



December 21, 2021

Mr. Zach Trujillo  
Environmental Protection Specialist  
Colorado Division of Reclamation, Mining & Safety  
Department of Natural Resources  
1313 Sherman Street, Room 215  
Denver, CO 80203

**RE: Colowyo Coal Company L.P.**  
**Permit No. C-1981-019**  
**Technical Revision No. 150 (MR-150)**  
**Second Adequacy Response**

Dear Mr. Trujillo,

Tri-State Generation and Transmission Association Inc. (Tri-State), is the parent company to Axial Basin Coal Company, which is the general partner to Colowyo Coal Company L.P. (Colowyo). Therefore, Tri-State on behalf of Colowyo is submitting this second adequacy response for technical revision 150 (TR-150) to Permit No. C-1981-019.

Tri-State received the Division's adequacy letter dated December 3, 2021, and has the following responses to the Division's concerns:

- 1. The Division requests additional clarification in regards to Table 4, 7 and 8 of Exhibit 7, Item 16. For Table 4, please provide further explanation within Exhibit 7, Item 16 regarding the sources for the values in the columns "Field Salinity Threshold" and "Field Irrigation Water Quality Threshold". Additionally, please provide additional explanation within Exhibit 7, Item 16 of the source of the values in the column "Percent Yield Decrease per Unit Increase in Conductivity of Irrigation Water, by Species" for Tables 7 and 8.*

**Response:** Exhibit 7, Item 16, Sections 6.2 and 6.3, have been updated with additional verbiage and citations to the *Colorado State University Extension fact sheet 0.503* as requested for additional clarification on information presented on Tables 4, 7, and 8.

Included in this adequacy response is a change of index sheet to ease incorporation of this adequacy response into the permit document. If you should have any additional questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Tony Tennyson at (970) 326-3560 at your convenience.



December 21, 2021

Page 2

Sincerely,

DocuSigned by:  
  
D250C711D0BF450...

Chris Gilbreath  
Senior Manager,  
Remediation and Reclamation

CG:TT:der

Enclosure

cc: Tony Tennyson (via email)  
Angela Aalbers (via email)  
File: C. F. 1.1.2.139 - G471-11.3(21)b

## CHANGE SHEET FOR PERMIT REVISIONS, TECHNICAL REVISION, AND MINOR REVISIONS

Mine Company Name: Colowyo Coal Company

Permit Number: **C-1981-019**

Date: **December 21, 2021**

Revision Description: **TR-150 Salinity Study**

| Volume Number | Page, Map or other Permit Entry to be REMOVED | Page, Map or other Permit Entry to be ADDED | Description of Change               |
|---------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| 1             |   |   | No Change                           |
| 2A            |   |   | No Change                           |
| 2B            | Exhibit 7 Item 16 All Pages (16 pages)        | Exhibit 7 Item 16 All Pages (16 pages)      | Exhibit 7 Item 16 has been updated. |
| 2C            |   |   | No Change                           |
| 2D            |   |   | No Change                           |
| 2E            |   |   | No Change                           |
| 3             |   |   | No Change                           |
| 4             |   |   | No Change                           |
| 4             |   |   | No Change                           |
| 5A            |   |   | No Change                           |
| 5B            |   |   | No Change                           |
| 6             |   |   | No Change                           |
| 7             |   |   | No Change                           |
| 8             |   |   | No Change                           |
| 9             |   |   | No Change                           |
| 10            |   |   | No Change                           |
| 12            |   |   | No Change                           |
| 13            |   |   | No Change                           |
| 14            |   |   | No Change                           |
| 15            |   |   | No Change                           |
| 16            |   |   | No Change                           |
| 17            |   |   | No Change                           |
| 18A           |   |   | No Change                           |
| 18B           |   |   | No Change                           |
| 18C           |   |   | No Change                           |

## CHANGE SHEET FOR PERMIT REVISIONS, TECHNICAL REVISION, AND MINOR REVISIONS

Mine Company Name: Colowyo Coal Company

Permit Number: **C-1981-019**

Date: **December 21, 2021**

Revision Description: **TR-150 Salinity Study**

| Volume<br>Number | Page, Map or other Permit<br>Entry to be<br>REMOVED | Page, Map or other Permit<br>Entry to be<br>ADDED | Description of Change |
|------------------|---|---|-----------------------|
| 18D              |   |   | No Change             |
| 19               |   |   | No Change             |
| 20               |   |   | No Change             |
| 21               |   |   | No Change             |
| 22               |   |   | No Change             |

# Colowyo Mine

## SALINITY MATERIAL DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

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DECEMBER 2021

**PREPARED BY:**



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Fort Collins, CO 80526  
Telephone: (303) 818-1978

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# Colowyo Mine

## SALINITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT

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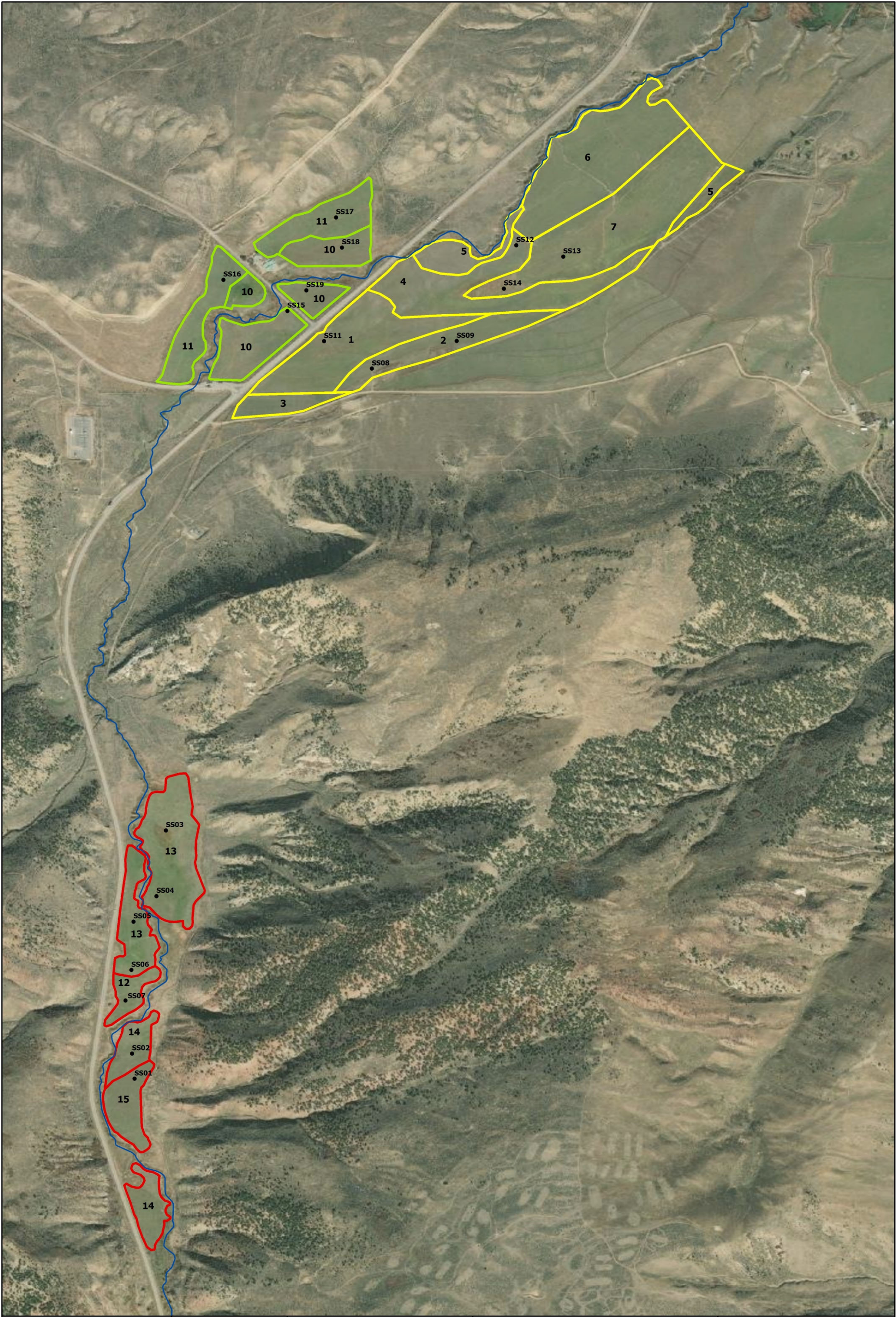
### 1.0 INTRODUCTION


