

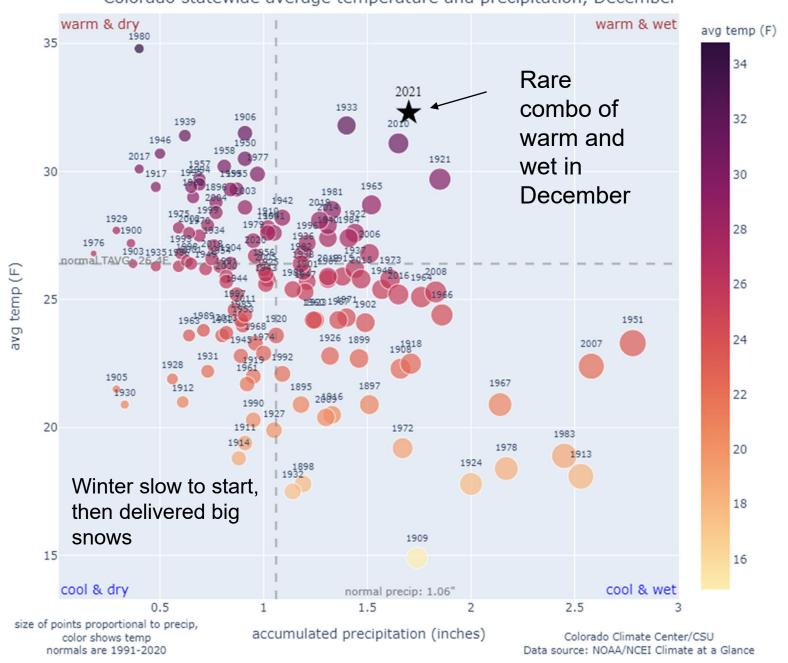
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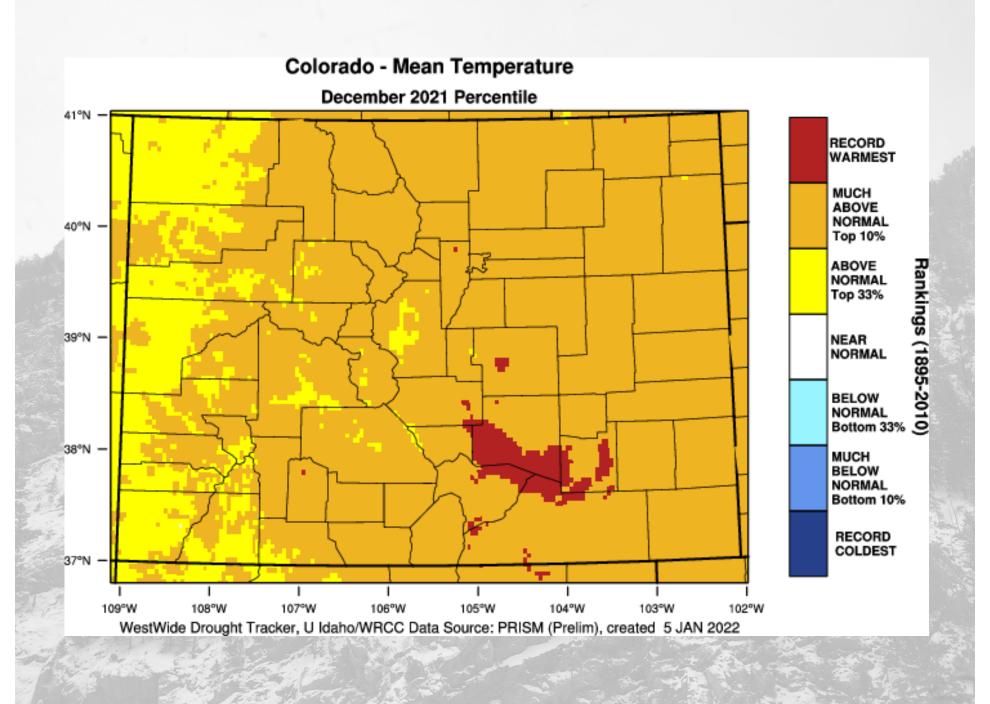


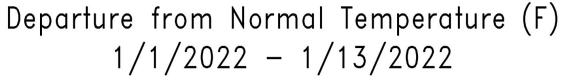
Peter Goble Colorado Climate Center

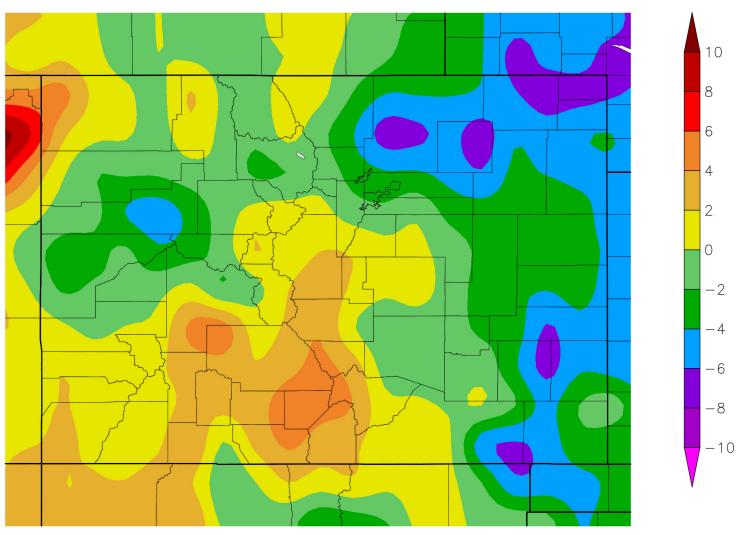
Presented to **Water Availability Task Force** January 18, 2022 Denver, CO

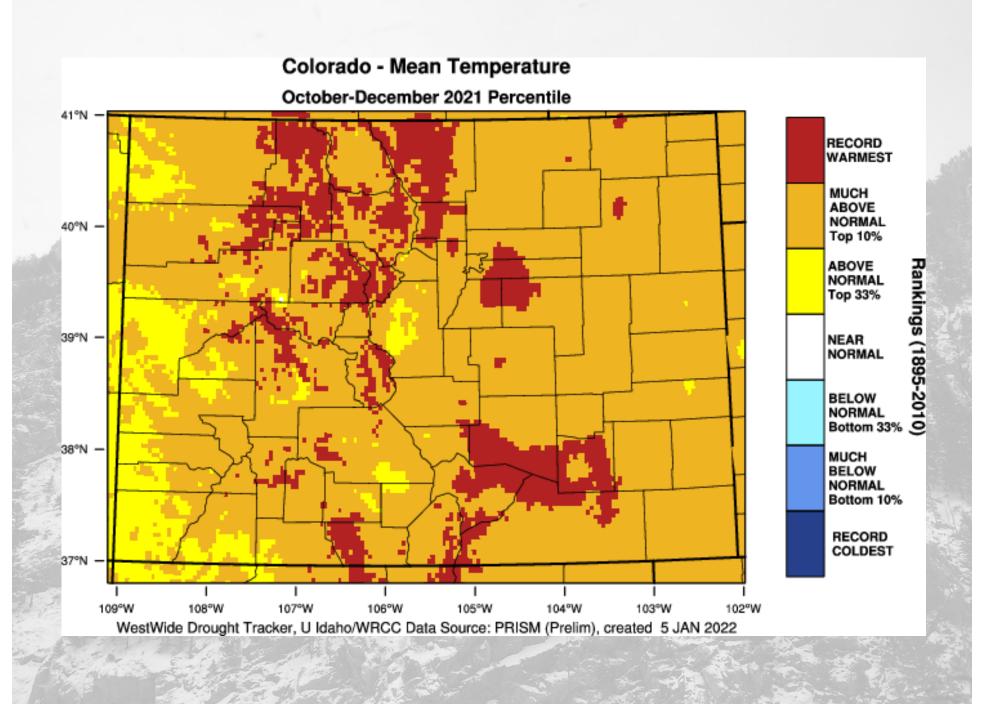
#### Colorado statewide average temperature and precipitation, December

