the south and northwest points of the east pond and extend to the bottom of the conglomerate material. An average curtain depth of 45 to 50 feet is expected if drilled from the existing ground surface. To reduce the depth of the grout curtain the overburden material may be excavated creating a key, and then the grout curtain can be installed from the bottom of the key to the bottom of the conglomerate material. The excavation should then be backfilled with a clay/siltstone core material with a minimum Plasticity Index (PI) of 10. Dimensions of the key and the grout curtain will have to be determined in a seepage analysis.
- The grout curtain will cut off the alluvial aquifer along the eastern edge of the property from the western portion of the pond(s). Any groundwater in the western portion of the project site is likely to be perched groundwater. The grout curtain when tied into the bedrock and extended to the bottom of the conglomerate material will seal off the alluvial groundwater from infiltration and the pond(s) will meet the state leak testing (groundwater infiltration) criteria.
- The grout curtain was selected because the bedrock material is anticipated to be too hard for slurry wall excavation. Two test trenches should be excavated with a backhoe and ripper bucket where harder bedrock is likely to confirm this. If the bedrock material can be excavated a slurry wall may be used instead of a grout wall resulting in significant savings. The hardest bedrock is anticipated to be southwest of B1 and west of B4.
- The siltstone material at the site tends to have a PI of 10 or higher and therefore this material could be used in the construction of the core of the embankments. A PI of 10 should be considered the minimum PI for an embankment and proper material selection will be critical to ensuring the stability and low permeability of the embankment. Any material with a PI of less than 10 should not be used in the core of the embankment.
- > The sandstone and conglomerate material may be used for embankment fill on either side of the core. Sizing of the core should be completed during a seepage analysis.
- The siltstone formation will be a suitable semi-permeable material for the project if no modifications are made to the material. Clay (bentonite or similar material) may be added to the upper reworked material to decrease the permeability if a pond liner is made from this bedrock material. Typical application rates of clay would be between 0.3 and 0.7 pounds per square foot per 6 inches. Synthetic liners will also work once the groundwater is cut off from the east.
- A slope stability analysis should be completed to determine the final slopes of the pond(s) especially with the siltier materials on site.
- Conventional excavation equipment for commercial construction in the Colorado Front Range area will be suitable for excavation purposes in the overburden soils. Difficult excavation is generally anticipated in bedrock areas of this site. Heavy bull dozers with ripping equipment may be needed for bedrock excavation. Blasting of the conglomerate bedrock material may be necessary at this site where groundwater is not present. Water injection into the conglomerate material may reduce the strength of the conglomerate. All excavations should be adequately shored or sloped to prevent side wall collapse. As a minimum, all applicable state, federal, and local codes should be observed including OSHA regulations.

4.0 WATER STORAGE

Three alternate water storage options were created for the project. Alternate 1A is to leave the existing pond and add a pond to the east (Figure 6). Alternate 1B is to raise the existing pond and add a pond to the east (Figure 7). Alternate 2 is to create one large pond for the entire site (Figure 8). Following is the water storage and earthwork totals summary table for the three proposed alternatives.

				Suti	on Ponds				
<u></u>			Wa	ater Storage	& Earthwork	Totals			
		1Max							
	Dam Crest		Crest	Crest	Side	Earthwork		Net	² Added Water
Alternate		Ht	Width	El.	Slopes	Cut	Dam Fill	Earthwork	Storage
I.D.		(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(H:V)	(cy)	(cy)	(cy)	(ac-ft)
	Existing Pond	-	-	4760	3H:1V	-	-	-	0
Alt 1A	East Pond	47	25	4760	3.5H:1V	725,000	750,000	-25,000	1,130
	Alt 1A Totals					725,000	750,000	-25,000	1,130
	West Pond	25	25	4780	3.5H:1V	-	-	-	360
Alt 1B	East Pond	47	25	4760	3.5H:1V	-	-	-	1,130
	Alt 1B Totals					970,000	930,000	40,000	1,490
Alt 2	1 Pond	57	25	4770	3.5H:1V	870,000	1,125,000	-255,000	1,560

¹Maximum dam height is located at the lowest existing elevation at the crest ²Each pond has 3 foot of freeboard.

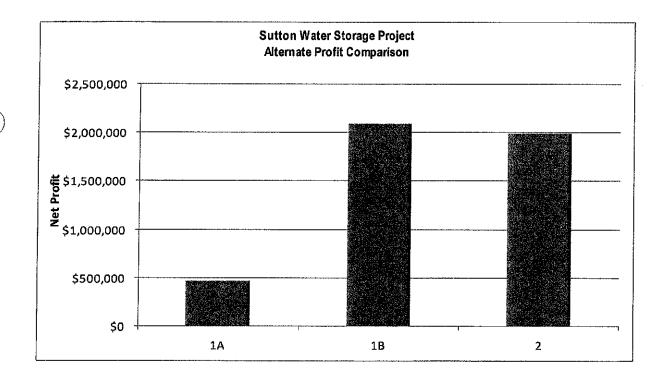
5.0 CONSTRUCTION COST

Construction cost estimates were generated for the three alternatives. The following table summarizes the results of this analysis. The construction cost does not include infrastructure costs associated with diverting or returning water to and from the storage facilities or interconnection of the facilities. Other costs associated with the spillway(s) and erosion protection except for a geotextile membrane along the downstream embankment from flood flows in Plum Creek ant interior slope protection have not been included. Relocation of existing utilities and a grout curtain along the east side of the east pond costs have been included. No payment of royalty or other cash value was assigned to the aggregate for this analysis. Detailed cost sheets are attached as Appendix B.

If slurry wall excavation is achievable by standard methods (refer recommendations regarding test excavating) then the expected construction cost would decrease by approximately \$1,250,000 based on a slurry wall unit cost of \$4.00 per square foot.

Table 3: Alternative Cost and Profit Comparison

	CAPA	CITY AND COST SU	NET PROFIT			
Alternative	Construction Cost, \$1	Added Storage Capacity, ac-ft	Water Payment ²	Water Payment - Construction Cost	Cost Per Acre-ft	
1A	\$6,650,500	1,130	\$9,040,000	\$2,389,500	\$5,885	
1B	\$7,910,690	1,490	\$11,920,000	\$4,009,310	\$5,309	
2	\$8,567,408	1,560	\$12,480,000	\$3,912,592	\$5,492	



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6.0 GEOTECHNICAL RISK & REPORT LIMITATIONS

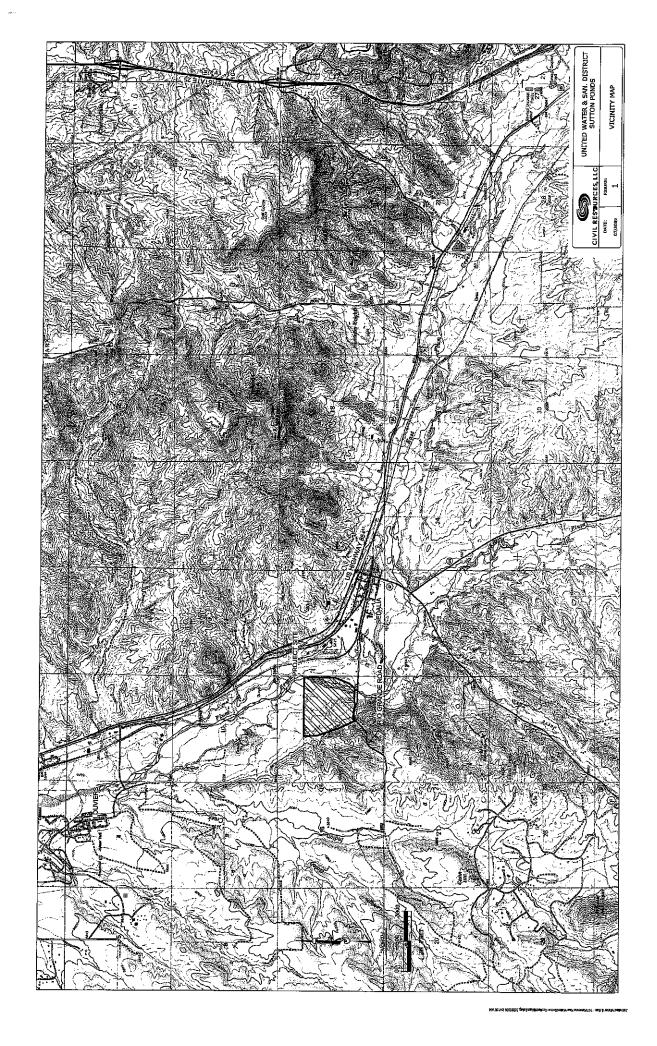
The concept of risk is an important aspect of any geotechnical evaluation. The primary reason for this is that the analytical methods used to develop geotechnical recommendations do not comprise an exact science. The analytical tools which geotechnical engineers use are generally empirical and must be tempered by engineering judgment and experience. Therefore, the solutions or recommendations presented in any geotechnical evaluation should not be considered risk-free and, more importantly, are not a guarantee that the interaction between the soils and the proposed structure will perform as desired or intended. The engineering recommendations presented in the preceding sections constitute our best estimate of those measures that are necessary to help the structure perform in a satisfactory manner, based on the information generated during this and previous evaluations, and our experience in working with these conditions. The builder and future owner must understand this concept of risk, as it is they who must decide what is an acceptable level of risk for the proposed structure.