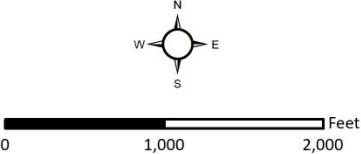
This Salinity Impact Assessment has been prepared by Cedar Creek Associates, Inc. (Cedar Creek) for the Colowyo Mine. This assessment was conducted in accordance with the requirements of the Regulations of the Colorado Mined Land Reclamation Board for Coal Mining. Rule 2.05.6(3)(b)(iii) requires that the permit applicant estimate the likely hydrologic impacts through an analysis known as the Probable Hydrologic Consequences (PHC)(Rule 2.05.6(3)(b)(iii). Colorado Division of Reclamation, Mining, and Safety is required by Rule 2.07.6(2)(c) to use this and other hydrologic information to determine whether the operation is preventing material damage outside the permit area. This assessment included data collection pertaining to water quality, soils evaluation, and vegetation composition of the irrigated fields.

The Colowyo Mine is located approximately 28 miles south of Craig, Colorado. Colowyo uses surface mining methods to remove multiple coal seams in the upper coal group of the upper Williams Fork formation. The Trout Creek Sandstone lies some 800 feet below the lowest coal seam that is mined, and the only regional aquifer in the vicinity of Colowyo is below the Trout Creek Sandstone. No regional ground water system exists above the flood plain of Goodspring Creek other than very isolated, perched aquifers. The Colowyo Mine is bisected by a number of tributaries of Milk Creek prior to entering the Yampa River. The Yampa/Milk Creek confluence marks the furthest downstream extent of potential cumulative surface water impacts to the Yampa River due to all mining in the region.

This study evaluates potential salinity impacts to irrigation waters from discharges within Goodspring Creek only. Taylor Creek was not evaluated as part of this study as the only water right available on Taylor Creek are used for industrial activities. Further, the water right on Taylor Creek does not have infrastructure to convey irrigation water, nor are there any fields down gradient of this water right that can be or have been historically irrigated from this one water right. Irrigation water from Goodspring Creek is used down gradient of Colowyo's lowest discharge point to Goodspring Creek. Based on information provided by Colowyo, there are approximately 259 acres of irrigated fields where irrigation water from Goodspring Creek is used. Figure 1 displays the fields irrigated by Goodspring Creek.





|   |  |  |   |   |
|---|--|--|---|---|
|  | <p>Coordinate System:<br/>UTM NAD83 z13N</p> <p>Sources:<br/>Cedar Creek</p> |  <p>0 1,000 2,000 Feet</p> | <p><b>Legend</b></p> <p>• Soil Sample Sites</p> <p>— Goodspring Creek</p> <p><b>Field Name</b></p> <p><span style="border: 1px solid green; padding: 2px;"> </span> Cox</p> <p><span style="border: 1px solid red; padding: 2px;"> </span> Elkhorn &amp; Streeter</p> <p><span style="border: 1px solid yellow; padding: 2px;"> </span> Proctor</p> | <p><b>Colowyo Mine</b></p> <p>Figure 1</p> <p>Salinity Assessment</p> |
|---|--|--|---|---|



## 2.0 FIELD COMPOSITION AND SALINITY TOLERANCES

In June of 2021, Cedar Creek traveled to the irrigated fields to evaluate the plant composition of the irrigated fields. As defined on Table 1, Cedar Creek subdivided the irrigated fields into 11 subparts based on dominant composition. The dominant species observed were smooth brome (*Bromus inermis*), alfalfa (*Medicago sativa*), and tall fescue (*Festuca arundinacea*) along with other less dominant pasture grasses and forbs. None of the fields are managed monocultures (e.g. alfalfa fields). Rather, the fields are typically comprised of both alfalfa and pasture grasses in varying dominances.

The ability of the solution to carry a current is called electrical conductivity (EC). EC is measured in deci-Siemens per meter (dS/m). The salinity tolerance (the EC where crops yield begin to diminish) of dominant species on each field were determined using Colorado State University Extension fact sheets 0.503 - Managing Saline Soils and 7.227 - Growing Turf on Salt-Affected Sites. Pettygrove and Asano (1985) indicate that yield reductions for moderately sensitive crops could be expected to result from irrigation water having conductivities between 0.75 and 2.0 dS/m, while the threshold for moderately tolerant species would range between 2.1 and 4.0 dS/m. For tolerant crops, the threshold range would be 4.0 to 6.5 dS/m. The authors indicate that, for salt sensitive species, irrigation water threshold level would be reached at EC levels below 0.75 dS/m. Table 1 displays the dominant species, relative composition, species salinity tolerance using EC (dS/m), divisions for classifying crop tolerance to salinity (Pettygrove and Asano 1985), and the field subpart salinity tolerance using electrical conductivity (dS/m).