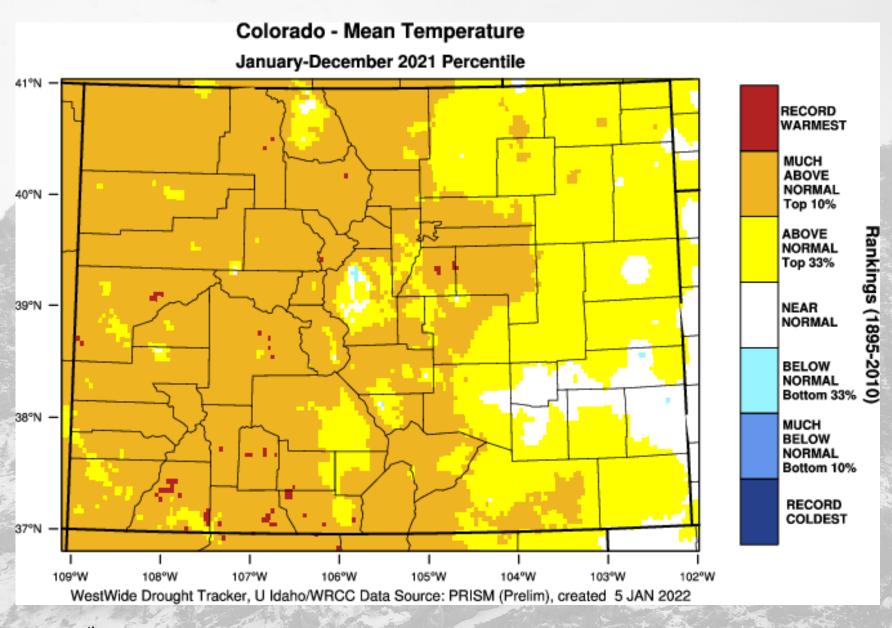




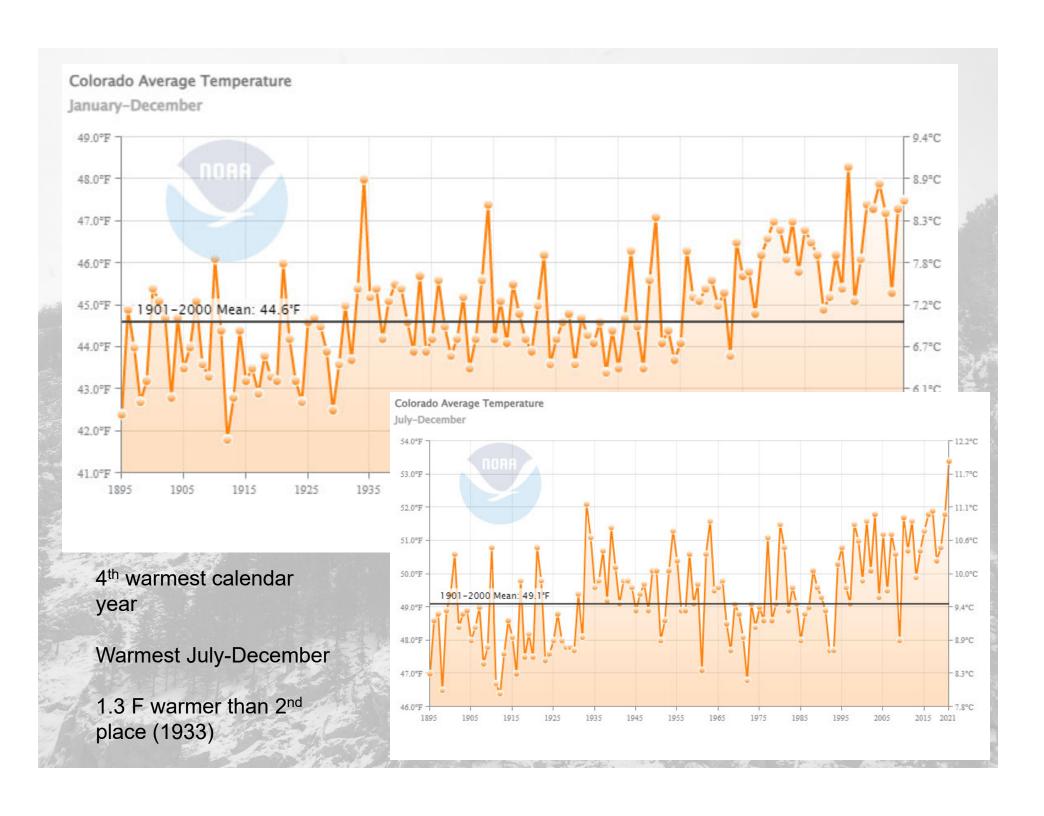


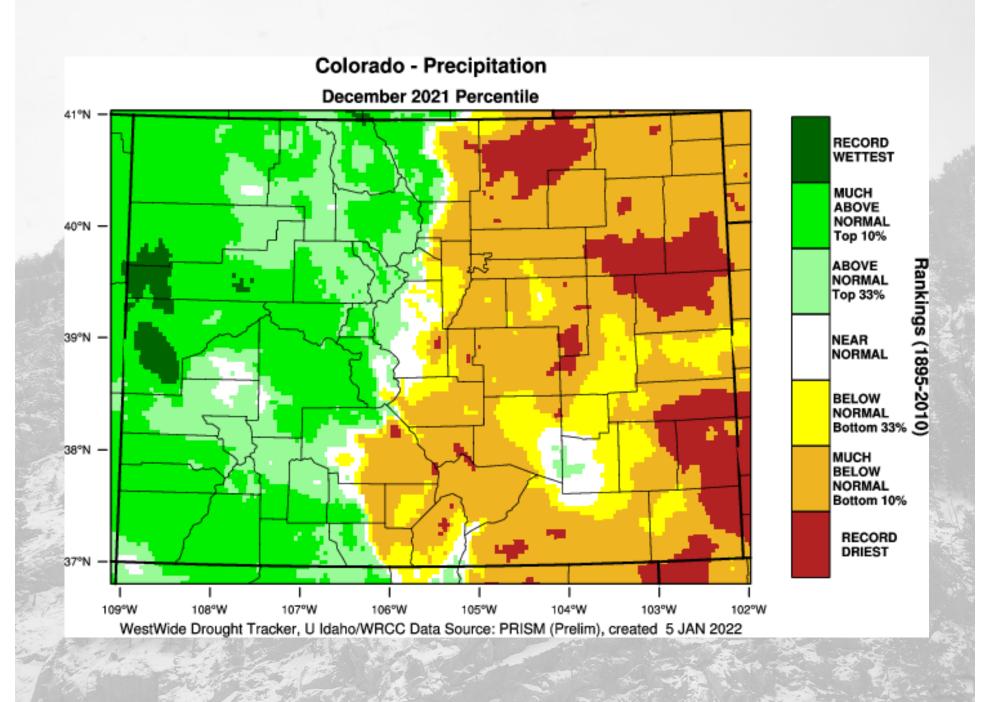


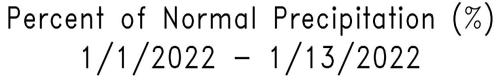


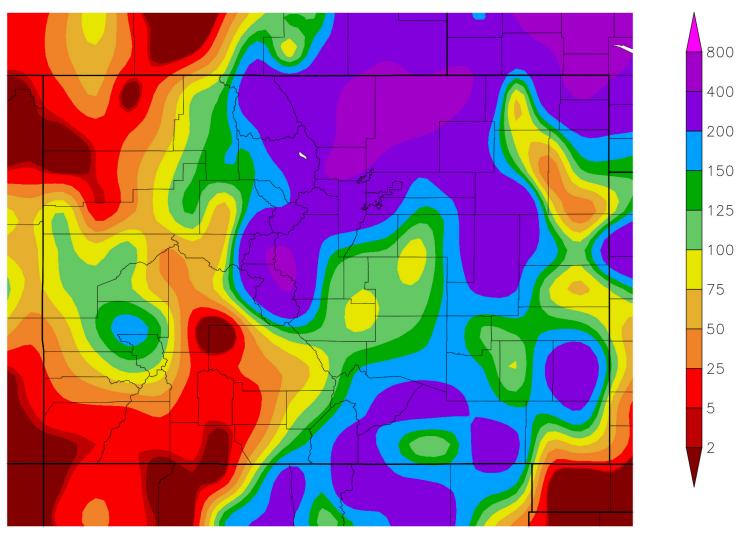


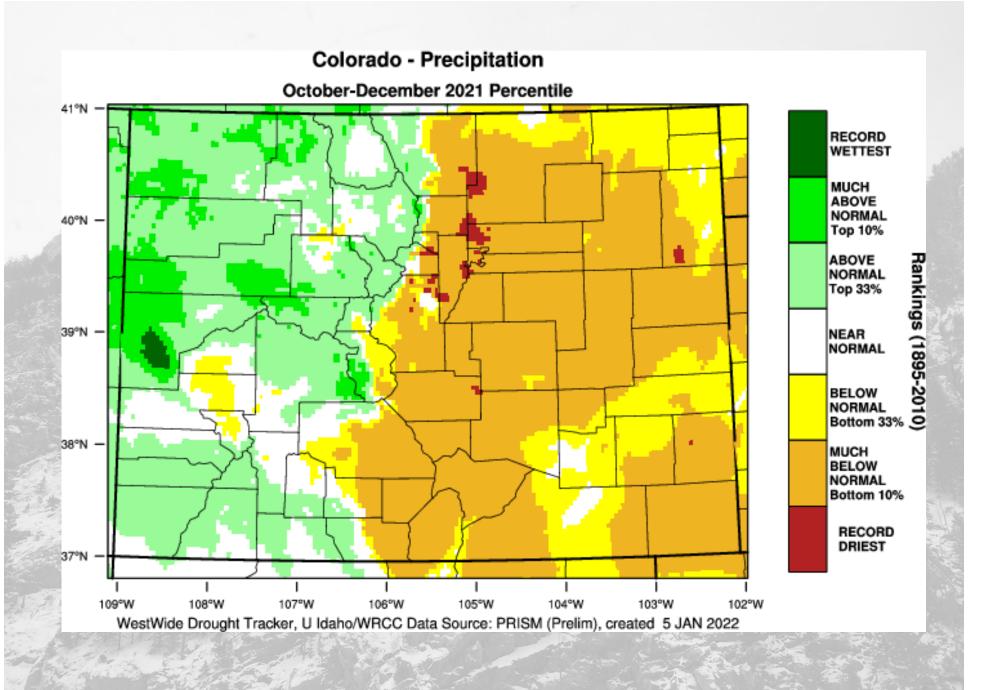
4<sup>th</sup> warmest year on record statewide 7 of our top ten years have occurred since 2012

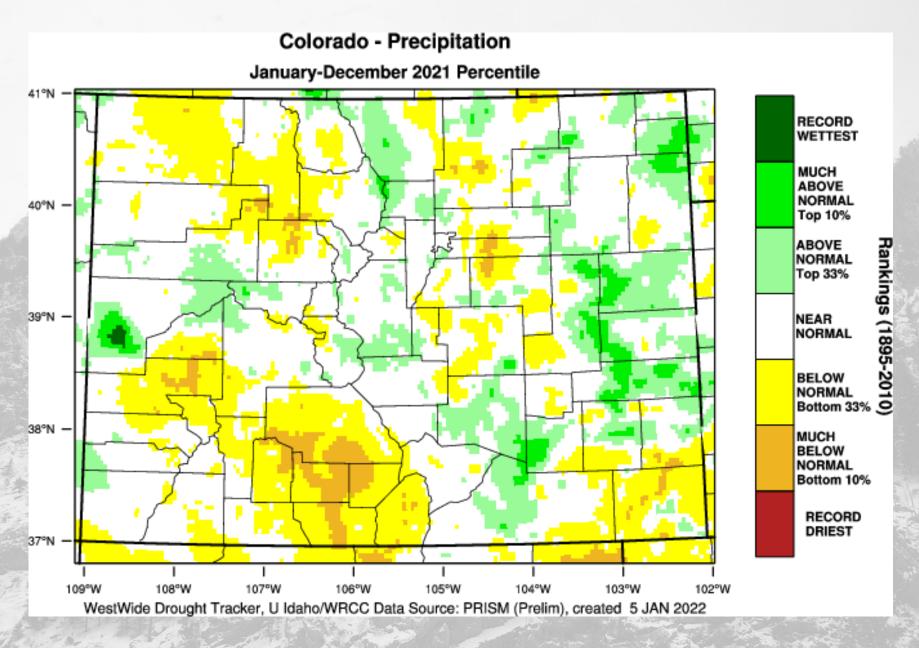




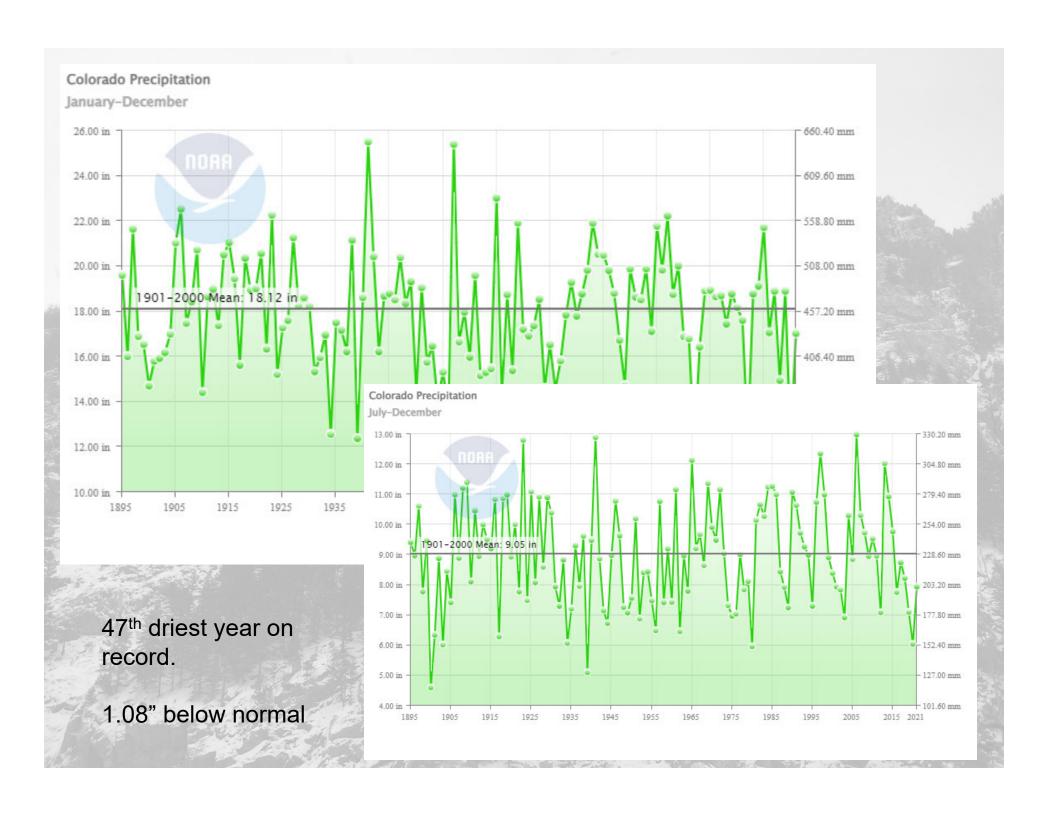








At then end of the day, a nice mix



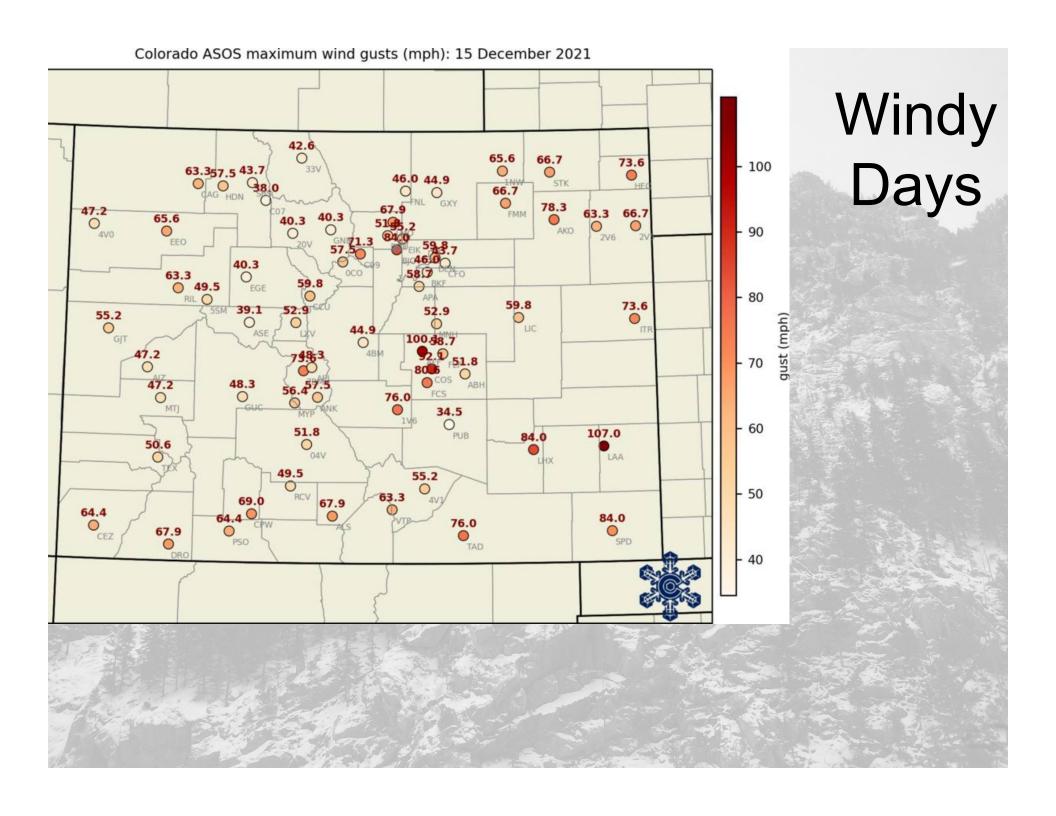
### 3-month EDDI categories for January 9, 2022 42°N 40°N 38°N 36°N 34°N 32°N 104°W 102°W 112°W 110°W 108°W 106°W Drought categories Wetness categories ED4 ED3 ED2 ED1 ED0 EW0 EW1 EW2 EW3 EW4 100% 98% 95% 90% 80% 70% 30% 20% 10% 5% 2% (EDDI-percentile category breaks: 100% = driest; 0% = wettest)