The recommendations presented in this report are based on the available subsurface information obtained by Civil Resources for the proposed project. The geotechnical engineer warrants that the findings, recommendations, specifications, or professional advice contained herein have been made in accordance with generally accepted professional geotechnical engineering practices in the local area. No other warranties are implied or expressed.

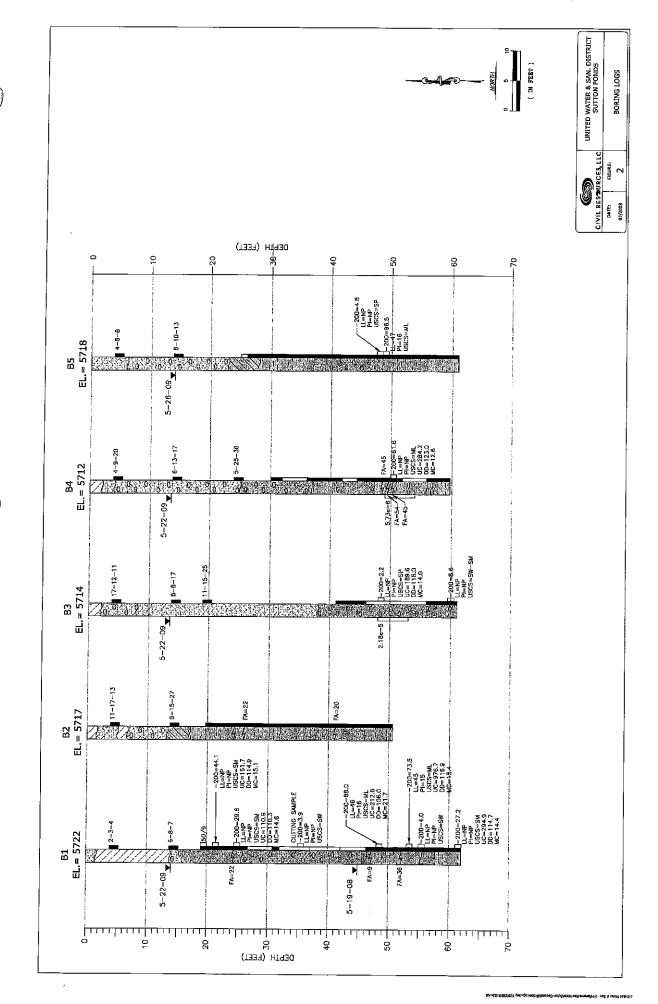
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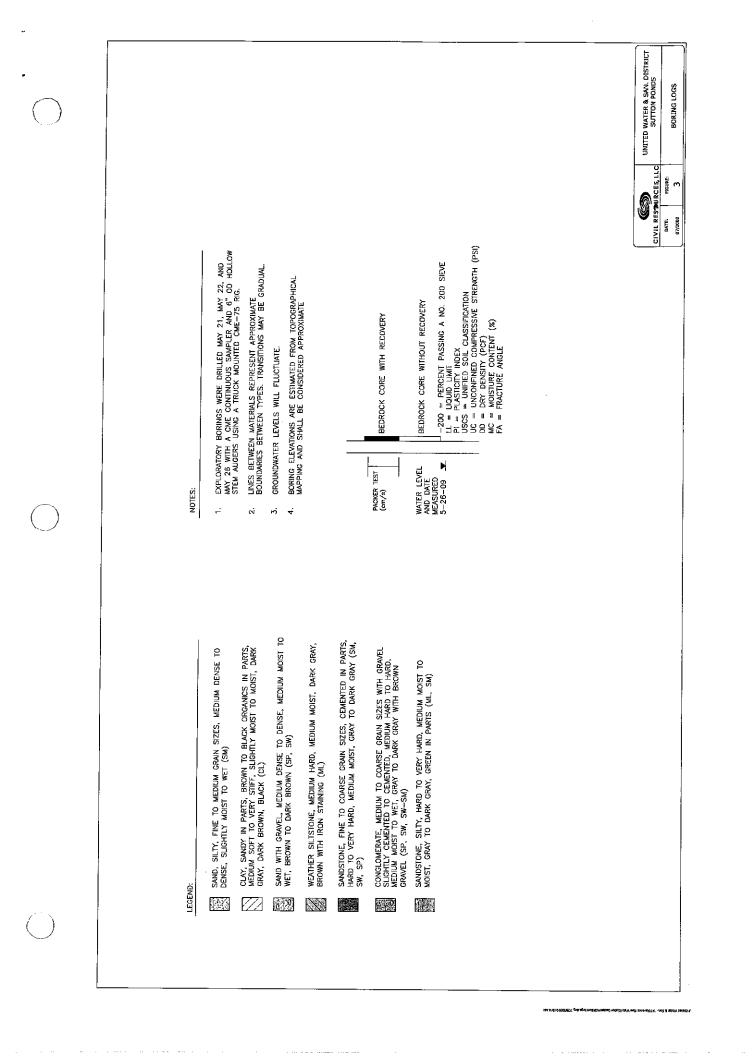