| Table 1 Colowyo - Salinity Study - 2021   |               |         |                               |                         |                      |   |  |   |
|---|---------------|---------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|---|--|---|
| Field Composition and Salinity Tolerances |               |         |                               |                         |                      |   |  |   |
| Field                                     | Field Subpart | Acreage | Dominant Species              | Common Name             | Relative Composition | Species Salinity Threshold - Electrical Conductivity (dS/m) | Salt Tolerance Adapted from Maas (1986) and Pettygrove and Asano (1985). | Field Salinity Threshold - Electrical Conductivity (dS/m) |
| Cox                                       | 10            | 25.3    | <i>Bromus inermis</i>         | Smooth Brome            | 80%                  | 3.5   | Moderately Sensitive   | 3.75  |
|   |               |         | <i>Thinopyrum intermedium</i> | Intermediate Wheatgrass | 10%                  | 7.5   | Tolerant   |   |
|   |               |         | <i>Medicago sativa</i>        | Alfalfa                 | 5%                   | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   |   |
|   |               |         | Other Grasses and Forbs       |                         | 5%                   | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   |   |
|   | 11            | 22.1    | <i>Medicago sativa</i>        | Alfalfa                 | 80%                  | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   | 2.43  |
|   |               |         | <i>Bromus inermis</i>         | Smooth Brome            | 10%                  | 3.5   | Moderately Tolerant  |   |
|   |               |         | <i>Thinopyrum intermedium</i> | Intermediate Wheatgrass | 5%                   | 7.5   | Tolerant   |   |
|   |               |         | Other Grasses and Forbs       |                         | 5%                   | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   |   |
| Cox Summary                               |               | 47.4    |                               |                         | 100%                 |   | Moderately Sensitive   | 3.13  |
| Elkhorn & Streeter                        | 12            | 4.1     | <i>Medicago sativa</i>        | Alfalfa                 | 50%                  | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   | 3.25  |
|   |               |         | <i>Pascopyrum smithii</i>     | Western Wheatgrass      | 20%                  | 7.5   | Tolerant   |   |
|   |               |         | <i>Poa bulbosa</i>            | Bulbous Bluegrass       | 10%                  | 3.5   | Moderately Tolerant  |   |
|   |               |         | Other Grasses and Forbs       |                         | 20%                  | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   |   |
|   | 13            | 30.2    | <i>Festuca arundinacea</i>    | Tall Fescue             | 35%                  | 3.9   | Moderately Tolerant  | 3.01  |
|   |               |         | <i>Juncus balticus</i>        | Baltic Rush             | 25%                  | 3.5   | Moderately Tolerant  |   |
|   |               |         | <i>Carex nebrascensis</i>     | Nebraska Sedge          | 10%                  | 3.5   | Moderately Tolerant  |   |
|   |               |         | <i>Poa compressa</i>          | Canada Bluegrass        | 10%                  | 3.5   | Moderately Tolerant  |   |
|   |               |         | Other Grasses and Forbs       |                         | 20%                  | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   |   |
|   | 14            | 11.6    | <i>Poa secunda</i>            | Sandberg's Bluegrass    | 35%                  | 3.5   | Moderately Tolerant  | 4.28  |
|   |               |         | <i>Carex sp.</i>              | Sedge                   | 25%                  | 3.5   | Moderately Tolerant  |   |
|   |               |         | <i>Pascopyrum smithii</i>     | Western Wheatgrass      | 25%                  | 7.5   | Tolerant   |   |
|   |               |         | Other Grasses and Forbs       |                         | 15%                  | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   |   |
|   | 15            | 7.6     | <i>Medicago sativa</i>        | Alfalfa                 | 45%                  | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   | 3.93  |
|   |               |         | <i>Pascopyrum smithii</i>     | Western Wheatgrass      | 35%                  | 7.5   | Tolerant   |   |
|   |               |         | Other Grasses and Forbs       |                         | 20%                  | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   |   |
| Elkhorn & Streeter Summary                |               |         | 53.5                          |                         |                      | 100%  |  |   |
| Proctor                                   | 1             | 25.3    | <i>Festuca arundinacea</i>    | Tall Fescue             | 45%                  | 3.9   | Moderately Tolerant  | 5.33  |
|   |               |         | <i>Thinopyrum intermedium</i> | Intermediate Wheatgrass | 45%                  | 7.5   | Tolerant   |   |
|   |               |         | Other Grasses and Forbs       |                         | 10%                  | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   |   |
|   | 2             | 13.8    | <i>Bromus inermis</i>         | Smooth Brome            | 40%                  | 3.5   | Moderately Tolerant  | 2.60  |
|   |               |         | <i>Medicago sativa</i>        | Alfalfa                 | 30%                  | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   |   |
|   |               |         | Other Grasses and Forbs       |                         | 30%                  | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   |   |
|   | 3             | 5.3     | <i>Bromus inermis</i>         | Smooth Brome            | 40%                  | 3.5   | Moderately Tolerant  | 2.98  |
|   |               |         | <i>Medicago sativa</i>        | Alfalfa                 | 30%                  | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   |   |
|   |               |         | <i>Poa bulbosa</i>            | Bulbous Bluegrass       | 25%                  | 3.5   | Moderately Tolerant  |   |
|   |               |         | Other Grasses and Forbs       |                         | 5%                   | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   |   |
|   | 4             | 27.3    | <i>Festuca arundinacea</i>    | Tall Fescue             | 45%                  | 3.9   | Moderately Tolerant  | 5.21  |
|   |               |         | <i>Thinopyrum intermedium</i> | Intermediate Wheatgrass | 40%                  | 7.5   | Tolerant   |   |
|   |               |         | <i>Poa compressa</i>          | Canada Bluegrass        | 10%                  | 3.5   | Moderately Tolerant  |   |
|   |               |         | Other Grasses and Forbs       |                         | 5%                   | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   |   |
|   | 5             | 9.6     | <i>Bromus inermis</i>         | Smooth Brome            | 35%                  | 3.5   | Moderately Tolerant  | 3.90  |
|   |               |         | <i>Thinopyrum intermedium</i> | Intermediate Wheatgrass | 20%                  | 7.5   | Tolerant   |   |
|   |               |         | <i>Festuca arundinacea</i>    | Tall Fescue             | 20%                  | 3.9   | Moderately Tolerant  |   |
|   |               |         | <i>Medicago sativa</i>        | Alfalfa                 | 15%                  | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   |   |
|   |               |         | Other Grasses and Forbs       |                         | 10%                  | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   |   |
|   | 6             | 35.9    | <i>Medicago sativa</i>        | Alfalfa                 | 90%                  | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   | 2.55  |
|   |               |         | <i>Thinopyrum intermedium</i> | Intermediate Wheatgrass | 10%                  | 7.5   | Tolerant   |   |
|   | 7             | 40.9    | <i>Carex sp.</i>              | Sedge                   | 40%                  | 3.5   | Moderately Tolerant  | 3.20  |
|   |               |         | <i>Phleum pratense</i>        | Timothy                 | 20%                  | 3.5   | Moderately Tolerant  |   |
|   |               |         | <i>Bromus inermis</i>         | Smooth Brome            | 20%                  | 3.5   | Moderately Tolerant  |   |
|   |               |         | Other Grasses and Forbs       |                         | 20%                  | 2.0   | Moderately Sensitive   |   |
| Proctor Summary                           |               | 158.1   |                               |                         | 100%                 |   | Moderately Tolerant  | 3.72  |

### 3.0 SOILS EVALUATION

Salinity is measured by passing an electrical current through a soil solution extracted from a saturated soil sample. Figure 1 displays the soil samples collected from 0-6 inch depth to evaluate the existing salt content and other agronomic indicators. The 18 soil samples indicated EC ranging from 0.3 to 3.7 dS/m. The two highest EC's (3.7 and 3.6) were collected from the Proctor fields, which also receives comingled irrigation water from Milk Creek (Milk Creek was not evaluated under this study). However, EC values when averaged out for an entire field are well below the threshold (2.0 dS/m) for soils to be considered saline. Overall, salt deposition from irrigation water from Good Spring Creek is not occurring over the fields encompassing this study area.