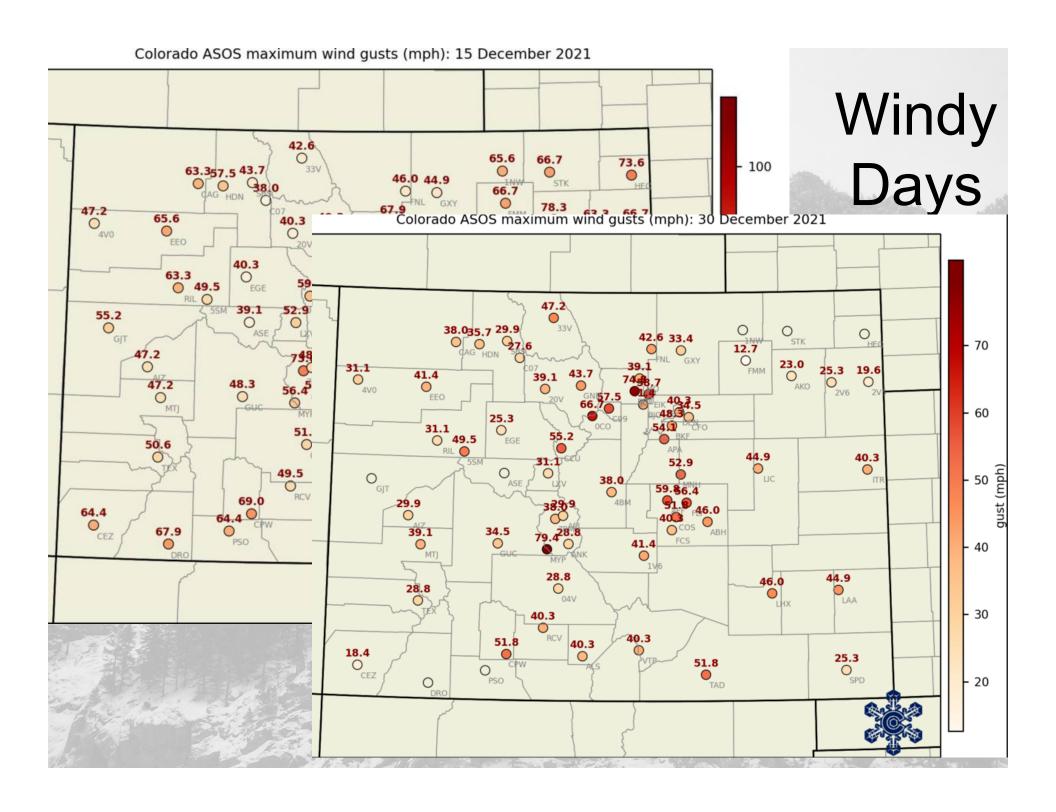
Generated by NOAA/ESRL/Physical Sciences Laboratory

We don't usually talk much about evaporative demand in winter, but it was record high October-December

This, in combination with a wet spring, raised the probability of a winter wildfire

This needs to say on our radar. We've had some relief, but we could have a worse than normal brushfire season (SE CO especially)





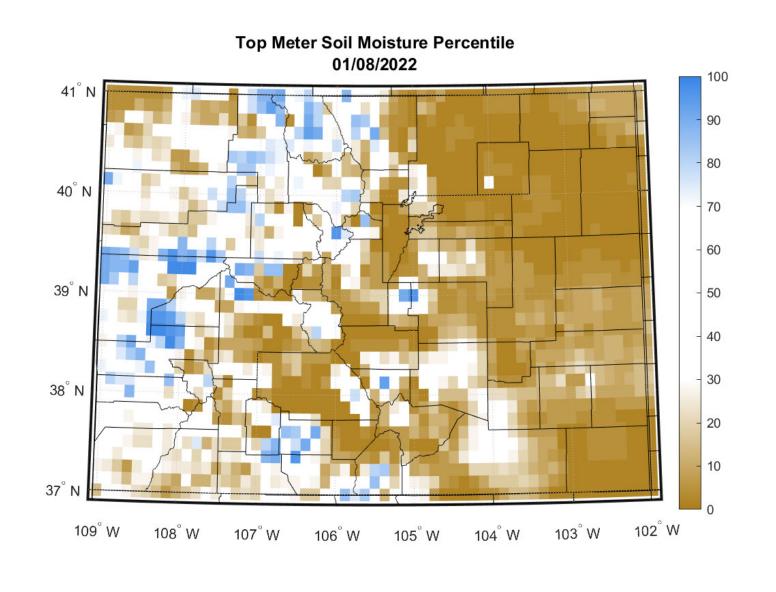
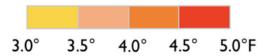
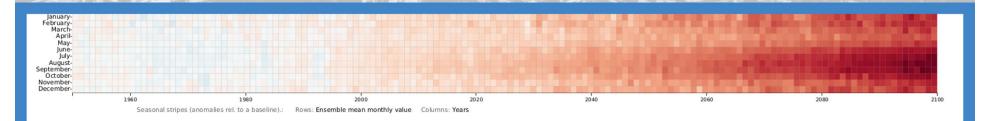


TABLE 5-1. Projected monthly temperature change for eight subregions under RCP 4.5 for 2035–2064

Subregion	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annual
Northeastern Plains													
Denver Metro													
Arkansas Valley													
San Luis Valley													
Central Mountains													
Yampa Valley													
Grand Valley													
Western San Juans													





Mean temperature (T) - Change (deg C) SSP3-7.0 (rel. to 1850-1900) CMIP6 - Annual (30 models)-Western North America

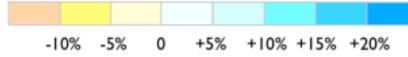


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http://www.ipcc.ch/copyright

TABLE 5-2. Projected monthly precipitation change for eight subregions under RCP 4.5 for 2035–2064

Subregion	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annual
Northeastern Plains													
Denver Metro													
Arkansas Valley													
San Luis Valley													
Central Mountains													
Yampa Valley													
Grand Valley													
Western San Juans													





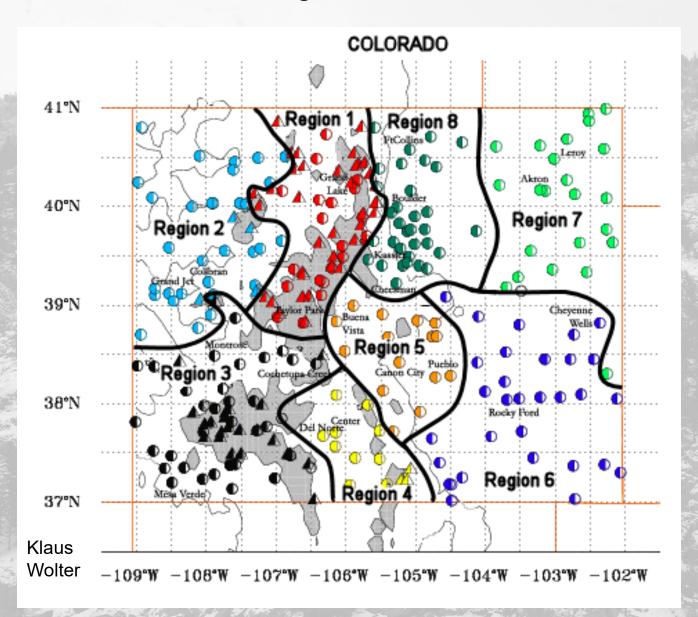
Total precipitation (PR) - Change (%) SSP3-7.0 (rel. to 1850-1900) CMIP6 - Annual (28 models)-Western North America



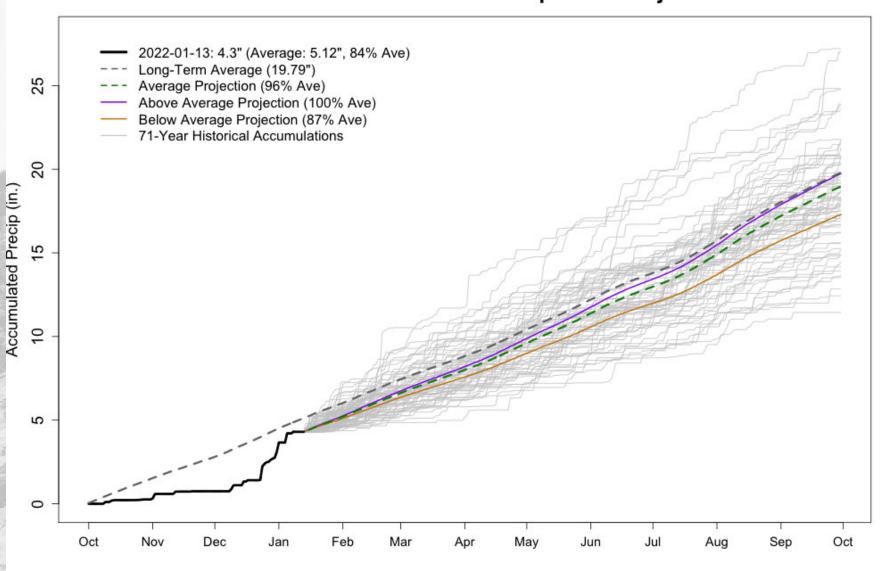
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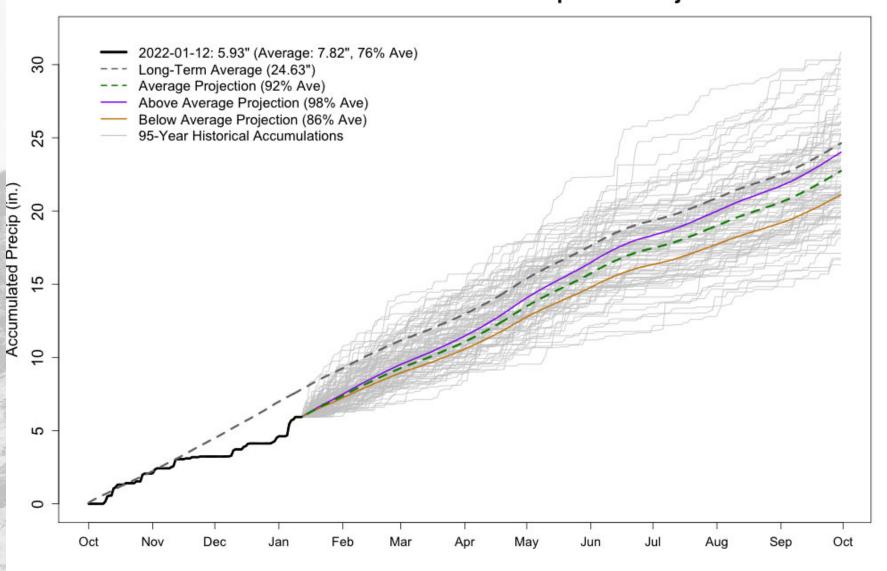
## Climate divisions defined by Dr. Klaus Wolter of NOAA's Climate Diagnostic Center in Boulder, CO