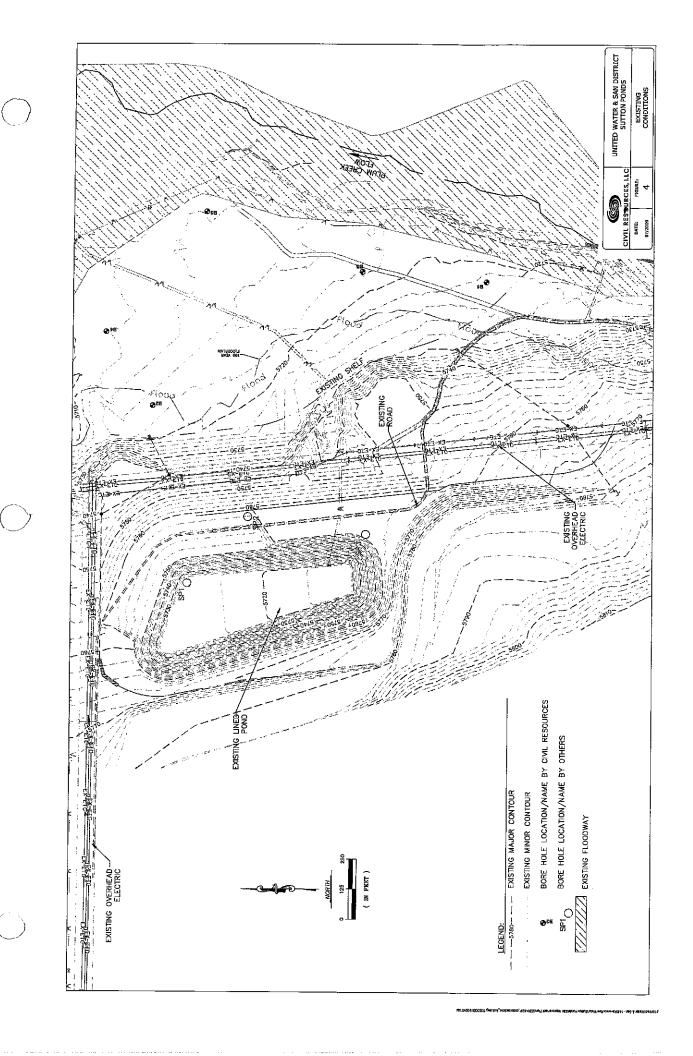
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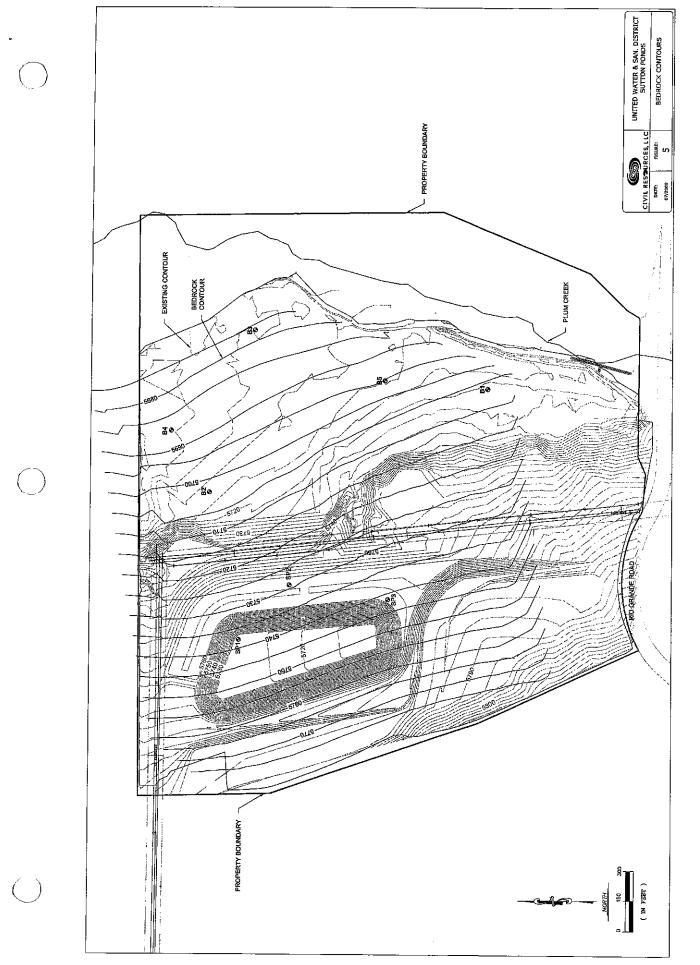


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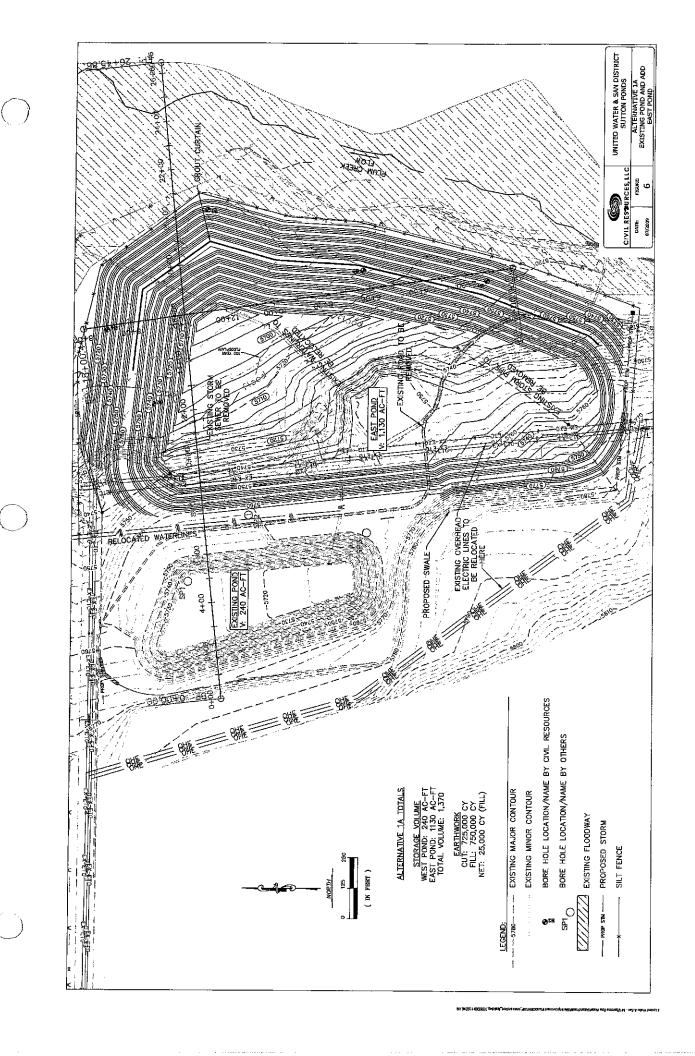
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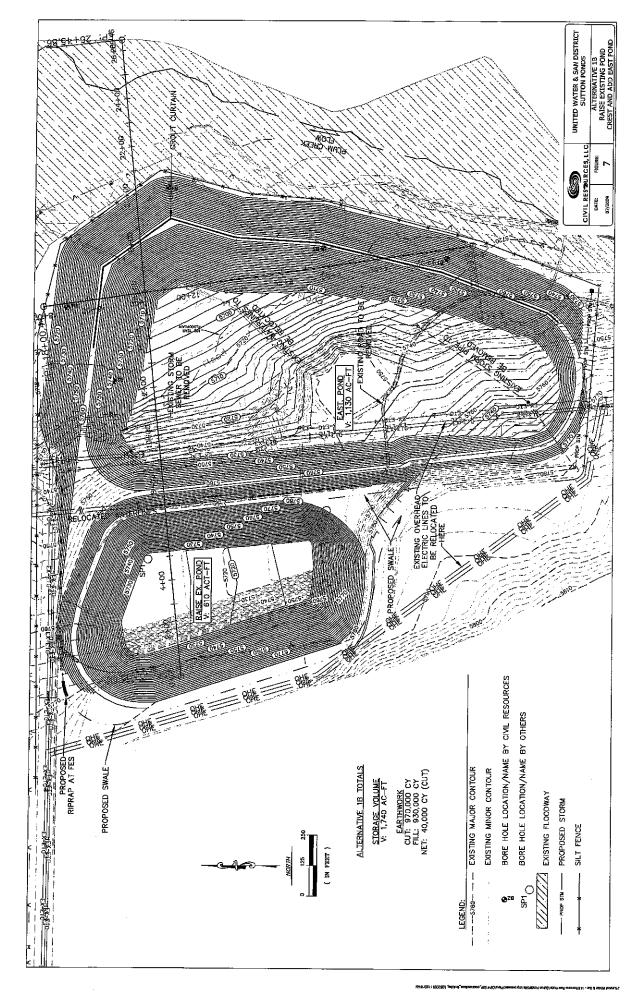