| <b>Table 2 Colowyo - Salinity Study - 2021</b> |                    |                |                        |             |            |            |            |                    |             |             |                 |
|--|--------------------|----------------|------------------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|
| <b>Soil Laboratory Results</b>                 |                    |                |                        |             |            |            |            |                    |             |             |                 |
| <b>Field</b>                                   | <b>Sample ID #</b> | <b>EC dS/m</b> | <b>Ca</b>              | <b>Mg</b>   | <b>Na</b>  | <b>K</b>   | <b>SAR</b> | <b>Sand</b>        | <b>Silt</b> | <b>Clay</b> | <b>Texture</b>  |
|  |                    |                | <b>-----meq/L-----</b> |             |            |            |            | <b>-----%-----</b> |             |             |                 |
| <b>Cox</b>                                     | SS15               | 0.5            | 3.7                    | 4.0         | 1.3        | 0.9        | 0.7        | 32                 | 42          | 26          | Loam            |
|  | SS16               | 0.7            | 5.2                    | 6.8         | 1.4        | 0.9        | 0.6        | 58                 | 22          | 20          | Sandy Loam      |
|  | SS17               | 0.8            | 5.2                    | 7.1         | 0.5        | 1.6        | 0.2        | 48                 | 27          | 25          | Sandy Clay Loam |
|  | SS18               | 0.6            | 1.7                    | 5.5         | 4.8        | 0.5        | 2.6        | 24                 | 35          | 41          | Clay            |
|  | SS19               | 2.0            | 5.2                    | 23.3        | 12.2       | 1.9        | 3.2        | 22                 | 35          | 43          | Clay            |
| <b>Cox Average</b>                             |                    | <b>0.9</b>     | <b>4.2</b>             | <b>9.3</b>  | <b>4.0</b> | <b>1.2</b> | <b>1.5</b> | <b>37</b>          | <b>32</b>   | <b>31</b>   |                 |
| <b>Elkhorn &amp; Streeter</b>                  | SS1                | 0.7            | 3.4                    | 4.6         | 1.9        | 0.5        | 1.0        | 48                 | 32          | 20          | Loam            |
|  | SS2                | 1.3            | 7.2                    | 10.4        | 4.6        | 0.6        | 1.5        | 58                 | 27          | 15          | Sandy Loam      |
|  | SS3                | 0.6            | 4.1                    | 5.3         | 0.5        | 0.9        | 0.2        | 48                 | 35          | 17          | Loam            |
|  | SS4                | 3.4            | 20                     | 34.3        | 12.9       | 3.2        | 2.5        | 58                 | 25          | 17          | Sandy Loam      |
|  | SS5                | 1.9            | 10.4                   | 18.9        | 7.9        | 0.6        | 2.1        | 50                 | 29          | 21          | Loam            |
|  | SS6                | 1.0            | 6.3                    | 8.5         | 4.1        | 0.9        | 1.5        | 58                 | 28          | 14          | Sandy Loam      |
| <b>Elkhorn &amp; Proctor Average</b>           |                    | <b>1.6</b>     | <b>9.2</b>             | <b>14.4</b> | <b>5.6</b> | <b>1.3</b> | <b>1.5</b> | <b>55</b>          | <b>28</b>   | <b>17</b>   |                 |
| <b>Proctor</b>                                 | SS8                | 0.3            | 2.5                    | 1.7         | 0.1        | 1.6        | 0.1        | 74                 | 18          | 8           | Sandy Loam      |
|  | SS9                | 0.8            | 5.5                    | 6.3         | 0.7        | 2.0        | 0.3        | 56                 | 25          | 19          | Sandy Loam      |
|  | SS11               | 3.6            | 15.5                   | 39.6        | 15.2       | -          | 2.89       | 26                 | 48          | 26          | Loam            |
|  | SS12               | 0.4            | 2.2                    | 2.2         | 0.6        | 0.7        | 0.4        | 42                 | 35          | 23          | Loam            |
|  | SS13               | 3.7            | 19.9                   | 42.9        | 12.4       | 0.2        | 2.2        | 48                 | 19          | 33          | Sandy Clay Loam |
| <b>Proctor Average</b>                         |                    | <b>1.5</b>     | <b>8.2</b>             | <b>15.7</b> | <b>4.9</b> | <b>1.1</b> | <b>1.0</b> | <b>45</b>          | <b>32</b>   | <b>24</b>   | Clay Loam       |

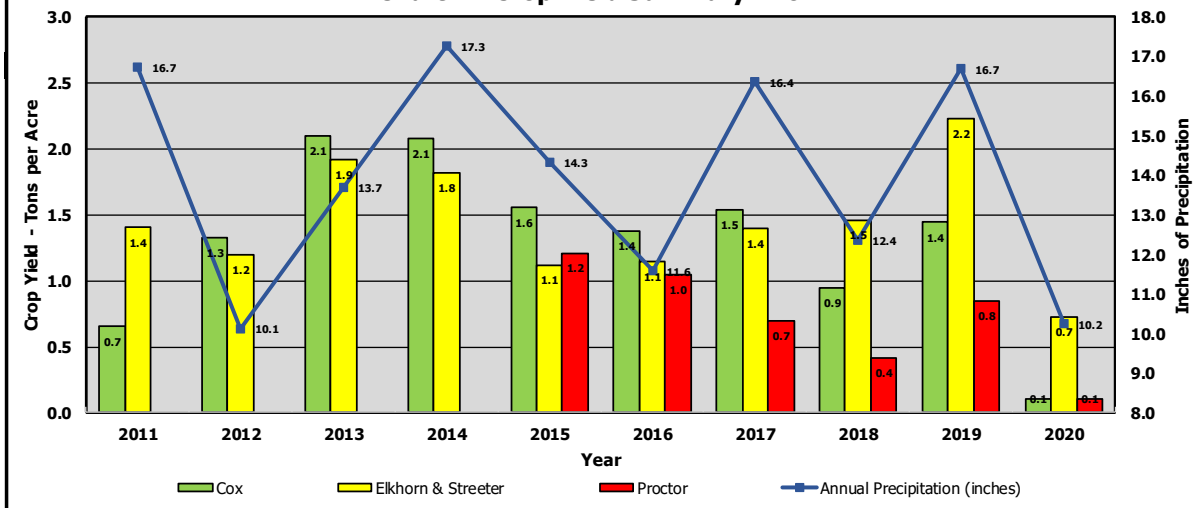
## 4.0 CROP YIELD

Total crop yields were available from 2011 to 2020 for the Cox and Elkhorn & Streeter fields and from 2015 to 2020 for the Proctor fields. Table 3 and Chart 1 display the acreage, total yield, and tons per acre for the Cox, Elkhorn & Streeter, and Proctor Fields. Since irrigation water used on these field are junior water rights, when dry years occur, these field often receive diminished irrigation water, which leads to diminished yields, or no irrigation water at all. In the Cox fields, the tons per acre yield ranged from 0.1 in 2020 (an exceedingly dry year and subject to the Streeter Fire) to 2.1 in 2013 and 2014. In the Elkhorn & Streeter fields, the tons per acre yield ranged from 0.7 in 2020 (an exceedingly dry year) to 2.2 in 2019. In the Proctor fields, the tons per acre yield ranged from 0.1 in 2020 (an exceedingly dry year and subject to the Streeter Fire) to 1.2 in 2015. Overall, there does not appear to be systematically diminishing crop yields, rather crop yields in any given year are more likely result of the availability and delivery of irrigation water.

**Table 3 Colowyo - Salinity Study - 2021**

| Crop Yield Summary |                    |      |      |       |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------------|--------------------|------|------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Field              |                    | 2011 | 2012 | 2013  | 2014 | 2015  | 2016  | 2017  | 2018  | 2019  | 2020  |
| Cox                | Acreage            | 47.4 | 47.4 | 47.4  | 47.4 | 47.4  | 47.4  | 47.4  | 47.4  | 47.4  | 47.4  |
|                    | Total Yield (Tons) | 31.1 | 62.8 | 99.6  | 98.3 | 73.6  | 65.4  | 73.0  | 44.9  | 68.4  | 5.0   |
|                    | Tons / Acre        | 0.7  | 1.3  | 2.1   | 2.1  | 1.6   | 1.4   | 1.5   | 0.9   | 1.4   | 0.1   |
| Elkhorn & Streeter | Acreage            | 53.5 | 53.5 | 53.5  | 53.5 | 53.5  | 53.5  | 53.5  | 53.5  | 53.5  | 53.5  |
|                    | Total Yield (Tons) | 75.0 | 64.0 | 102.4 | 97.4 | 59.8  | 61.1  | 74.5  | 78.0  | 119.3 | 38.8  |
|                    | Tons / Acre        | 1.4  | 1.2  | 1.9   | 1.8  | 1.1   | 1.1   | 1.4   | 1.5   | 2.2   | 0.7   |
| Proctor            | Acreage            | -    | -    | -     | -    | 158.1 | 158.1 | 158.1 | 158.1 | 158.1 | 158.1 |
|                    | Total Yield (Tons) | NA   | NA   | NA    | NA   | 191.0 | 165.2 | 110.0 | 66.3  | 133.9 | 16.6  |
|                    | Tons / Acre        | -    | -    | -     | -    | 1.2   | 1.0   | 0.7   | 0.4   | 0.8   | 0.1   |

**Chart 1 - Crop Yield Summary - 2021**





## 5.0 DATA DISCUSSION

Salt-affected soils develop from a wide range of factors including: soil type, field slope and drainage, irrigation system type and management, fertilizer and manuring practices, and other soil and water management practices. In Colorado, perhaps the most critical factor in predicting, managing, and reducing salt-affected soils is the quality of irrigation water being used. The primary effect of high EC water on crop productivity is the inability of the plant to compete with ions in the soil solution for water (physiological drought). The higher the EC, the less water is available to plants.