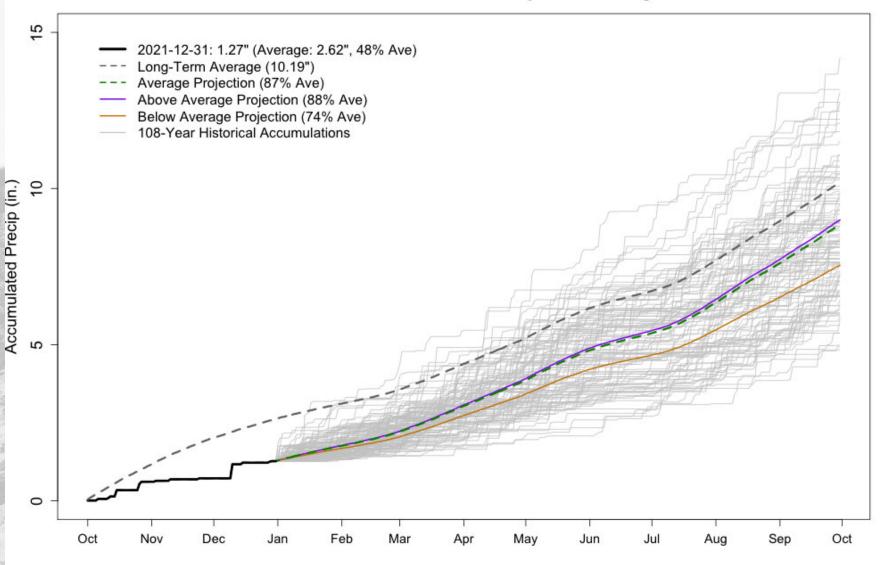


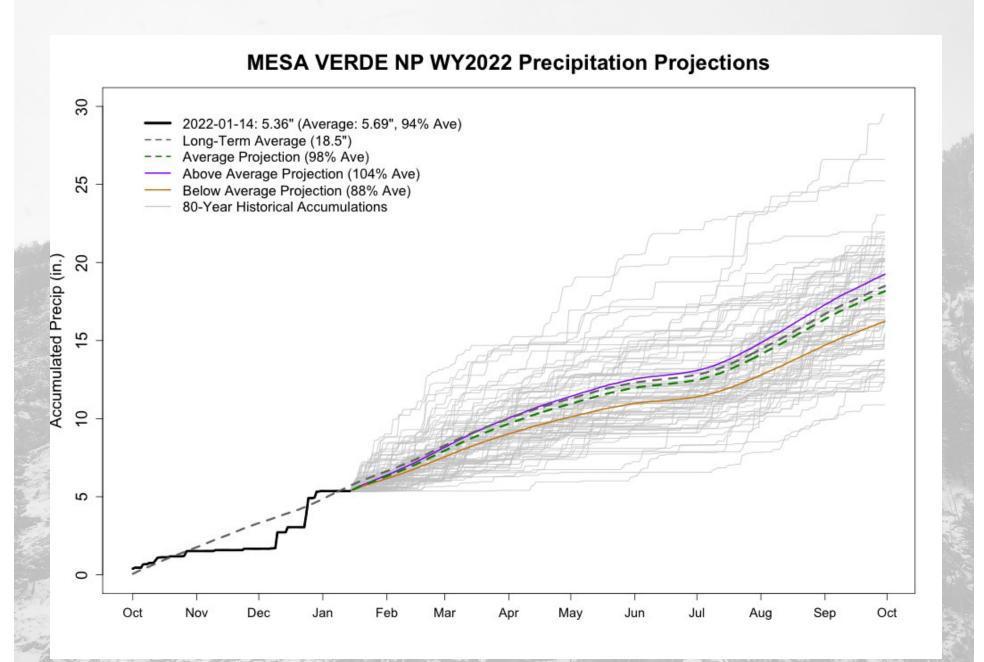




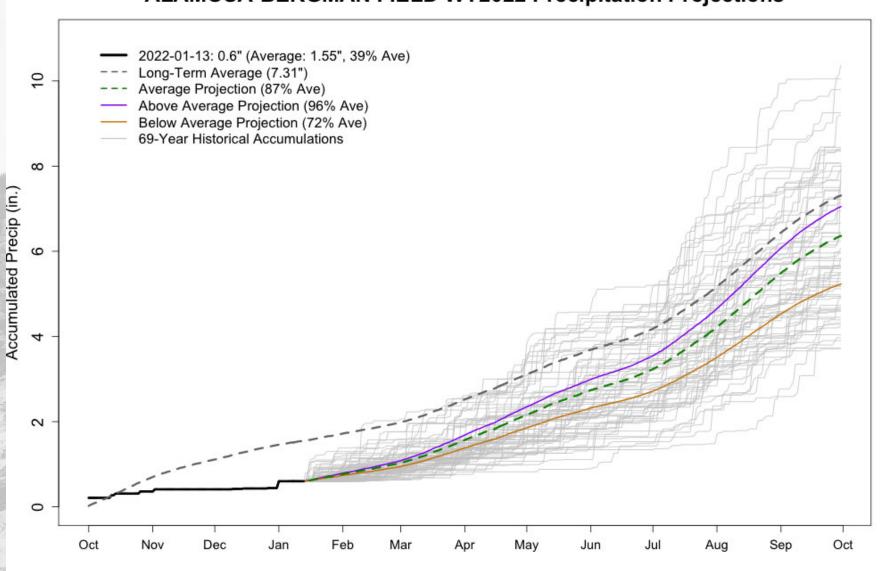




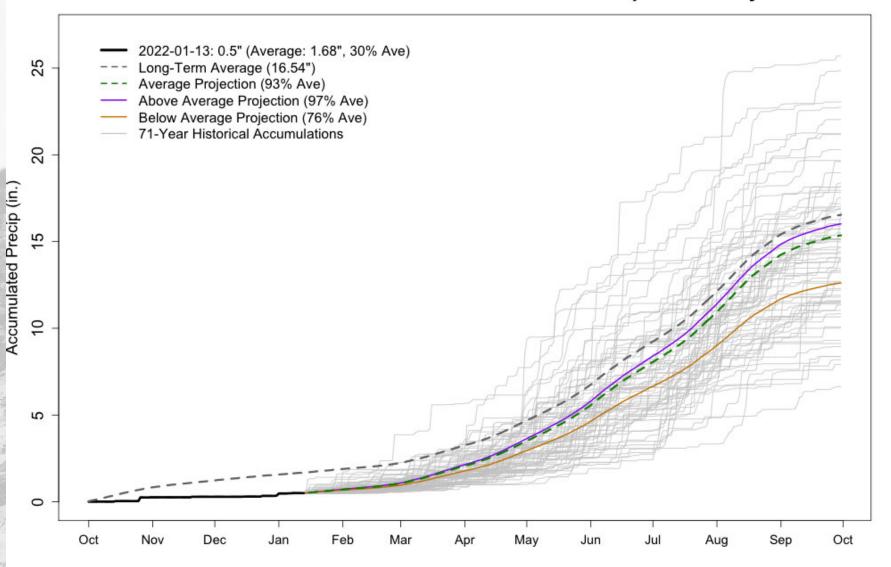


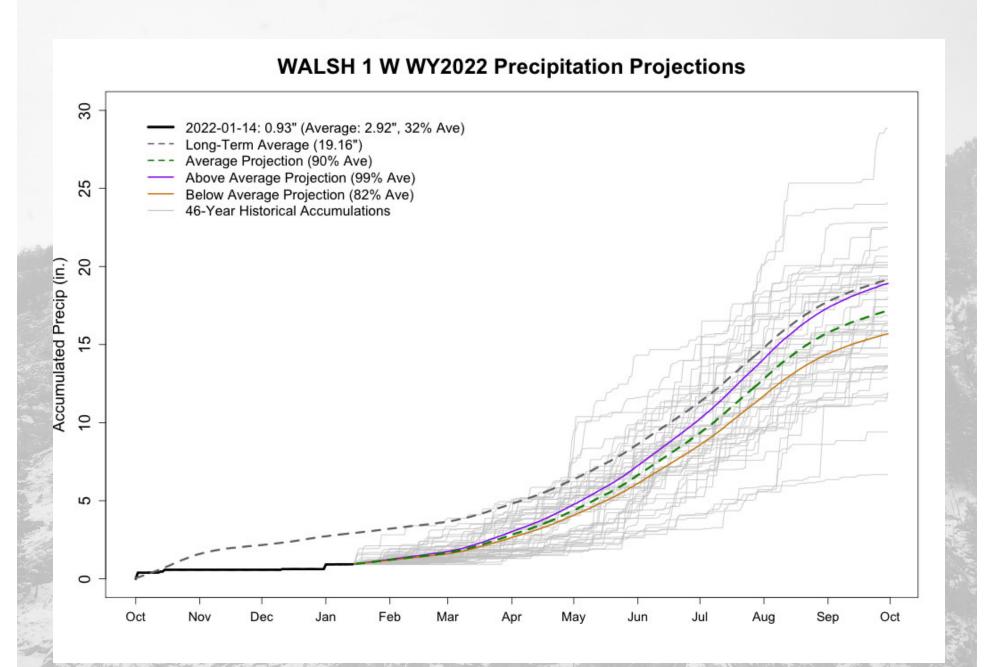




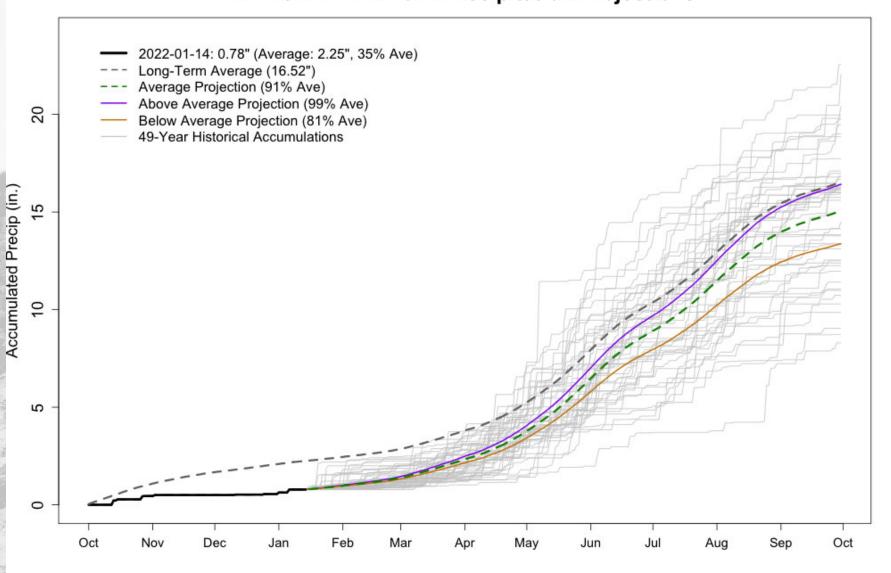


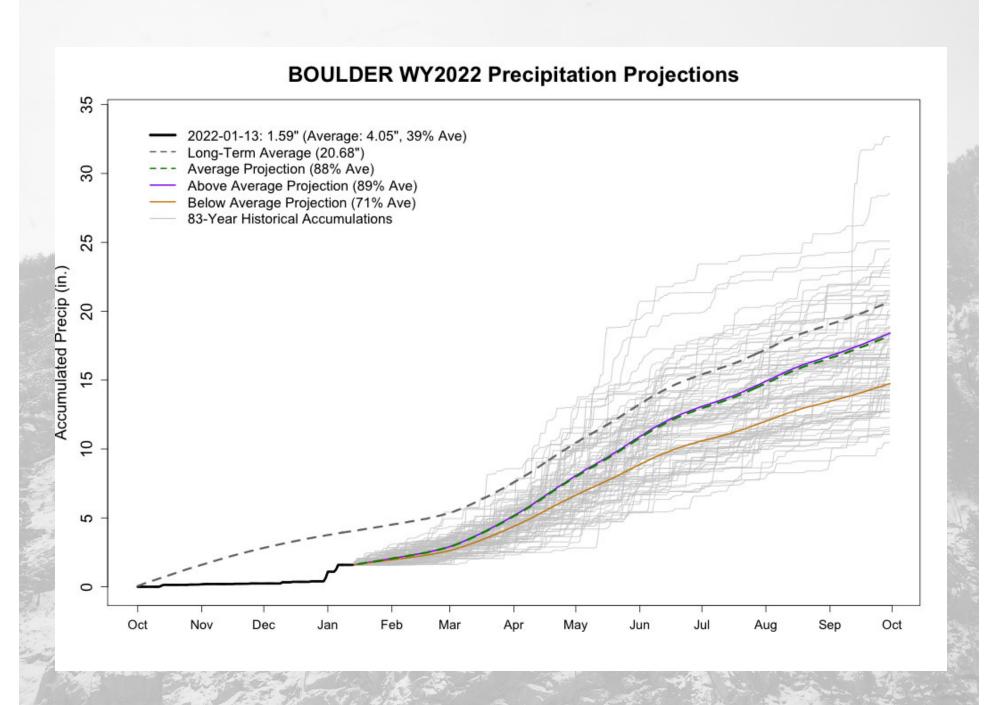


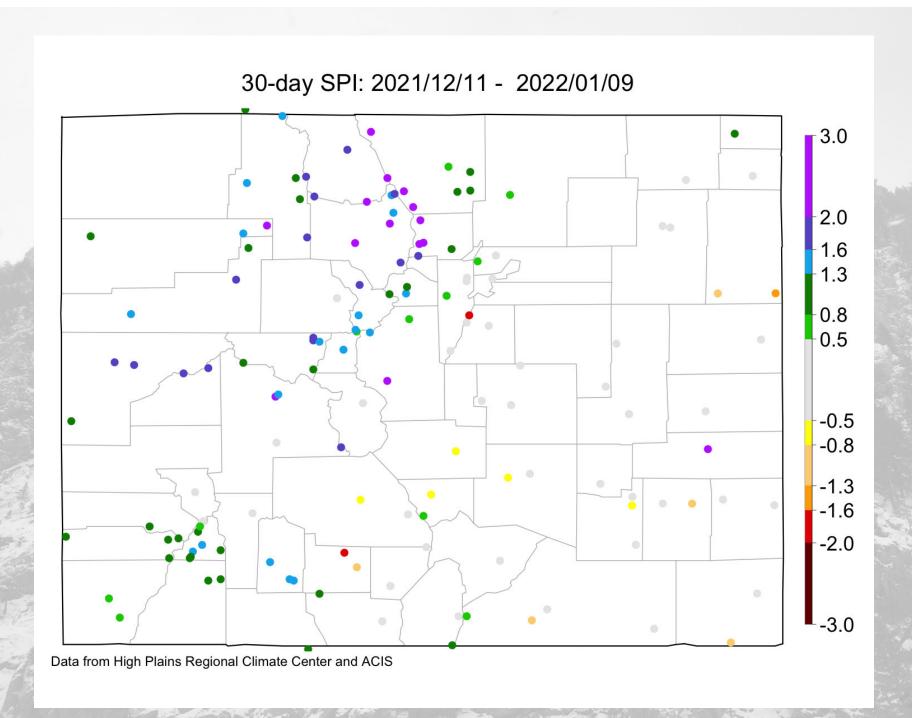


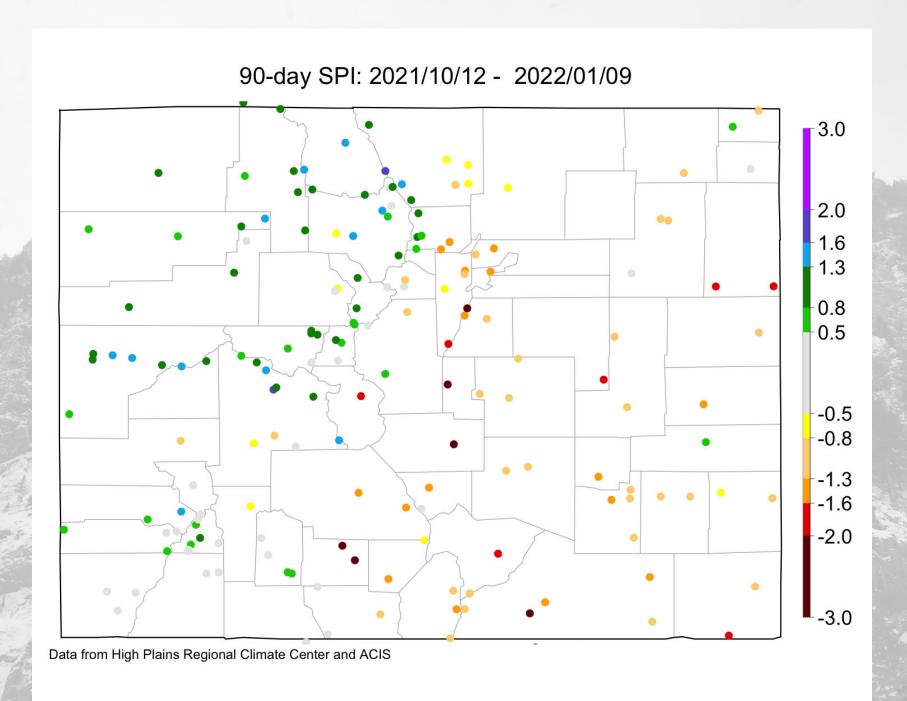


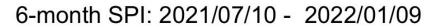


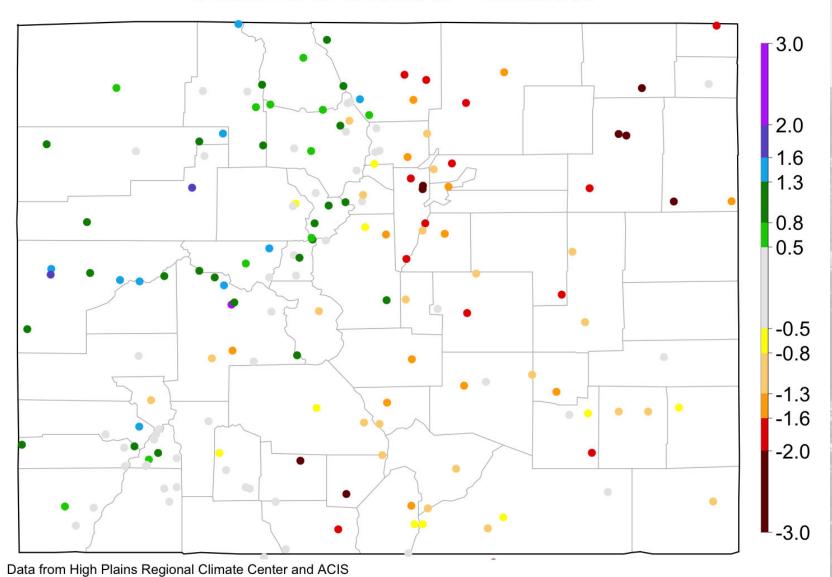




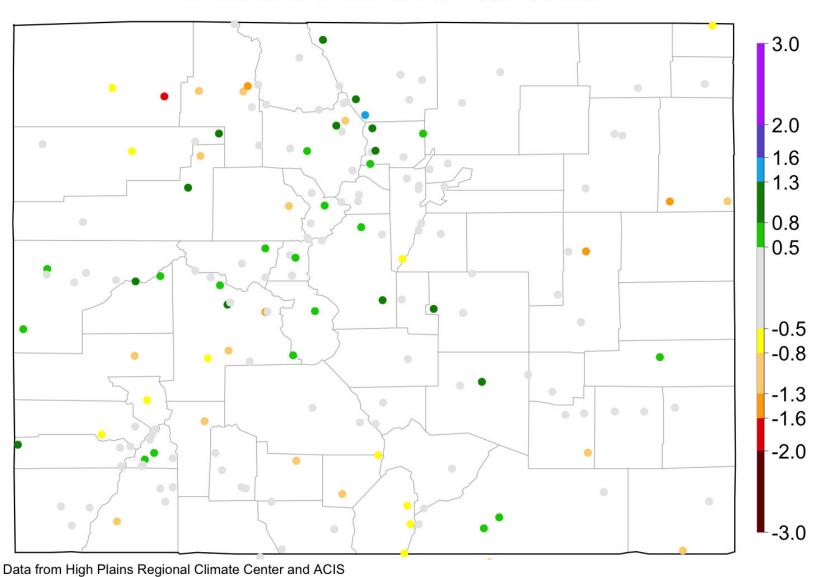






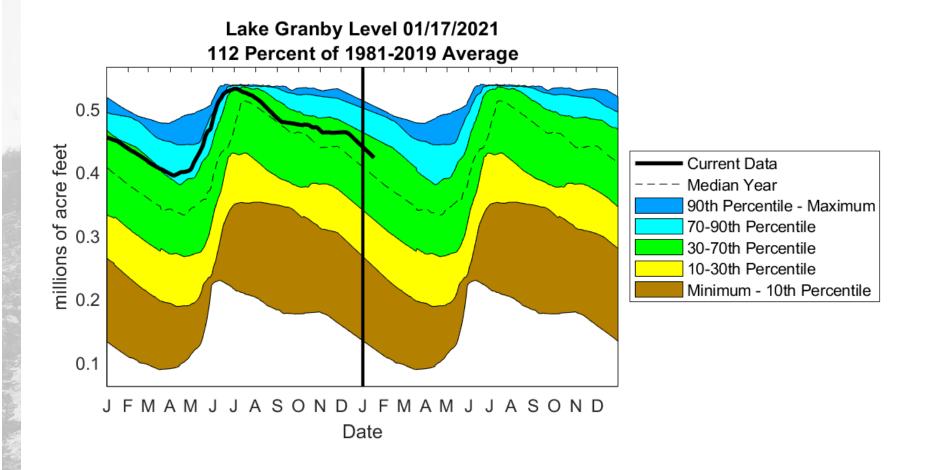


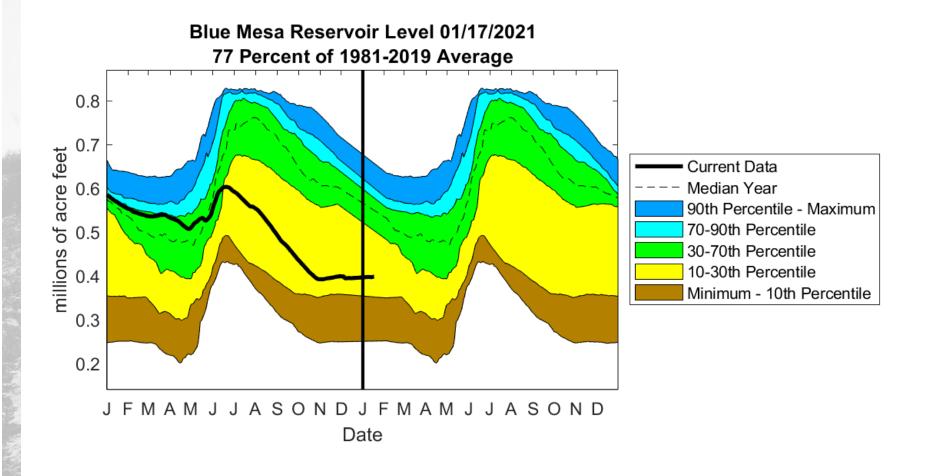