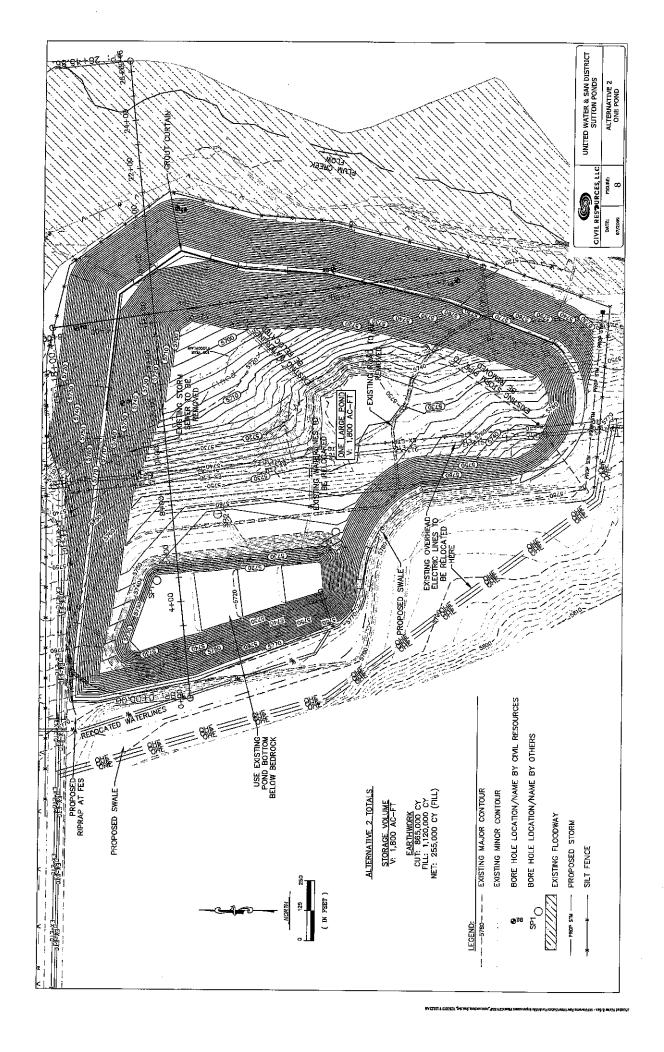


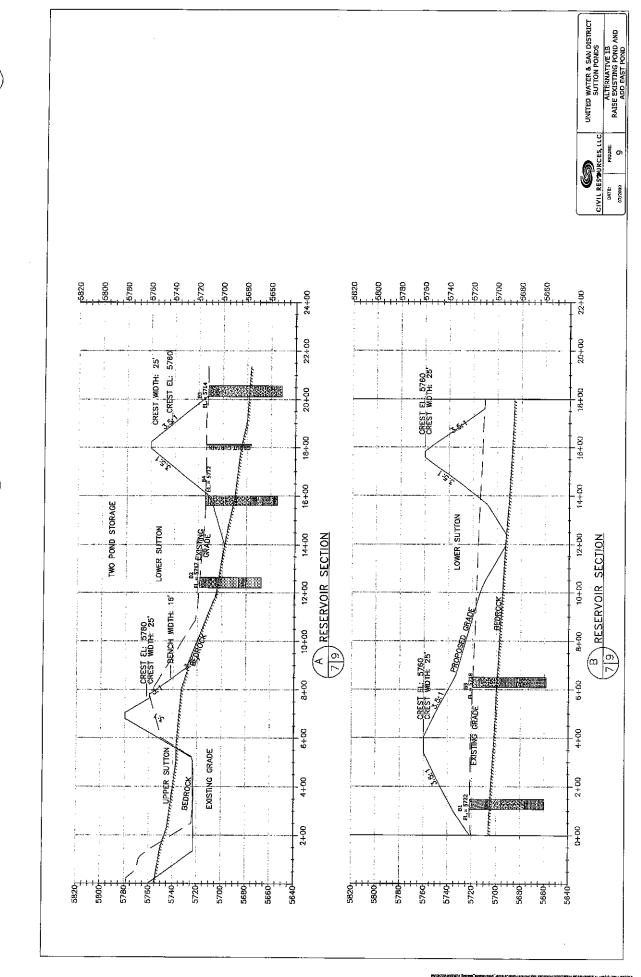
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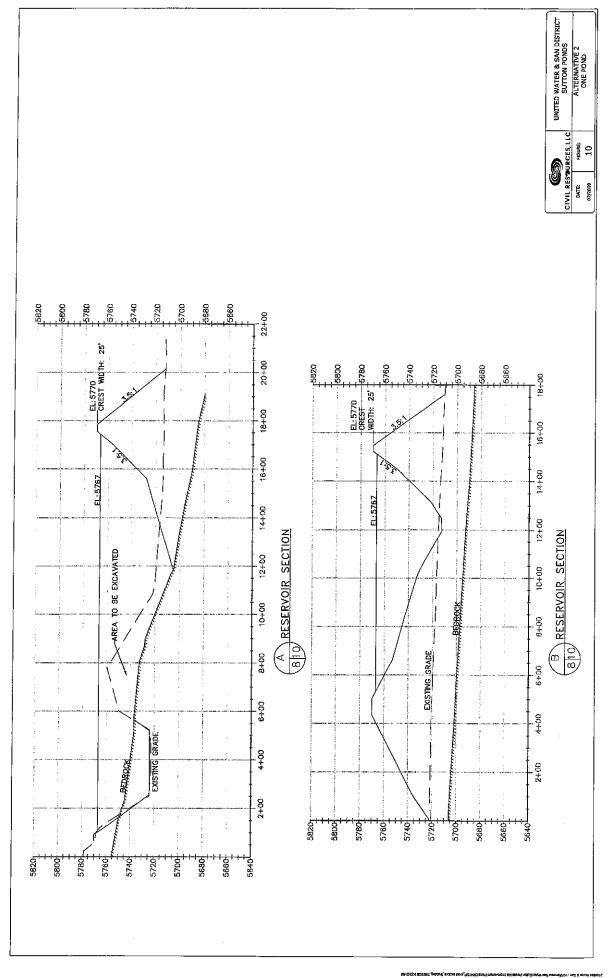
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APPENDIX A

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LABORATORY DATA



6510 W. 91st Ave, Ste 130 Westminster, CO 80301

Phone: (303) 962-9300 Fax: (303) 962-9350 e-mail: <u>saeb@rocksol.com</u>

July 22, 2009

Mr. Andy Jesik Civil Resources 323 5th Street P.O. Box 680 Frederick, CO 80530

Submittal of Invoice Materials Testing for Sutton Client #: 141.001.01 RockSol Project 230.04

Dear Andy,

Please find enclosed an invoice and the test results for soils tests conducted for the Sutton Project. The samples and test orders were delivered to our office. RockSol sent the test results to you via e-mail as soon as they became available. Soil classifications listed in the test results are based on Atterberg and Gradation data and do not reflect bedrock terminology.

RockSol appreciates the opportunity to provide this service. If I can be of any other support or you need additional information, please do not hesitate to call me at (303) 962-9301.

Respectfully submitted,

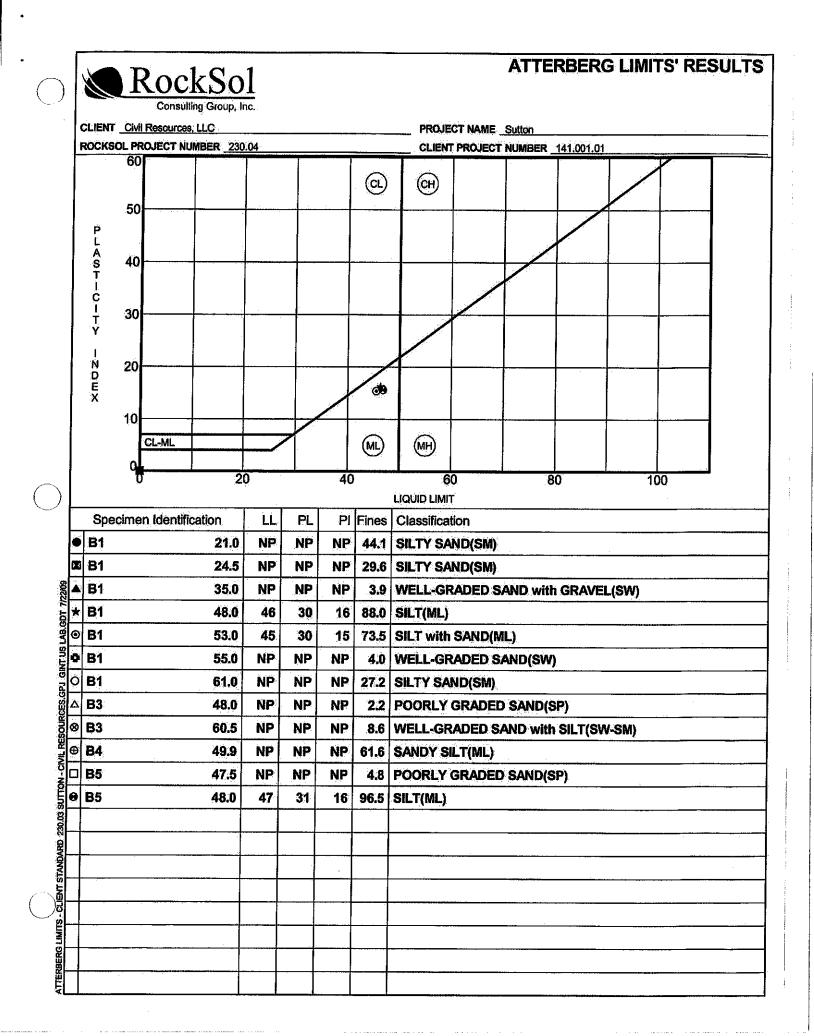
Saeid Saeb, Ph.D., P.E. President RockSol Consulting Group, Inc.