Excessive soil salinity reduces the yield of many crops. This ranges from a slight crop loss to complete crop failure, depending on the type of crop and the severity of the salinity problem. Plants are usually most sensitive to salt during the emergence and early seedling stages. Tolerance usually increases as the crop develops. The salt tolerance values apply only from the late seedling stage through maturity, during the period of most rapid plant growth. Saline soils cannot be reclaimed by chemical amendments, conditioners or fertilizers. A field can only be reclaimed by removing salts from the plant root zone. In some cases, selecting salt-tolerant crops may be needed in addition to managing soils.

Based on this assessment, salinity tolerances in the irrigated field subparts ranges from 2.43 (in alfalfa dominated fields) to 5.33 (in pasture grass dominated fields) ds/m. These field tolerances are based on the salt tolerant species planted in the fields. The 18 soil samples indicated EC ranging from 0.3 to 3.7 dS/m. Overall, the soil salinity presented on Table 2 is below the allowable salt tolerances (prior to crop reductions) presented on Table 1. Therefore, this indicates that crop yield reductions have not occurred. Collected crop yields, presented in Section 4.0 are a responsive to unpredictable volumes of irrigation water delivered to these fields, since they are junior water rights.

Under irrigated conditions in arid and semi-arid climates, the build-up of salinity in soils is inevitable. The severity and rapidity of build-up depends on a number of interacting factors such as the amount of dissolved salt in the irrigation water and the local climate. However, with proper management of soil moisture, irrigation system uniformity and efficiency, local drainage, and the right choice of crops, soil salinity can be managed to prolong field productivity.

## **6.0 DETERMINATION OF MATERIAL DAMAGE**

### **6.1 Regulatory Basis**

The 1988 Mined Land Reclamation Division report "A Description of the Material Damage Assessment Process Pertaining to Alluvial Valley Floors, Surface Water, Ground Water and Subsidence at Coal Mines" (MLRB 1988) describes the regulatory basis for material damage assessments:

The Colorado Surface Coal Mining Reclamation Act contains the following prohibition with respect to alluvial valley floors:

No permit or permit revision shall be approved unless it is demonstrated that the surface coal mining operations would not materially damage the quantity or quality of surface water or ground water systems that supply an alluvial valley floor (34-33-114(2)(e)).

The "Regulations of the Mined Land Reclamation Board For Coal Mining" define material damage with respect to alluvial valley floors as:

Changes in the quality or quantity of the water supply to any portion of an alluvial valley floor where such changes are caused by surface coal mining and reclamation operations and result in changes that significantly and adversely affect the composition, diversity or productivity of vegetation dependent on subirrigation, or which result in changes that would limit the adequacy of the water for flood irrigation of the irrigable land acreage existing prior to mining. (Rule 1.04(72)).

### **6.2 Irrigation Water Salinity**

Numerous studies have been conducted which relate plant growth and physiological functions to soil salinity. Most of the studies indicate that in the absence of soil moisture deficiency, crop yield is directly related to the average soil salinity in the portion of the root zone where maximum water uptake occurs during the growing season. These thresholds are based on agricultural species relative salt tolerance based on salinity level at initial yield decline and yield decrease per unit increase in salinity beyond the threshold level. The relationship between irrigation water salinity and soil solution salinity is greatly affected by irrigation frequency and by the percent of applied water which percolates below the rooting zone. The Mined Land Reclamation Board report (1988) uses an adjustment factor of 1.5 to account for applied irrigation water due to the concentrating effect of evapotranspiration when calculating field irrigation water conductance thresholds.

Table 4 presents the field salinity thresholds, which were calculated based on field observations of composition and Colorado State University Extension fact sheets 0.503 - Managing Saline Soils and 7.227 - Growing Turf on Salt-Affected Sites (described in Section 2.0), along with the field irrigation water conductance thresholds. Irrigation water quality (conductance) was provided by Colowyo, collected from the LGSC surface water monitoring location, which is located below Colowyo's lowest discharge point (Streeter Pond) on Goodspring Creek, but

above where the irrigation water is diverted to be utilized on these fields. The lab analyzed data spans from 4/7/1982 to 5/24/2021 and averages 1.72 dS/m (Table 5). If the LGSC conductance (1.72 dS/m) exceeds the field irrigation water quality thresholds, then a material damage assessment is warranted.

| <b>Table 4 Colowyo - Salinity Study - 2021</b> |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Material Damage Assessment</b>              |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Field Number</b>                            | <b>Field Salinity Threshold - Electrical Conductivity (dS/m)</b> | <b>Field Irrigation Water Quality Threshold - Conductance (dS/m)</b> | <b>Irrigation Water Quality - LGSC - Lab Collected Life of Mine Average (dS/m)</b> | <b>Material Damage Caclulation Warranted</b> |
| <b>Cox Fields</b>                              |  |  |  |  |
| 10   | 3.75   | 2.51   | 1.72   | No   |
| 11   | 2.43   | 1.63   | 1.72   | Yes  |
| <b>Summary</b>                                 | <b>3.13</b>  | <b>2.10</b>  | <b>1.72</b>  | <b>No</b>                                    |
| <b>Elkhorn &amp; Streeter Fields</b>           |  |  |  |  |
| 12   | 3.25   | 2.18   | 1.72   | No   |
| 13   | 3.01   | 2.02   | 1.72   | No   |
| 14   | 4.25   | 2.85   | 1.72   | No   |
| 15   | 3.93   | 2.63   | 1.72   | No   |
| <b>Summary</b>                                 | <b>3.43</b>  | <b>2.30</b>  | <b>1.72</b>  | <b>No</b>                                    |
| <b>Proctor Fields</b>                          |  |  |  |  |
| 1  | 5.33   | 3.57   | 1.72   | No   |
| 2  | 2.60   | 1.74   | 1.72   | No   |
| 3  | 2.98   | 2.00   | 1.72   | No   |
| 4  | 5.21   | 3.49   | 1.72   | No   |
| 5  | 3.90   | 2.61   | 1.72   | No   |
| 6  | 2.55   | 1.71   | 1.72   | Yes  |
| 7  | 3.20   | 2.14   | 1.72   | No   |
| <b>Summary</b>                                 | <b>3.72</b>  | <b>2.49</b>  | <b>1.72</b>  | <b>No</b>                                    |