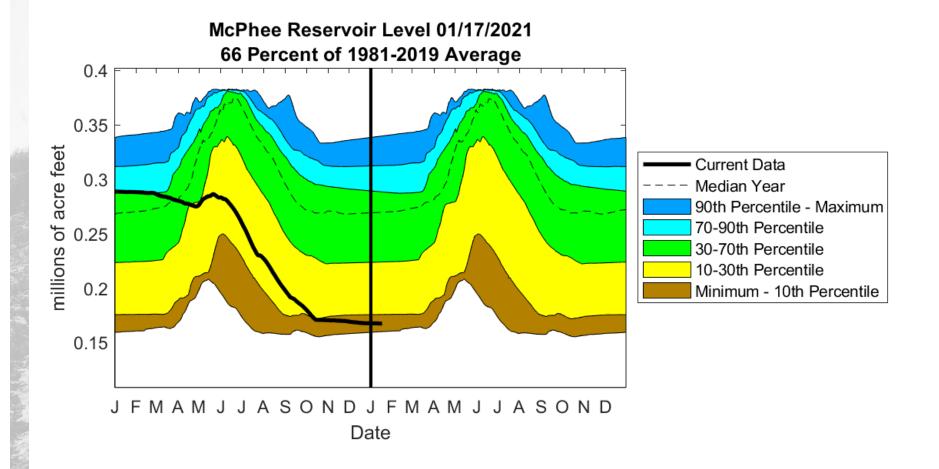


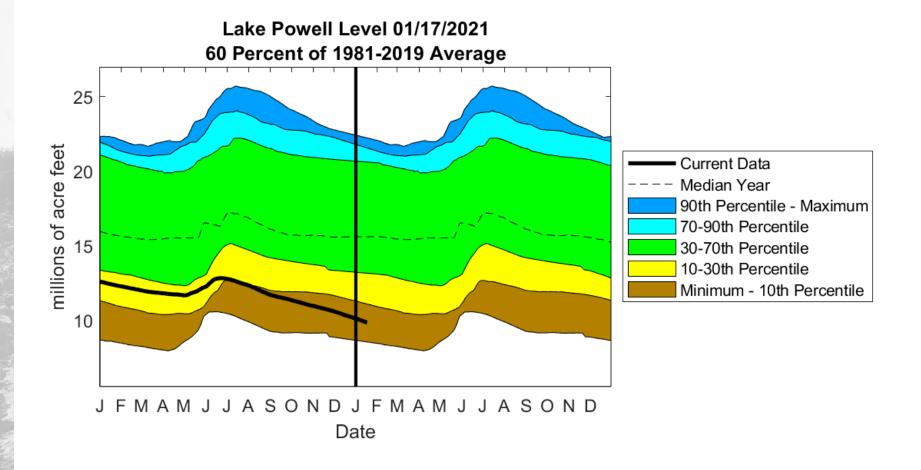
### Reservoir and Soils Update











## U.S. Drought Monitor Colorado

### September 28, 2021

(Released Thursday, Sep. 30, 2021)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	12.72	87.28	46.42	26.30	15.05	3.91
Last Week 09-21-2021	16.92	83.08	40.94	24.58	15.05	3.91
3 Month's Ago 06-29-2021	54.48	45.52	41.62	36.37	29.95	17.52
Start of Calendar Year 12-29-2020	0.00	100.00	100.00	93.73	76.17	27.60
Start of Water Year 09-29-2020	0.00	100.00	99.29	89.35	52.88	2.64
One Year Ago 09-29-2020	0.00	100.00	99.29	89.35	52.88	2.64