SUMMARY OF PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL TEST RESULTS



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Borehole	Depth (ft)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index	Swell Potential (%)	%<#200 Sleve	USCS Class- ification	AASHTO Class- Ification	Water Content (%)	Dry Density (pcf)	Unconfined Compressive Strength (psi)	Sulfate (%)
B1	21	NP	NP	NP		44.1	SM	A-4 (0)	15.1	114.9	161.7	
B1	24.5	NP	NP	NP		29.6	SM	A-2-4 (0)	14.6	110.3	110.9	
B1	35	NP	NP	NP		3.9	SW	A-1-a (0)				
B1	48	46	30	16		88.0	ML.	A-7-5 (17)	21.7	106.0	212.6	
B1	53	45	30	15		73.5	ML	A-7-5 (11)	15.4	116.9	967.7	
B1	55	NP	NP	NP		4.0	SW	A-1-b (0)				
B1	61	NP	NP	NP		27.2	SM	A-2-4 (0)	14.4	114.7	294.9	
B3	48	NP	NP	NP		2.2	SP	A-1-b (0)	14.0	118.0	189.6	
B3	60.5	NP	NP	NP		8.6	SW-SM	A-1-b (0)				•
B4	49.9	NP	NP	NP		61.6	ML	A-4 (0)	12.6	123.0	284.2	
B5	47.5	NP	NP	NP		4.8	SP	A-1-b (0)				
B5	48	47	31	16		96.5	ML	A-7-5 (19)				

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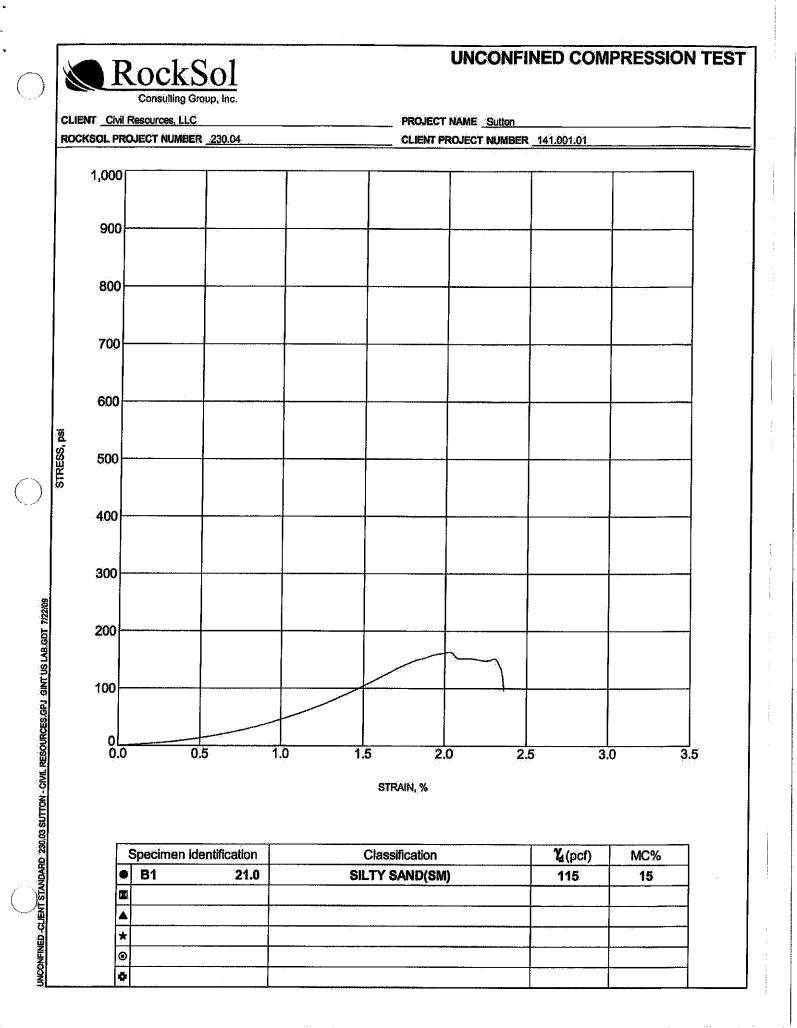