**Table 5 Colowyo - Salinity Study - 2021****Lower Goodspring Creek Specific Conductance (Lab Collected)**

| Obs. # | Sample Date | umhos/cm | Obs. # | Sample Date | umhos/cm | Obs. # | Sample Date | umhos/cm | Obs. #                     | Sample Date | umhos/cm    |
|--------|-------------|----------|--------|-------------|----------|--------|-------------|----------|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1      | 4/7/1982    | 1410     | 91     | 3/27/1990   | 1450     | 181    | 11/18/1997  | 1660     | 271                        | 6/25/2005   | 1500        |
| 2      | 6/14/1982   | 1100     | 92     | 4/30/1990   | 1920     | 182    | 12/8/1997   | 1650     | 272                        | 7/19/2005   | 1600        |
| 3      | 7/6/1982    | 1220     | 93     | 5/30/1990   | 1870     | 183    | 1/6/1998    | 1880     | 273                        | 8/22/2005   | 1820        |
| 4      | 7/12/1982   | 1250     | 94     | 6/29/1990   | 1970     | 184    | 2/19/1998   | 1790     | 274                        | 9/14/2005   | 1970        |
| 5      | 3/29/1983   | 1370     | 95     | 7/19/1990   | 1960     | 185    | 3/6/1998    | 1800     | 275                        | 9/16/2005   | 1850        |
| 6      | 5/5/1983    | 1030     | 96     | 8/9/1990    | 2040     | 186    | 4/9/1998    | 1450     | 276                        | 10/17/2005  | 1700        |
| 7      | 6/15/1983   | 1170     | 97     | 9/5/1990    | 1950     | 187    | 4/27/1998   | 1170     | 277                        | 11/21/2005  | 1820        |
| 8      | 7/6/1983    | 1070     | 98     | 9/21/1990   | 2180     | 188    | 6/11/1998   | 1370     | 278                        | 12/13/2005  | 1980        |
| 9      | 7/14/1983   | 1320     | 99     | 11/9/1990   | 2120     | 189    | 7/6/1998    | 1520     | 279                        | 1/18/2006   | 1740        |
| 10     | 7/25/1983   | 1270     | 100    | 2/25/1991   | 1810     | 190    | 8/3/1998    | 1550     | 280                        | 2/21/2006   | 1860        |
| 11     | 8/1/1983    | 1290     | 101    | 3/28/1991   | 2140     | 191    | 9/10/1998   | 1710     | 281                        | 3/15/2006   | 1810        |
| 12     | 8/9/1983    | 1350     | 102    | 4/16/1991   | 1750     | 192    | 10/8/1998   | 1740     | 282                        | 4/12/2006   | 1580        |
| 13     | 8/19/1983   | 1350     | 103    | 5/17/1991   | 1760     | 193    | 11/5/1998   | 1840     | 283                        | 5/18/2006   | 1600        |
| 14     | 8/26/1983   | 1380     | 104    | 6/26/1991   | 1980     | 194    | 12/14/1998  | 1920     | 284                        | 6/6/2006    | 1860        |
| 15     | 9/2/1983    | 1310     | 105    | 7/23/1991   | 1540     | 195    | 1/7/1999    | 1810     | 285                        | 7/25/2006   | 1920        |
| 16     | 9/9/1983    | 1430     | 106    | 8/19/1991   | 1750     | 196    | 2/22/1999   | 1890     | 286                        | 8/23/2006   | 2040        |
| 17     | 9/16/1983   | 1200     | 107    | 9/30/1991   | 2320     | 197    | 3/3/1999    | 1720     | 287                        | 9/20/2006   | 1840        |
| 18     | 9/23/1983   | 1200     | 108    | 10/16/1991  | 1710     | 198    | 4/6/1999    | 1720     | 288                        | 10/16/2006  | 1900        |
| 19     | 9/27/1983   | 1300     | 109    | 11/15/1991  | 2570     | 199    | 5/17/1999   | 1250     | 289                        | 11/15/2006  | 1880        |
| 20     | 10/4/1983   | 1300     | 110    | 12/18/1991  | 2510     | 200    | 6/10/1999   | 1420     | 290                        | 12/13/2006  | 1830        |
| 21     | 10/12/1983  | 1200     | 111    | 1/22/1992   | 2220     | 201    | 7/6/1999    | 1620     | 291                        | 2/7/2007    | 1530        |
| 22     | 10/20/1983  | 1300     | 112    | 2/10/1992   | 1930     | 202    | 8/19/1999   | 1640     | 292                        | 3/13/2007   | 1600        |
| 23     | 10/27/1983  | 1320     | 113    | 3/26/1992   | 1640     | 203    | 9/3/1999    | 1720     | 293                        | 4/9/2007    | 1400        |
| 24     | 11/18/1983  | 1030     | 114    | 4/28/1992   | 1560     | 204    | 10/13/1999  | 1920     | 294                        | 5/15/2007   | 1500        |
| 25     | 12/12/1983  | 1500     | 115    | 5/14/1992   | 1730     | 205    | 11/11/1999  | 1880     | 295                        | 6/11/2007   | 1850        |
| 26     | 3/13/1984   | 1210     | 116    | 6/23/1992   | 161      | 206    | 12/6/1999   | 1850     | 296                        | 7/17/2007   | 1860        |
| 27     | 4/30/1984   | 1010     | 117    | 7/6/1992    | 1830     | 207    | 1/7/2000    | 1820     | 297                        | 8/14/2007   | 1860        |
| 28     | 5/31/1984   | 1090     | 118    | 8/17/1992   | 1880     | 208    | 2/7/2000    | 1780     | 298                        | 9/20/2007   | 1840        |
| 29     | 7/25/1984   | 1360     | 119    | 9/30/1992   | 1700     | 209    | 3/7/2000    | 1730     | 299                        | 10/16/2007  | 1790        |
| 30     | 8/13/1984   | 1740     | 120    | 10/15/1992  | 1700     | 210    | 4/17/2000   | 1550     | 300                        | 11/8/2007   | 1930        |
| 31     | 9/6/1984    | 1670     | 121    | 11/23/1992  | 1820     | 211    | 6/5/2000    | 1570     | 301                        | 12/18/2007  | 1880        |
| 32     | 10/2/1984   | 1790     | 122    | 12/17/1992  | 1940     | 212    | 7/3/2000    | 1700     | 302                        | 1/15/2008   | 1940        |
| 33     | 11/1/1984   | 1600     | 123    | 1/19/1993   | 2820     | 213    | 7/31/2000   | 1730     | 303                        | 2/13/2008   | 1830        |
| 34     | 11/6/1984   | 1600     | 124    | 2/27/1993   | 1990     | 214    | 8/21/2000   | 1890     | 304                        | 3/11/2008   | 1470        |
| 35     | 11/16/1984  | 1920     | 125    | 3/13/1993   | 1690     | 215    | 9/7/2000    | 1880     | 305                        | 4/15/2008   | 1420        |
| 36     | 12/12/1984  | 1990     | 126    | 4/21/1993   | 1710     | 216    | 10/2/2000   | 1790     | 306                        | 5/12/2008   | 1180        |
| 37     | 2/22/1985   | 1870     | 127    | 5/27/1993   | 861      | 217    | 11/8/2000   | 1920     | 307                        | 6/18/2008   | 1420        |
| 38     | 4/30/1985   | 1110     | 128    | 6/1/1993    | 923      | 218    | 12/4/2000   | 1860     | 308                        | 8/13/2008   | 1650        |
| 39     | 5/31/1985   | 1580     | 129    | 7/30/1993   | 1740     | 219    | 1/2/2001    | 1750     | 309                        | 11/10/2008  | 1790        |
| 40     | 6/28/1985   | 2050     | 130    | 8/23/1993   | 1710     | 220    | 2/5/2001    | 1620     | 310                        | 3/17/2009   | 1610        |
| 41     | 7/29/1985   | 2000     | 131    | 9/14/1993   | 1070     | 221    | 3/5/2001    | 1630     | 311                        | 6/3/2009    | 1590        |
| 42     | 8/21/1985   | 2170     | 132    | 10/19/1993  | 1724     | 222    | 4/16/2001   | 1640     | 312                        | 8/19/2009   | 1780        |
| 43     | 9/18/1985   | 1980     | 133    | 11/30/1993  | 1770     | 223    | 5/7/2001    | 1450     | 313                        | 11/2/2009   | 1750        |
| 44     | 10/16/1985  | 1910     | 134    | 12/1/1993   | 1780     | 224    | 6/15/2001   | 1370     | 314                        | 2/23/2010   | 1710        |