#### Intensity:

None D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry D3 Extreme Drought
D1 Moderate Drought D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

#### <u>Author:</u>

Brian Fuchs National Drought Mitigation Center



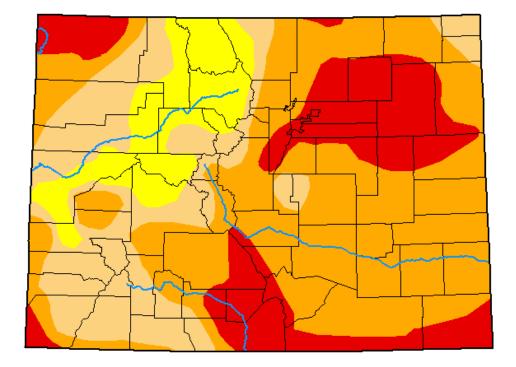






droughtmonitor.unl.edu

## U.S. Drought Monitor Colorado



### **January 11, 2022**

(Released Thursday, Jan. 13, 2022) Valid 7 a.m. EST

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	0.00	100.00	88.32	65.93	20.59	0.00
Last Week 01-04-2022	0.00	100.00	95.49	67.08	22.25	0.00
3 Month s Ago 10-12-2021	5.26	94.74	65.99	29.29	13.63	1.95
Start of Calendar Year 01-04-2022	0.00	100.00	95.49	67.08	22.25	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-28-2021	12.72	87.28	46.42	26.30	15.05	3.91
One Year Ago 01-12-2021	0.00	100.00	100.00	91.03	73.63	27.59

#### Intensity:

None D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry D3 Extreme Drought
D1 Moderate Drought
D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

#### Author:

Richard Tinker CPC/NOAA/NWS/NCEP

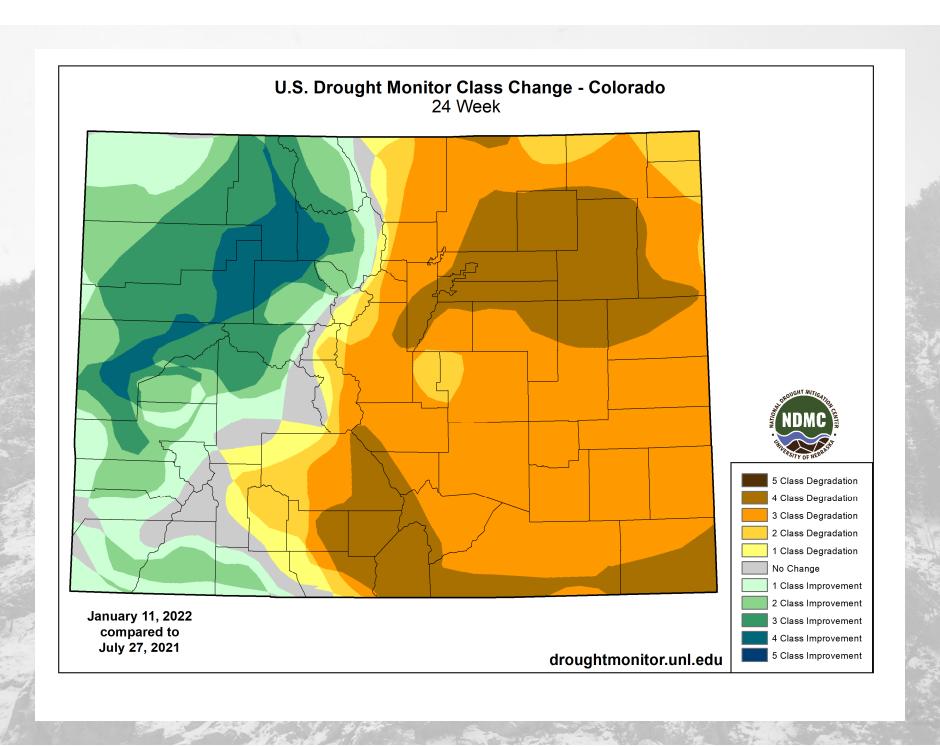




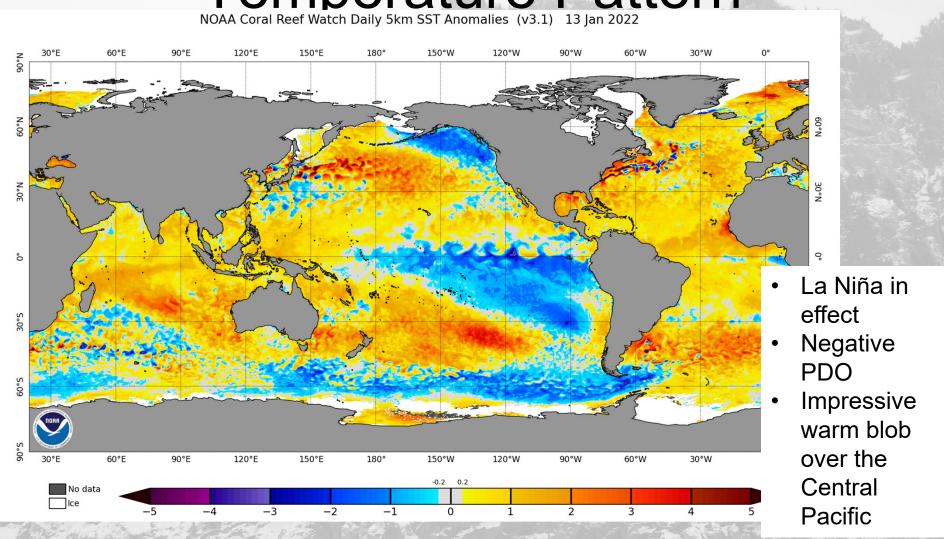




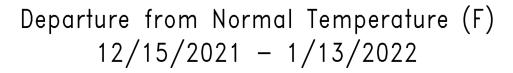
droughtmonitor.unl.edu

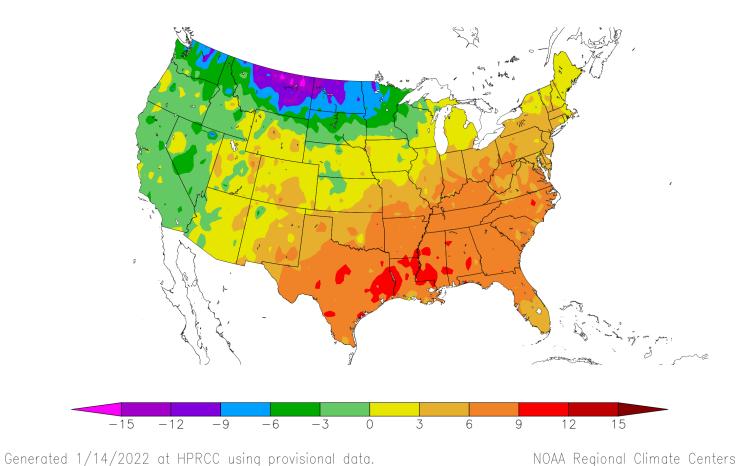


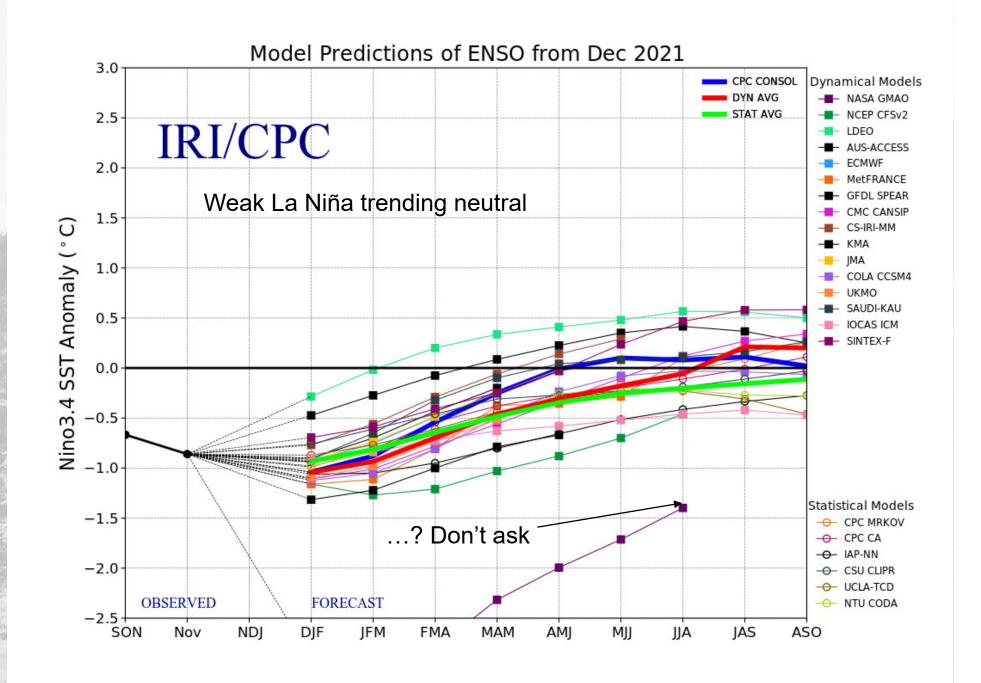
### Current Sea Surface Temperature Pattern



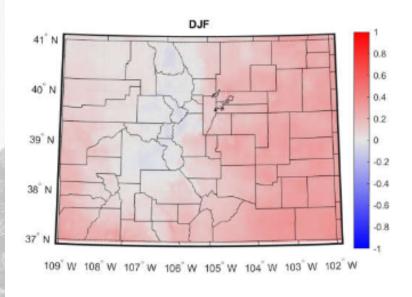
### La Niña-like Temperature Pattern Last 30 Days But winter took time to get going