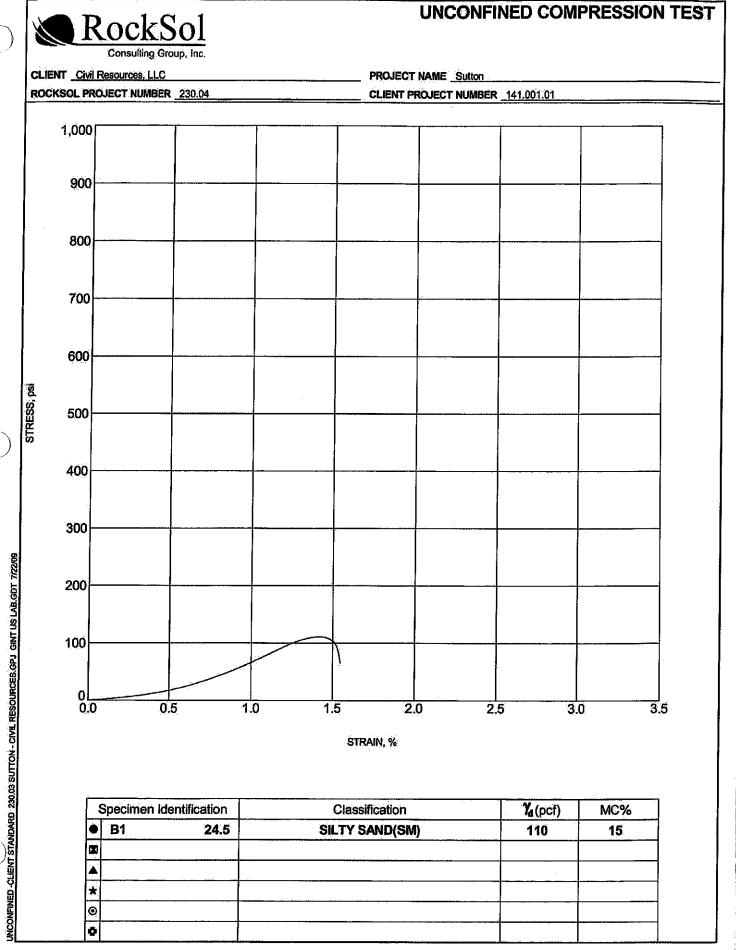
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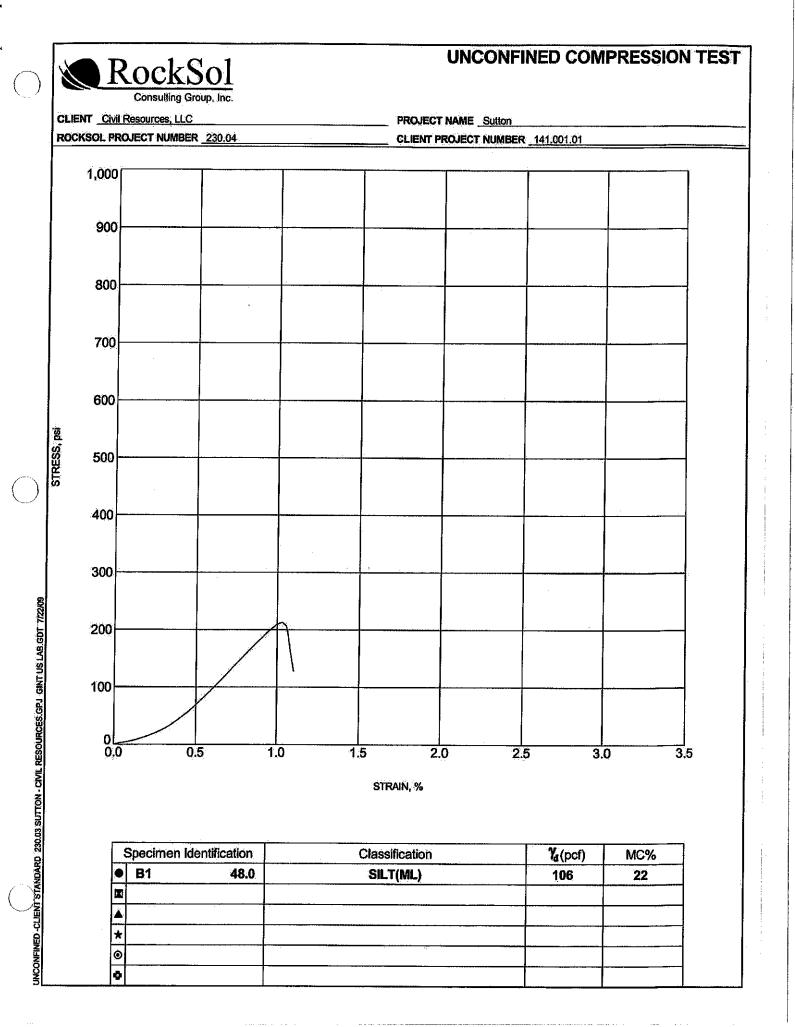
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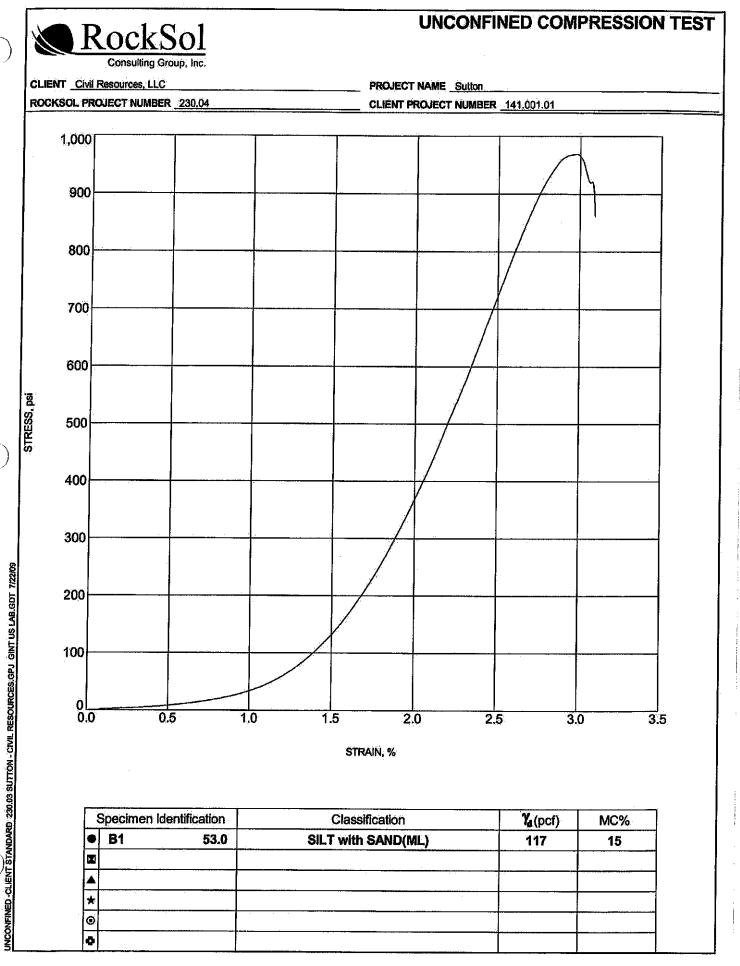
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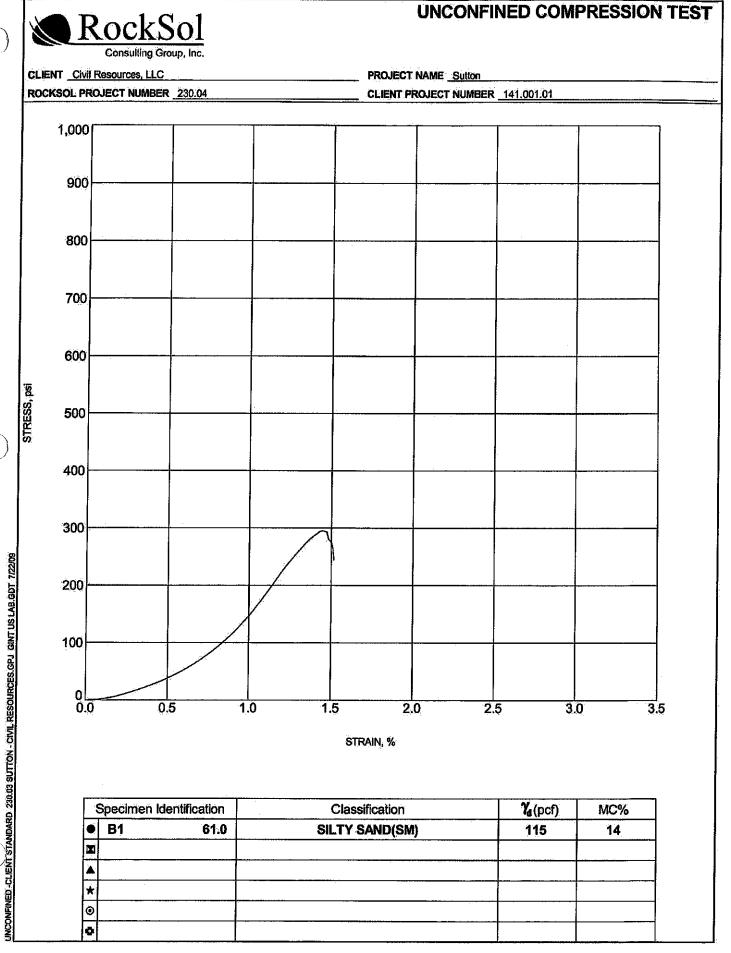
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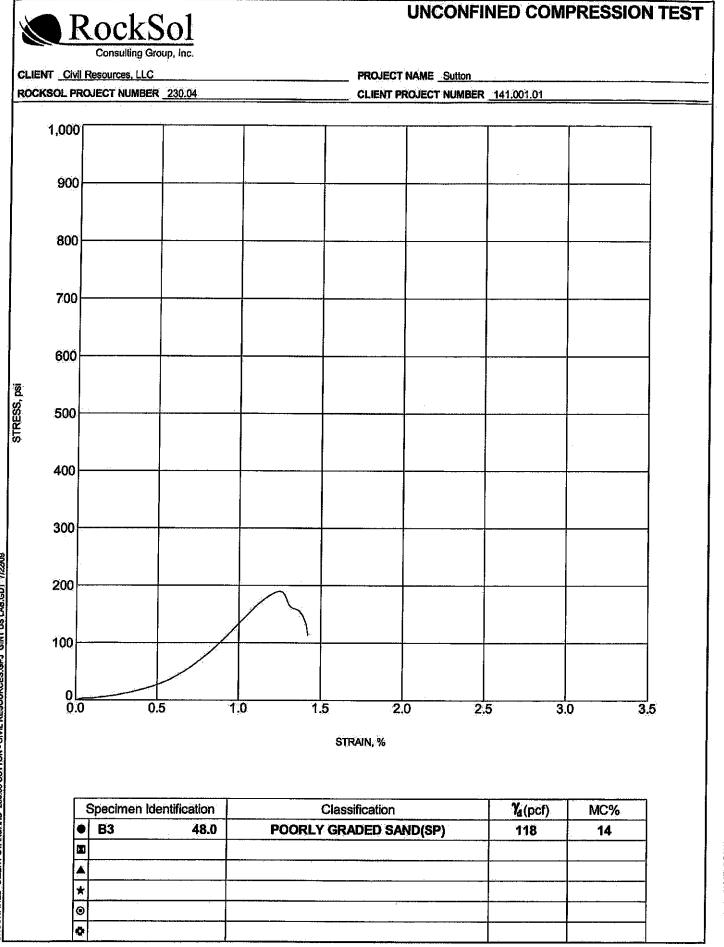