| 45     | 10/30/1985  | 1860     | 135    | 1/18/1994   | 1761     | 225    | 7/5/2001    | 1750     | 315                        | 5/5/2010    | 1100        |
| 46     | 11/26/1985  | 1720     | 136    | 2/27/1994   | 1090     | 226    | 8/6/2001    | 1740     | 316                        | 8/3/2010    | 1680        |
| 47     | 12/26/1985  | 1860     | 137    | 3/21/1994   | 1650     | 227    | 9/20/2001   | 1950     | 317                        | 11/4/2010   | 1730        |
| 48     | 1/28/1986   | 1940     | 138    | 4/19/1994   | 1697     | 228    | 10/1/2001   | 2000     | 318                        | 3/21/2011   | 1580        |
| 49     | 2/24/1986   | 1700     | 139    | 5/31/1994   | 1750     | 229    | 10/17/2001  | 1140     | 319                        | 5/3/2011    | 1130        |
| 50     | 3/27/1986   | 1630     | 140    | 6/1/1994    | 1744     | 230    | 11/5/2001   | 1600     | 320                        | 8/17/2011   | 1680        |
| 51     | 4/29/1986   | 1220     | 141    | 7/22/1994   | 1920     | 231    | 12/5/2001   | 1950     | 321                        | 11/10/2011  | 1970        |
| 52     | 5/30/1986   | 1440     | 142    | 8/23/1994   | 1860     | 232    | 1/2/2002    | 1950     | 322                        | 3/13/2012   | 1230        |
| 53     | 6/17/1986   | 1650     | 143    | 9/30/1994   | 2060     | 233    | 2/11/2002   | 1860     | 323                        | 5/14/2012   | 1780        |
| 54     | 7/24/1986   | 1690     | 144    | 10/21/1994  | 2010     | 234    | 3/14/2002   | 1580     | 324                        | 8/2/2012    | 2190        |
| 55     | 8/4/1986    | 1670     | 145    | 11/18/1994  | 1750     | 235    | 4/5/2002    | 1740     | 325                        | 10/31/2012  | 2240        |
| 56     | 9/25/1986   | 1720     | 146    | 12/13/1994  | 2080     | 236    | 5/8/2002    | 1970     | 326                        | 3/12/2013   | 2080        |
| 57     | 10/13/1986  | 1850     | 147    | 1/18/1995   | 1870     | 237    | 6/28/2002   | 2020     | 327                        | 5/21/2013   | 1780        |
| 58     | 11/25/1986  | 1810     | 148    | 2/28/1995   | 1820     | 238    | 7/8/2002    | 2060     | 328                        | 7/30/2013   | 2150        |
| 59     | 12/31/1986  | 1920     | 149    | 3/15/1995   | 1820     | 239    | 8/2/2002    | 2190     | 329                        | 11/18/2013  | 2350        |
| 60     | 2/12/1987   | 1710     | 150    | 4/26/1995   | 1840     | 240    | 10/3/2002   | 2450     | 330                        | 3/19/2014   | 1770        |
| 61     | 3/24/1987   | 1830     | 151    | 5/23/1995   | 1040     | 241    | 10/24/2002  | 2320     | 331                        | 5/20/2014   | 1380        |
| 62     | 5/1/1987    | 1080     | 152    | 6/19/1995   | 1190     | 242    | 12/13/2002  | 2140     | 332                        | 8/28/2014   | 2100        |
| 63     | 6/2/1987    | 1600     | 153    | 7/26/1995   | 1540     | 243    | 1/23/2003   | 2070     | 333                        | 11/6/2014   | 2230        |
| 64     | 7/20/1987   | 1840     | 154    | 8/24/1995   | 1640     | 244    | 2/12/2003   | 2050     | 334                        | 1/14/2015   | 2070        |
| 65     | 8/18/1987   | 1710     | 155    | 9/13/1995   | 1640     | 245    | 3/10/2003   | 1730     | 335                        | 4/8/2015    | 1830        |
| 66     | 9/14/1987   | 1840     | 156    | 10/25/1995  | 1890     | 246    | 4/1/2003    | 1840     | 336                        | 8/4/2015    | 1830        |
| 67     | 10/21/1987  | 1830     | 157    | 11/29/1995  | 1820     | 247    | 5/28/2003   | 1750     | 337                        | 10/21/2015  | 2100        |
| 68     | 11/25/1987  | 1950     | 158    | 12/5/1995   | 1710     | 248    | 6/2/2003    | 1700     | 338                        | 2/25/2016   | 1760        |
| 69     | 12/21/1987  | 1770     | 159    | 1/3/1996    | 1890     | 249    | 7/1/2003    | 1930     | 339                        | 4/27/2016   | 1200        |
| 70     | 2/1/1988    | 1590     | 160    | 2/20/1996   | 1310     | 250    | 8/7/2003    | 2270     | 340                        | 9/13/2016   | 1850        |
| 71     | 3/1/1988    | 1600     | 161    | 3/18/1996   | 1550     | 251    | 9/2/2003    | 2310     | 341                        | 11/22/2016  | 1810        |
| 72     | 3/31/1988   | 1410     | 162    | 4/1/1996    | 1800     | 252    | 10/7/2003   | 1700     | 342                        | 3/16/2017   | 1340        |
| 73     | 4/20/1988   | 1410     | 163    | 5/6/1996    | 1416     | 253    | 11/11/2003  | 2080     | 343                        | 5/23/2017   | 1520        |
| 74     | 5/31/1988   | 1240     | 164    | 6/3/1996    | 1567     | 254    | 12/1/2003   | 1690     | 344                        | 9/19/2017   | 2020        |
| 75     | 6/27/1988   | 1520     | 165    | 7/1/1996    | 1625     | 255    | 1/21/2004   | 2060     | 345                        | 11/30/2017  | 1980        |
| 76     | 7/29/1988   | 1660     | 166    | 8/8/1996    | 1709     | 256    | 2/16/2004   | 1810     | 346                        | 3/14/2018   | 1600        |
| 77     | 8/16/1988   | 1720     | 167    | 9/26/1996   | 1886     | 257    | 3/11/2004   | 1870     | 347                        | 5/1/2018    | 1820        |
| 78     | 9/19/1988   | 1810     | 168    | 10/3/1996   | 2036     | 258    | 4/5/2004    | 1800     | 348                        | 8/21/2018   | 3300        |
| 79     | 10/12/1988  | 1750     | 169    | 11/19/1996  | 1623     | 259    | 5/4/2004    | 1740     | 349                        | 11/28/2018  | 2040        |
| 80     | 11/30/1988  | 1750     | 170    | 12/18/1996  | 1937     | 260    | 6/17/2004   | 1780     | 350                        | 3/5/2019    | 2070        |
| 81     | 12/6/1988   | 1860     | 171    | 1/19/1997   | 1699     | 261    | 7/19/2004   | 1840     | 351                        | 5/15/2019   | 1260        |
| 82     | 2/22/1989   | 1800     | 172    | 2/26/1997   | 1681     | 262    | 8/10/2004   | 1880     | 352                        | 9/19/2019   | 2110        |
| 83     | 3/30/1989   | 1120     | 173    | 3/19/1997   | 1446     | 263    | 10/5/2004   | 1830     | 353                        | 11/12/2019  | 2120        |
| 84     | 5/1/1989    | 1640     | 174    | 4/21/1997   | 1170     | 264    | 11/1/2004   | 1800     | 354                        | 3/9/2020    | 1800        |
| 85     | 5/26/1989   | 2000     | 175    | 5/20/1997   | 1020     | 265    | 12/14/2004  | 2010     | 355                        | 6/4/2020    | 1840        |
| 86     | 7/27/1989   | 1920     | 176    | 6/26/1997   | 1440     | 266    | 1/6/2005    | 2070     | 356                        | 9/14/2020   | 2490        |
| 87     | 10/4/1989   | 2040     | 177    | 7/9/1997    | 1490     | 267    | 2/10/2005   | 2070     | 357                        | 12/10/2020  | 2400        |
| 88     | 12/4/1989   | 2200     | 178    | 8/14/1997   | 1570     | 268    | 3/9/2005    | 1820     | 358                        | 3/23/2021   | 1900        |
| 89     | 12/28/1989  | 2150     | 179    | 9/11/1997   | 1620     | 269    | 4/20/2005   | 1540     | 359                        | 5/24/2021   | 2110        |
| 90     | 2/28/1990   | 1820     | 180    | 10/30/1997  | 1490     | 270    | 5/23/2005   | 851      | <b>Average Conductance</b> |             | <b>1721</b> |