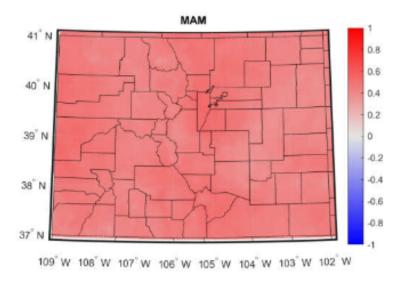


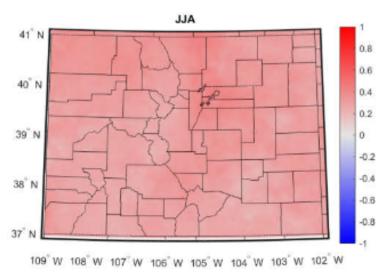


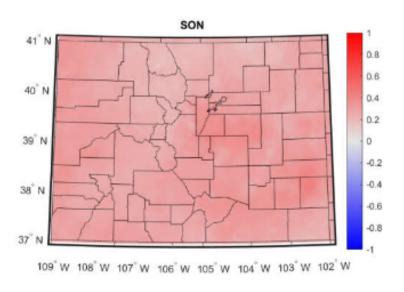


### Correlation Between ENSO MEI and Seasonal Precipitation Accumulation (1981-2020)









-1

-0.5

-0.25

-0.1

0.0

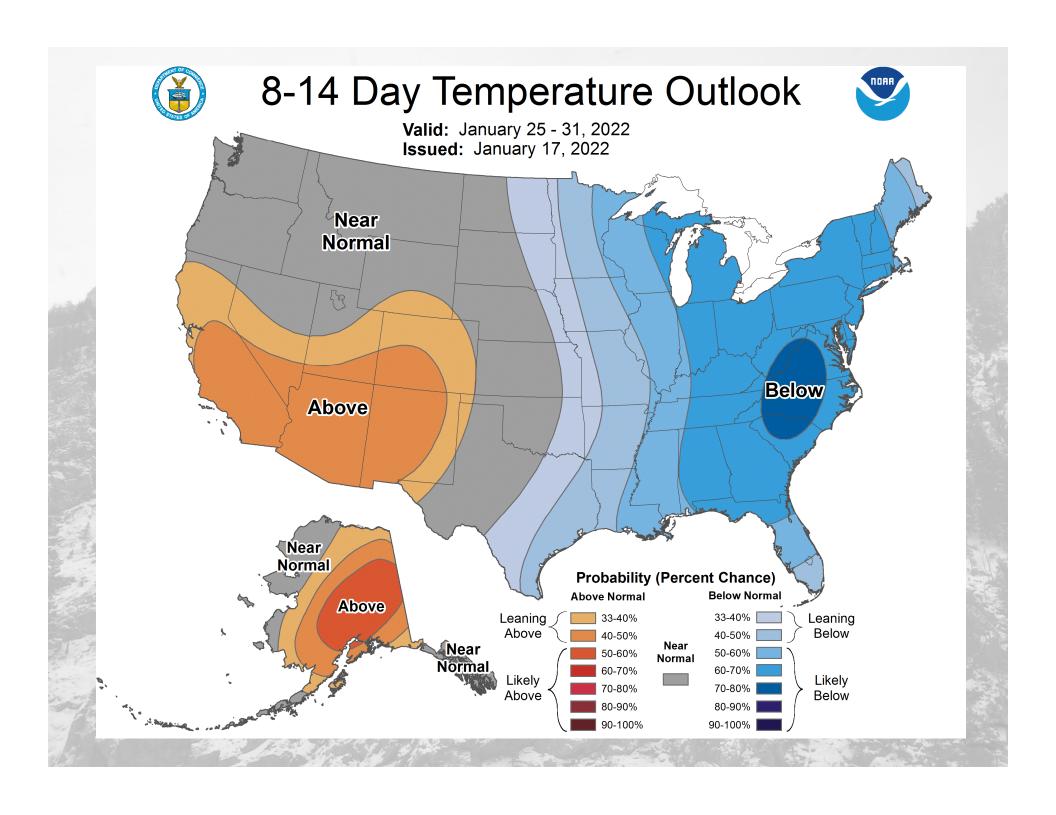
precipitation anomaly (inches)

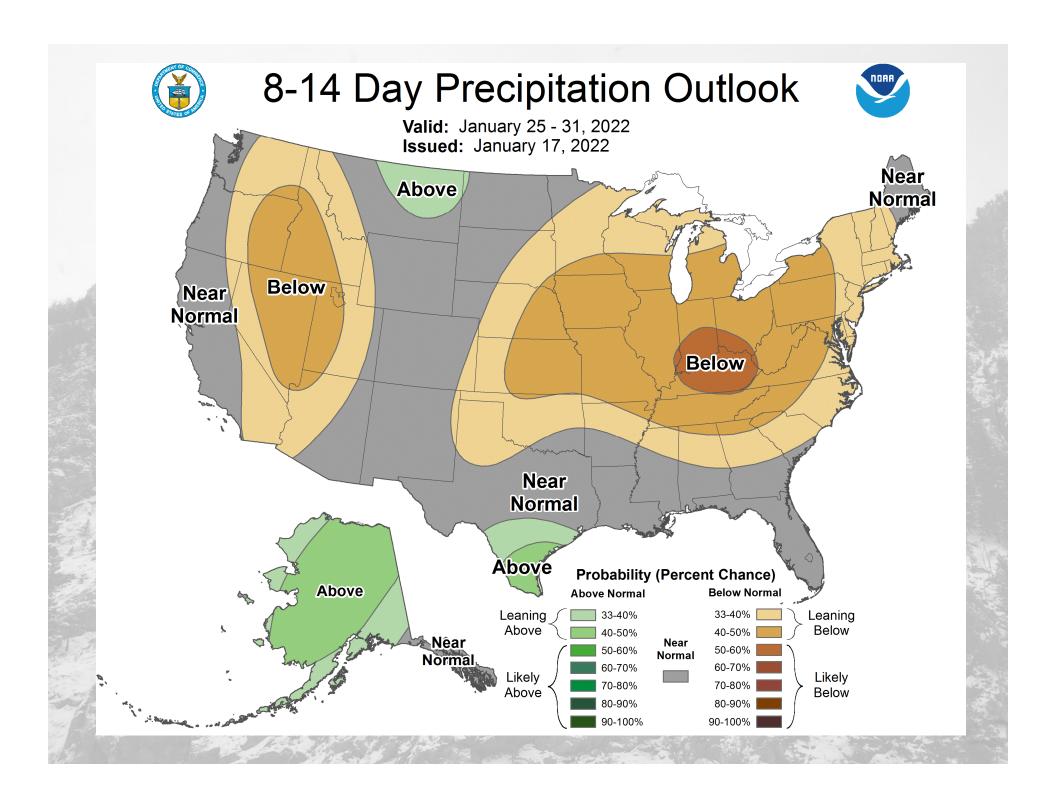
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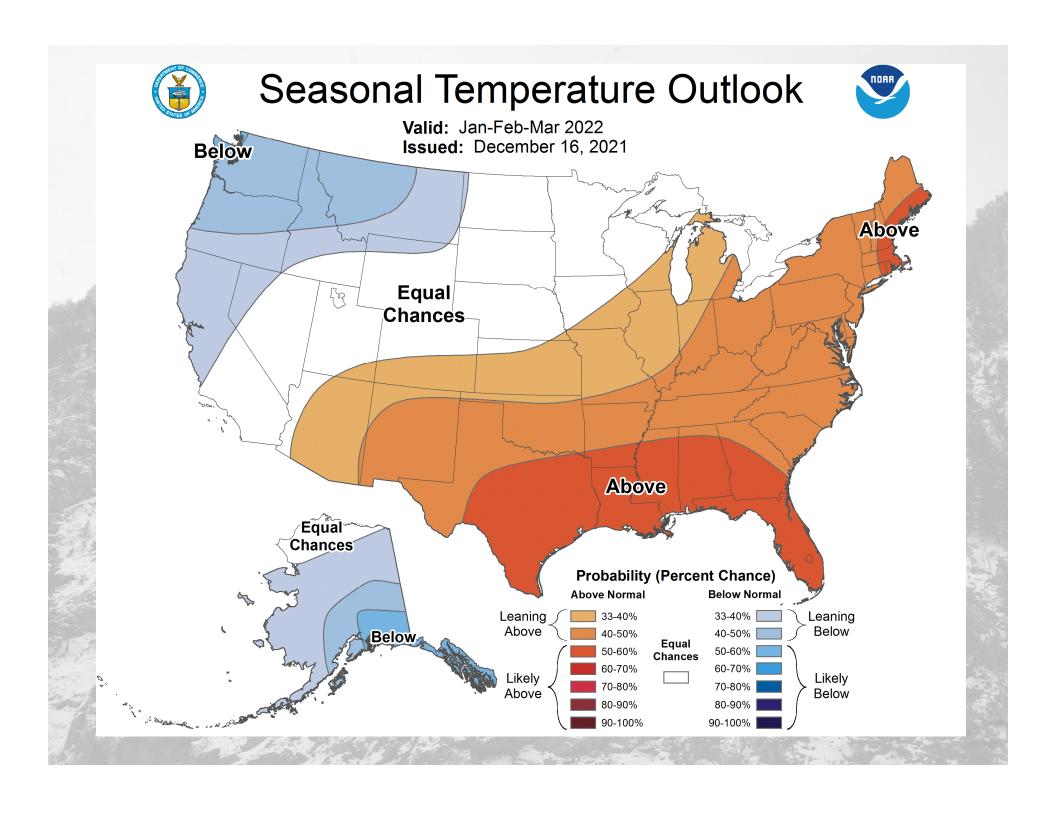
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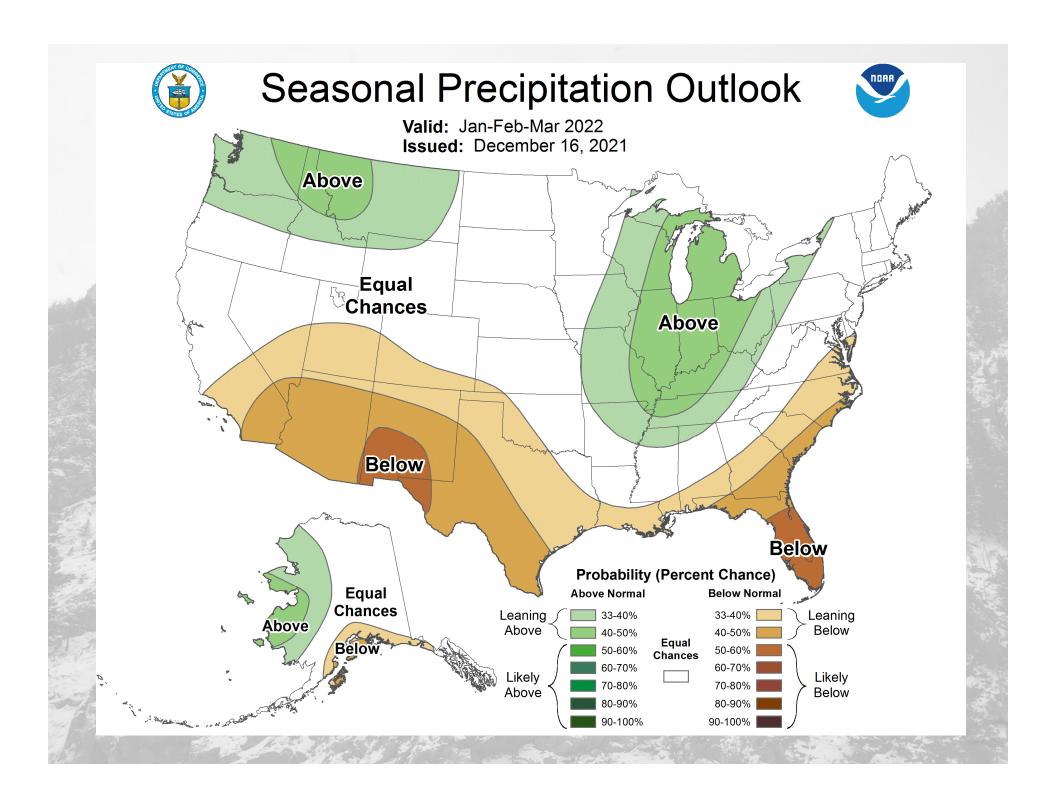
0.5