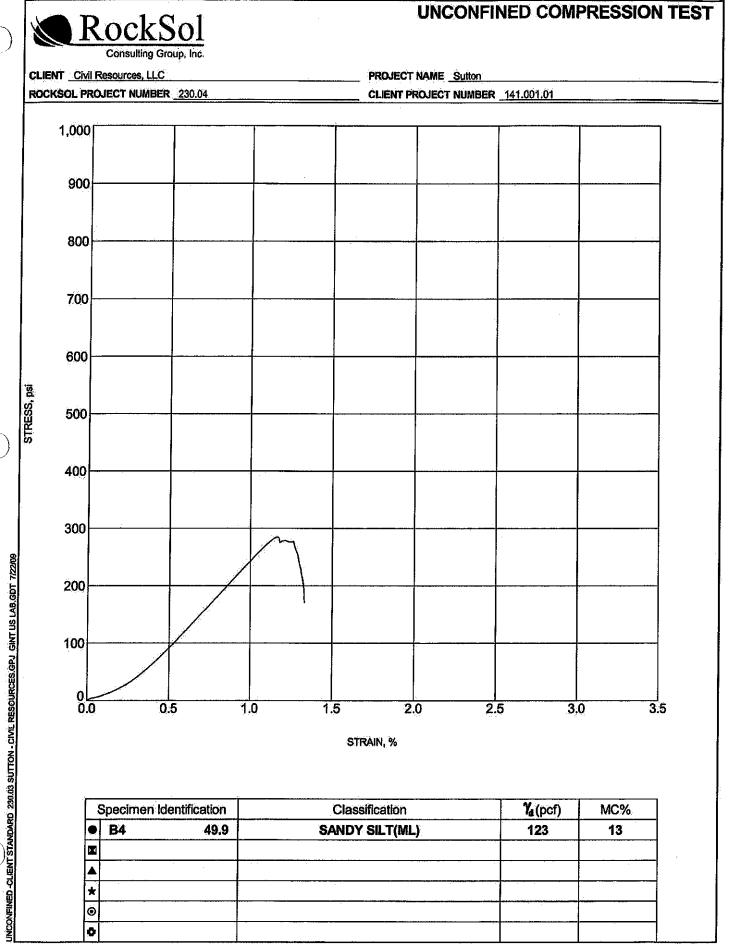








UNCONFINED -CLENT STANDARD 230.03 SUTTON - CIVIL RESOURCES.GPJ GINT US LAB.GDT 7/22/09



APPENDIX B

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ALTERNATIVE COSTS

Opinion of Construction Cost Alt 1A - Use Existing Pond and Construct East Pond											
Sife Prepara	llon	· · ·				<u> </u>					
ltem #	ltem	Qty	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	Notes					
1	Clear & Grub	1	LS		\$24,000						
2	Surveying	1	LS	\$10,000	\$10,000						
				Subtotal =	\$34,000						
Site Work											
item #	llem	Qty	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	Notes					
3	Water Control / Pumping	1	LS	\$10,000	\$10,000						
4	Erosion Control										
	- Silt Fence / Soil Berns	4,300	민	\$1.25	\$5,375						
	- Permit / Monitoring/Maintenance	1	LS	\$5,000	\$5,000						
	- Seed / Mulch	19	AC	\$1,250	\$23,750						
5	Relocate Existing Electrical Line	8,500	\$47	\$399,500	Relocate west of existing pond						
6	Relocate Water Lines	3,650	LF	\$60	\$219,000						
7	Relocate Storm Sewer	1,500	LF	\$50	\$75,000						
				Subtotal =	\$737,625						
Grout Curtain											
item #	item	Qty	Unit Cost	Total Cost	Notes						
8	Grout Curtain (Drill)	1	LS	\$1,800,000.00	\$1,700,000	Assumes average depth of 45' feet and length of 2,350 LF. Hayward Baker rough estimate.					
Embankmen											
ltem #	ltem	Qty	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	Notes					
9	Embankment Borrowing and Placement	750,000	ÇY	\$1.80	\$1,350,000						
10	Outer Slope Protection (Geotextile)	12,000	SY	\$6	\$72,000	Assume 25' wide (includes anchoring length)					
11	Interior slope protection (Type L Riprap)	28,000	CY	\$40	\$1,120,000	Assumes 2' deep from crest to existing grade					
				Sublotal Alt 1A	\$2,542,000						
Total Constru	iction Cost Estimate - Alt 1A										
				Mobilization	\$263,875	5% of total cost by contract					
				Site Preparation	\$34,000						
				Site Work	\$737,625						
			in and Embankment	\$4,242,000							
		Total (n Cost Estimate =	\$5,277,500							
Total Projec	t Cost - Alt 1A										
_		ion Cost Subtotal =	\$5,277,500								
		Engin. / Ac		tr. Observ. @ 6% =	\$317,000						
			Cor	ntingency @ 20% =	\$1,056,000						
				Subtotal = tal Project Cost =	\$1,373,000						
		\$6,650,500									

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Opinion of Construction Cost Ait 1B - Raise Existing Pond and Construct East Pond											
Sile Preners	Sile Preparation										
tem #	Item	Qty	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	Notes					
1	Clear & Grub	1	LS	Salage Pr	\$35,000	Notes					
2	Surveying		LS	\$15,000	\$15,000						
				Subtotal =	\$50,000						
Site Work					900,000						
item #	ltem	Qty	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	Notes					
3	Water Control / Pumping	1	LS	\$15,000	\$15,000	1000					
4	Erosion Control				\$10,000	-					
	- Silt Fence / Soil Berns	5,750	LF	\$1.25	\$7,188						
	- Permit / Monitoring/Maintenance	1	LS	\$7,500	\$7,500						
	- Seed / Mulch	25	AÇ	\$1,250	\$31,250						
5	Relocate Existing Electrical Line	8,500	LF	\$47	\$399,500	Relocate west of existing pond					
6	Relocate Water Lines	3,650	LF	\$60	\$219,000						
7	Relocate Storm Sewer	1,500	LF	\$50	\$75,000						
				Subtotal =	\$754,438						
Grout Curtai	n										
liem#	ltem	Qty	Unit Cost	Total Cost	Notes						
9	Grout Curtain (Drill)	470	Unit EA	\$955	\$1,700,000	Assumes average depth of 45' feet and length of 2,350 LF. Hayward Baker rough estimate,					
Embankmen	t · · ·	·····		·							
11	Embankment Borrowing and Placement	970,760	CY	1.80	\$1,747,368						
10	Outer Slope Protection (Geotextile)	12,000	SY	6.00	\$72,000	Assume 25' wide (includes anchoring length)					
11	Interior slope protection (Type L Riprap)	41,000	CY	\$40	\$1.640.000	Assumes 2' deep from crest to existing grade					
				Subtotal Alt 1B	\$3,459,368						
Total Constru	uction Cost Estimate - Alt 18	····									
				Mobilization	\$313,884	5% of total cost by contract					
				Site Preparation	\$50,000						
				Site Work	\$754,438						
			n and Embankment n Cost Estimate =	\$5,159,368							
Total Projec	t Cost - All 1B					Notes					
				on Cost Subtotal =	\$6,277,690						
		Engin. / Ad		r. Observ. @ 6% =	\$377,000						
			Con	tingency @ 20% =	\$1,256,000						
				Subtotal =	\$1,633,000						
	Total Project Cost = \$7,910,699										