### **6.3 Material Damage Assessment**

There are two fields where a material damage assessment was warranted as shown on Table 4. On Cox field 11, the irrigation water from LGSC water exhibits 1.72 dS/m which exceeds the field salinity threshold, calculated to be 1.63 dS/m. On Proctor field 6, the irrigation water from LGSC water exhibits 1.72 dS/m which exceeds the field salinity threshold, calculated to be 1.71 dS/m. Both of these fields are dominated by the moderately sensitive alfalfa.

The formula " $Y = 100 - Bw (ECw - Aw)$ " developed by Maas and Hoffman (1977) modified for irrigation water would be used to predict crop yield loss, where:

$Y$  = Relative Yield

$Aw$  = Salinity Threshold (irrigation water)

$ECw$  = Predicted Conductivity (irrigation water)

$Bw$  = Percent Yield Decrease Per Unit Increase in Conductivity of Irrigation Water

The equation is based on the assumption that a 3% loss would be significant to a small operation while the largest operations could absorb production losses of up to 10% (MLRB 1988).

As shown on Table 7, field specific percent yield decrease per unit increase in conductivity of irrigation water was calculated for Cox field 11 (6.80%) and Proctor field 6 (7.10%). The species-specific decreased yield per unit increase in conductivity were calculated using 'Table 3: Potential yield reduction from saline soils for selected crops' from Colorado State University Extension fact sheet 0.503 - Managing Saline Soils. This table presents EC values when crops begin to display production decline as well as EC values when crops exhibit a 10% decrease. Using those values, percent yield decrease per unit can be calculated. Based on these calculated values, the field salinity thresholds, and the field irrigation water conductance thresholds, the material damage formula yield a crop yield reduction of 0.62% on Cox field 11 and 0.08% on Proctor field 6. Both values are vastly below the 3% threshold for significance demonstrating that no material damage has occurred.

| <b>Table 7 Colowyo - Salinity Study - 2021</b>                                      |               |                               |                         |                      |  |                             |
|---|---------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>Percent Yield Decrease Per Unit Increase in Conductivity of Irrigation Water</b> |               |                               |                         |                      |  |                             |
| Field   | Field Subpart | Dominant Species              | Common Name             | Relative Composition | Percent Yield Decrease Per Unit Increase in Conductivity of Irrigation Water |                             |
|   |               |                               |                         |                      | By Species   | By Field (weighted average) |
| Cox   | 11            | <i>Medicago sativa</i>        | Alfalfa                 | 80%                  | 7.14   | <b>6.80</b>                 |
|   |               | <i>Bromus inermis</i>         | Smooth Brome            | 10%                  | 4.00   |                             |
|   |               | <i>Thinopyrum intermedium</i> | Intermediate Wheatgrass | 5%                   | 6.67   |                             |
|   |               | Other Grasses and Forbs       |                         | 5%                   | 7.14   |                             |
| Proctor   | 6             | <i>Medicago sativa</i>        | Alfalfa                 | 90%                  | 7.14   | <b>7.10</b>                 |
|   |               | <i>Thinopyrum intermedium</i> | Intermediate Wheatgrass | 10%                  | 6.67   |                             |

#### **6.4 Species Level Material Damage Assessment**

On the two fields where a material damage assessment was warranted, a conservative species level damage assessment was implemented. This entails conducting a material damage assessment on the most salt sensitive species (alfalfa) as if it were the only species in the field (Table 8). The resulting calculation is the same for both fields. In this species level assessment, the field salinity threshold is lowered to the most sensitive species (alfalfa - 2.00 dS/m). Based on the field salinity threshold, the effective field irrigation water quality threshold is 1.34 dS/m. Finally, the percent yield decrease per unit increase is specific to alfalfa. Therefore, the species level material damage assessment on the alfalfa in fields 11 and 6 resulted in a yield reduction of 2.72% based on the life of mine average irrigation water from Goodspring Creek (1.72 dS/m). This value is below the 3% threshold for significance demonstrating that no material damage has occurred.

| <b>Table 8 Colowyo - Salinity Study - 2021</b>  |   |   |   |  |                     |
|---|---|---|---|--|---------------------|
| <b>Species Level Material Damage Assessment</b> |   |   |   |  |                     |
| Field Number                                    | Field Salinity Threshold - Electrical Conductivity (dS/m) | Field Irrigation Water Quality Threshold - Conductance (dS/m) | Irrigation Water Quality - Lower Goodspring Creek - Lab Collected Life of Mine Average (dS/m) | Percent Yield Decrease Per Unit Increase in Conductivity of Irrigation Water (%) | Yield Reduction (%) |
| 11  | 2.00  | 1.34  | 1.72  | 7.14   | 2.72                |
| 6   | 2.00  | 1.34  | 1.72  | 7.14   | 2.72                |

## **6.5 Material Damage Conclusion**

This assessment was implemented to evaluate whether irrigation water contains salinity values which are causing materials damage to Cox, Elkhorn & Streeter, and Proctor fields on Goodspring Creek. In addition, implementation of the study included collection of data and additional analysis to support the material damage findings. A composition evaluation was implemented and revealed that irrigated fields are not managed monocultures, rather field are composed of a combination of alfalfa and pasture grasses, along with other grasses and forbs. Therefore, this site-specific data was used in the material damage calculation. A soil study was also implemented to investigate whether salt accumulation has been occurring in the irrigated fields. Laboratory results do not demonstrate elevated salinity across the irrigated fields. Finally, crop yields from 2001 to 2020 were investigated to determine whether a diminishing trend could be identified. However, the crop yields are more closely related to quantity of water received, which was variable from year to year because irrigation water applied to the target fields are junior water rights. Based on all the supporting studies and the calculated material damage assessment presented in Section 6.3 found that the crop yield reductions were not significant, in accordance with the Mined Land Reclamation Board report from 1988.

## **7.0 REFERENCES**

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