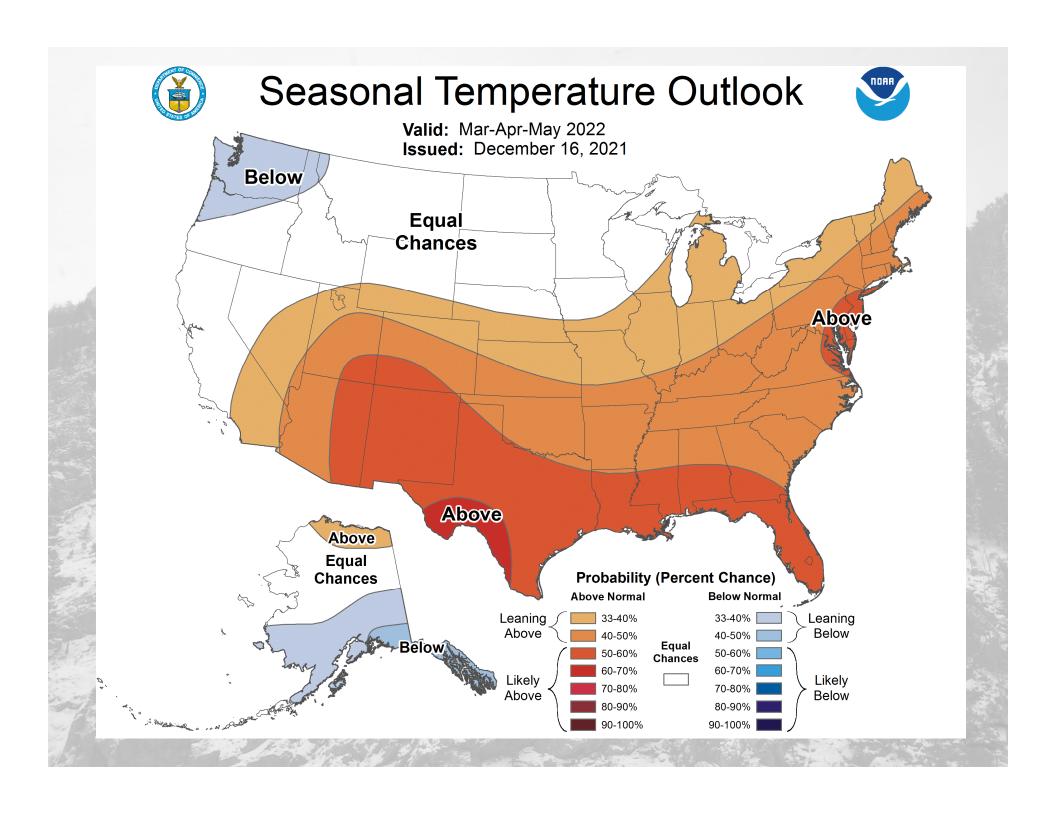
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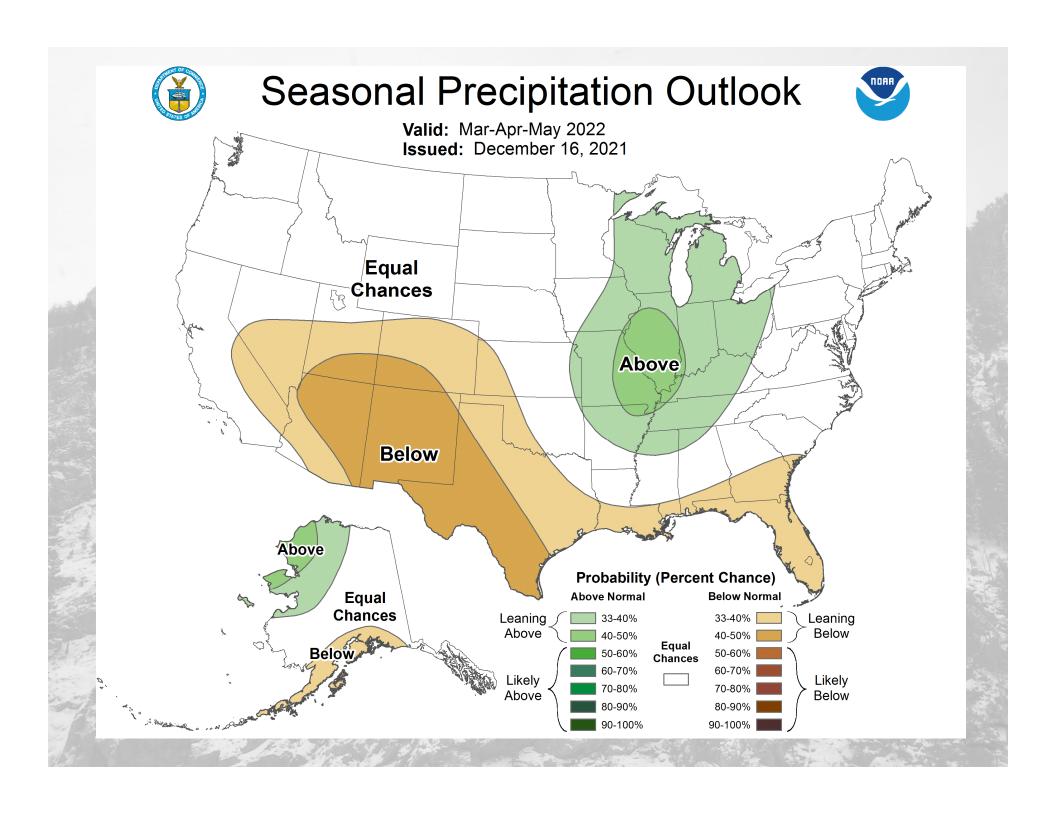


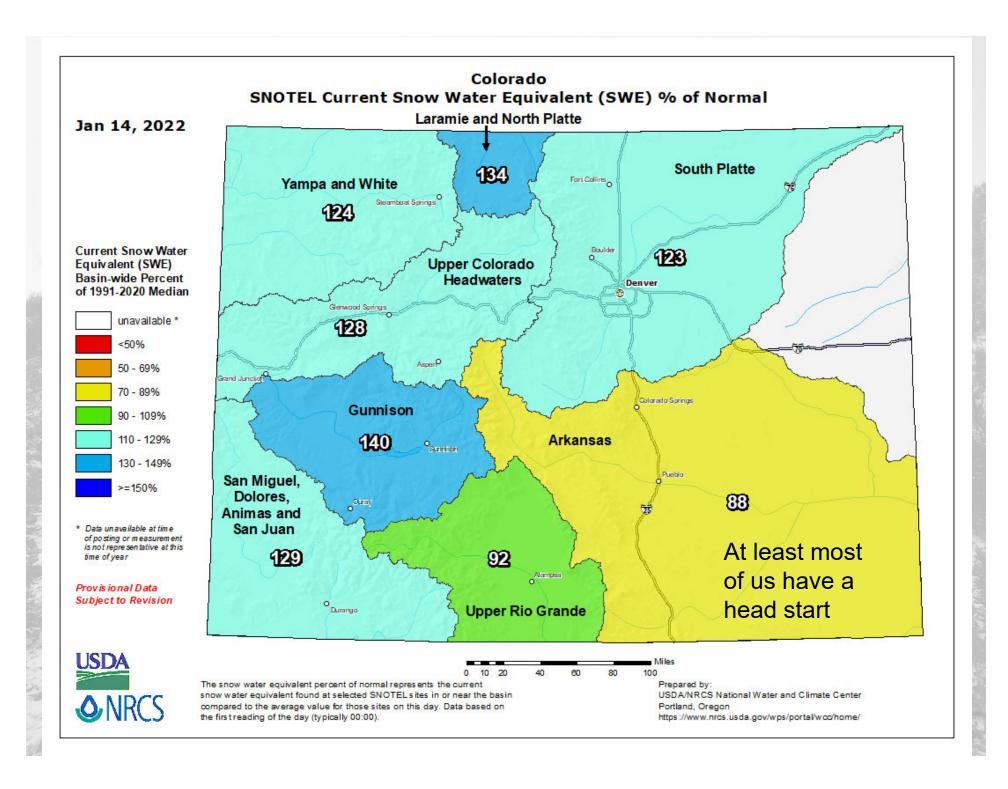




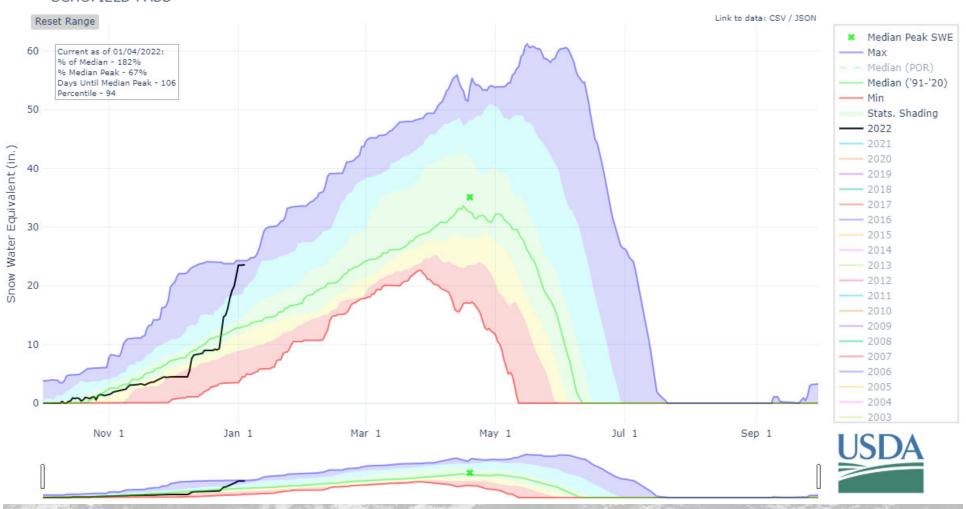






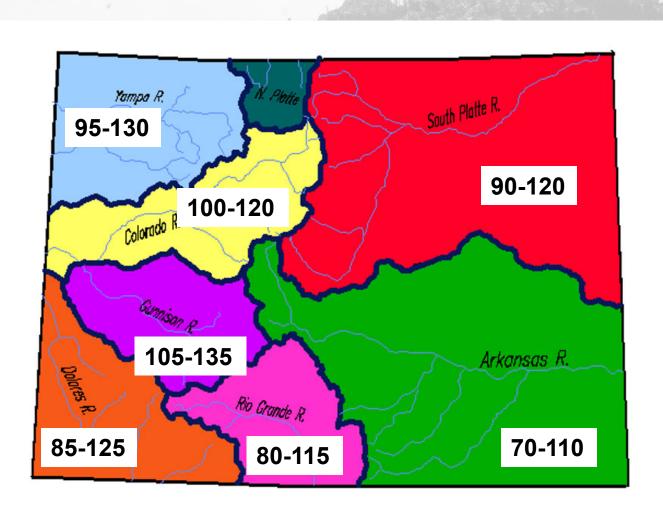


### SNOW WATER EQUIVALENT AT SCHOFIELD PASS



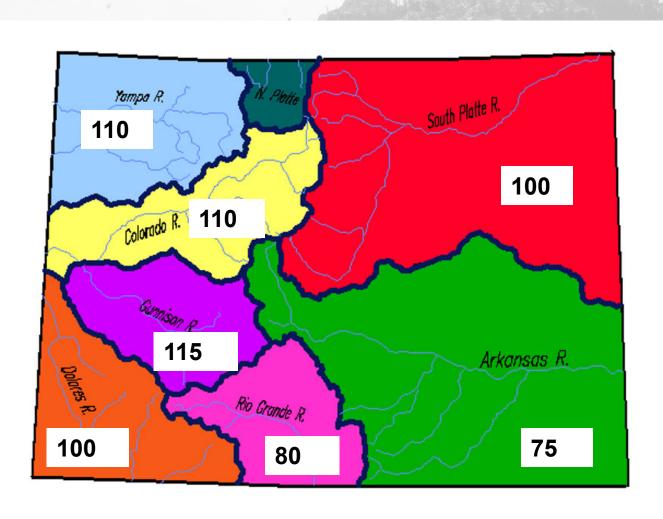
Wettest 10-day stretch on record at Schofield Pass!

## Peak Snowpack Projection 20-80<sup>th</sup> Percentile Range



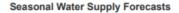
- Snowpack likely to peak well below normal
- This does not cover the true range of variability
- More variability in southern basins
- The seasonal forecast leads us to expect numbers closer to the low end of the range

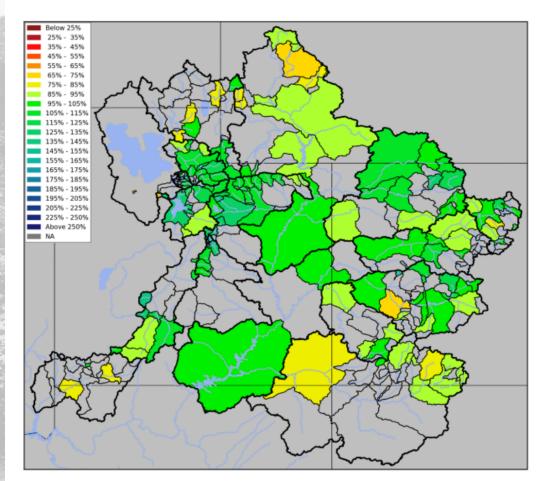
## Not Quite a Real Forecast (mostly fun)



- Snowpack likely to peak well below normal
- This does not cover the true range of variability
- More variability in southern basins
- The seasonal forecast leads us to expect numbers closer to the low end of the range

# Colorado Basin River Forecast Center





CBRFC favors an average runoff!
We haven't seen that in a while

Dry antecedent soils hamper runoff efficiency

Upper Colorado, Great Basin, and Virgin River Basins
January 2022 April-July forecast volumes as a percent of 1991-2020 average
(50% exceedance probability forecast).

### Takeaways

- Drought remains an issue statewide, becoming more long-term/hydrological out west
- A wet spring followed by a warm/dry fall set the stage for off-season wildfire
- December was warm and wet out west/warm and dry east of the divide. We have seen some moisture since. Much needed heavy snow in western CO second half of December
- We remain in a La Niña pattern, which is expected to weaken over time. Seeing more typical La Niña behavior this year than last. The odds of a wet spring are lower than normal

### Colorado Climate Center

Thanks, and let's keep in touch!

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Becky Bolinger - becky.bolinger@colostate.edu

Zach Schwalbe - zach.Schwalbe@colostate.edu

Viewing this, and previous WATF Briefings: http://climate.colostate.edu/ccc\_archive.html