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			Opinion of C	onstruction Cost		
		Alt 2	- Constru	ct one large poi	hd	
0%- 0						
Site Prepa						
<u>Item #</u>	Item	Qty	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	Notes
	Clear & Grub	1	LS		\$32,000	
2	Surveying		LS	\$20,000	\$20,000	
St. 141-1.		_		Subtotal =	\$52,000	
ite Work						
ltern #	ttem	Qty	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	Notes
3	Water Control / Pumping	1	LS	\$20,000	\$20,000	
4	Erosion Control					
	- Silt Fence / Soil Berms	5,750	LF	\$1.25	\$7,188	
	- Permit / Monitoring/Maintenance	1	LS	\$7,500	\$7.500	
	- Seed / Mulch	17.	AC	\$1,250	\$21,250	
5	Relocate Existing Electrical Line	8,500	LF	\$47	\$399,500	Relocate west of existing pond
6	Relocate Water Lines	4,000	LF	\$60	\$240.000	Protocold West of existing pond
7	Relocate Storm Sewer	1,500	LF	\$50	\$75,000	
				Subtolal =	\$770,438	
rout Curta	in	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			0770,400	
ltem #	llem	Qty	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	Notes
9	Grout Curtain (Drill)	470	EA	\$955	\$1,700,000	Assurtes average depth of 45' feet and length of 2,350 LF. Hayward Baker rough estimate.
mbankmen	nt					mayward baker fough estimate.
flem #	llem	Qly	Ünif	Unit Cost	Total Cost	Notes
10	Embankment Borrowing and Placement	1,125,000	CY	\$1.80	\$2,025,000	Notes
10	Outer Slope Protection (Geotextile)	12,000	SY	\$6	\$72,000	Assume 25' wide (includes anchoring length)
11	Interior slope protection (Type L Riprap)	46,000	CY	\$40	\$1,840,000	Assumes 2' deep from crest to existing grade
			_	Subtotal All 2	\$3,937,000	Prosumes 2 deep nom crest to existing grade
ial Constru	uction Cost Estimate - Alt 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			40,301,000	
				Mobilization	\$339,970	5% of total cost by contract
				Site Preparation	\$52,000	S to total cost by contract
				Site Work	\$770,438	
			Grout Curtain	and Embankment	\$5,637,000	
_		Total C	Cost Estimate =	\$6,799,408		
al Projec	t Cost - Alt 2			<i>wv;133,400</i>	Notes	
			n Cost Subtotal =	\$6,799,408	110053	
		Engln, / Ad	min. / Constr.	Observ. @ 6% =	\$408,000	
			Confi	ngency @ 20% =	\$1,360,000	
				Subfotal =	\$1,768,000	
			Alt 2 Tota	Project Cost =		
					\$8,567,408	

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COLORADO INTERGOVERNMENTAL RISK SHARING AGENCY (CIRSA) CERTIFICATE OF PARTICIPATION FOR PROPERTY/CASUALTY COVERAGES issued to the

Town of Castle Rock

CIRSA hereby certifies that the above-named entity is a participating member of CIRSA for property/casualty coverages for the coverage period of January 1, 2020 to January 1, 2021.

CIRSA liability coverages for the coverage period will be as described in a CIRSA liability policy and Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association Insurance Company reinsurance policy which will provide the liability and errors and omissions coverages summarized below. CIRSA property and crime coverages for the coverage period will be as described in a CIRSA property policy, excess policies from the carriers identified on the attached Property Coverage Schematic, and deductible buy-back policy from participating Lloyds Syndicate market insurers.

The coverages, conditions of membership, and other provisions applicable to CIRSA property/casualty members are described in CIRSA's Bylaws and Intergovernmental Agreement, coverage and/or excess/reinsurance coverage policies, and general policies adopted by the members, as from time to time amended.

The types and monetary limits of the coverages to be provided to CIRSA property/casualty members for the coverage period shall be as described below. The scope, terms, conditions, and limitations of the coverages shall be governed by the applicable policies and/or excess/reinsurance policies, the CIRSA Bylaws and Intergovernmental Agreement, and other applicable documents.

- I. **TYPES OF COVERAGES** (subject to the limit on CIRSA's liability as described in Section II below):
 - A. Property coverage (including auto physical damage and public relations, privacy breach, and cyber extortion expense)
 - B. Liability coverage:
 - 1. General liability
 - 2. Auto liability
 - 3. Law enforcement liability
 - 4. Public Officials errors and omissions liability
 - 5. Security and privacy breach liability
 - C. Crime coverage (including employee dishonesty and money and securities)

II. CIRSA Loss Funds, Retentions, Excess Insurers/reinsurers, Aggregate Limits, and Member Deductibles:

For the coverages described in Section I, CIRSA shall be liable only for payment of the applicable self-insured retentions and only to a total annual aggregate amount for CIRSA members as a whole of the amount of the applicable CIRSA loss fund for the coverage period. There shall be no aggregate excess coverage over any loss fund.

Coverages in excess of CIRSA's self-insured retentions shall be provided by the applicable excess insurers and/or reinsurers in applicable excess and reinsurance policies and shall be payable by those excess insurers and/or reinsurers.

The limits of coverage provided by the excess insurers and/or reinsurers for the coverage period shall be described in the coverage documents issued to the members. Sublimits, aggregate and other limits shall apply as provided in said documents.

CIRSA Loss Fund Amounts for the Coverage Period:

Loss fund amounts are as adopted or amended from time to time by the Board of Directors based on the members in the property/casualty pool for the year. Information on current loss fund amounts is available from the CIRSA Chief Financial Officer.

CIRSA SELF-INSURED RETENTIONS FOR THE COVERAGE PERIOD:

- A. \$1,000,000 each and every loss and/or occurrence property*
- B. \$100,000 each claim/annual aggregate public relations and security breach
- C. \$1,000,000 each and every loss and/or occurrence liability
- D. \$1,000,000 each and every claim Public Officials liability
- E. \$500,000 each claim/annual aggregate security and privacy liability
- F. \$150,000 each and every loss and/or occurrence crime

*Subject further to CIRSA retention of first \$5,000,000 each and every hail/wind loss and/or occurrence

EXCESS INSURERS/REINSURERS FOR THE COVERAGE PERIOD:

- A. Property: Per Property Coverage Schematic attached
- B. Liability: Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association Insurance Company (reinsurance)
- C. Excess Crime: AIG

LIMITS/EXCESS LIMITS FOR THE COVERAGE PERIOD:

A.	Excess property:	to \$500 million per claim/occurrence
В.	Excess liability:	to \$10 million per claim/occurrence (except excess auto liability to \$5 million and Public Officials Errors and Omissions and class-action suits arising out of discrimination to \$10 million per claim/\$10 million annual aggregate per member)
C.	Excess Crime (option	nal): up to \$5 million per claim/occurrence

III. MEMBER DEDUCTIBLES:

The member shall be responsible for payment of the member-selected deductible on each claim/occurrence. The deductible amounts selected by the above named entity are: \$100,000 (Liability), \$5,000 (Auto Liability), \$100,000 (Auto Physical Damage), and \$100,000 (Property). Payment of the deductible shall reduce the amount otherwise payable under the applicable CIRSA retention. In the event of a loss or occurrence involving more than one CIRSA member, each member shall pay its full applicable deductible(s).

IV. POLICIES GOVERN PAYMENTS:

Payments within the member's deductible(s) and/or CIRSA's self-insured retention(s), or in excess of the member's deductible(s) and/or CIRSA's self-insured retention(s), in connection with any claims/occurrences shall be governed by the excess and/or reinsurance policies.

Countersigned on behalf of the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency.

Tami A. Tanoue, Executive Director