

Department of Natural Resources 1313 Sherman Street, Room 718 Denver, CO 80203

October 21, 2020

Mr. Alan Martellaro **Division Engineer** Water Division No. 5 P.O. Box 396 Glenwood Springs, CO 81602

Dear Mr. Martellaro:

As you are aware, the Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) modified its Snowmass Creek instream flow water right in 1995. As a part of that modification, it was determined that the Board's wintertime instream flow right within the middle segment of Snowmass Creek, from West Snowmass Creek downstream to Capitol Creek, would be allowed to vary between years based on a defined streamflow trigger. The streamflow trigger was defined as the average daily streamflow over the 5-day period from October 11 through October 15 of each year.

Since the modification, the CWCB staff has worked with the Division 5 Engineer's Office to install and help maintain a newer satellite monitoring station within the middle reach of Snowmass Creek. The station name for the gage is Snowmass Creek, abbreviated SNOCRECO, and station ID is 09077000. This station is located near the Snowmass Water and Sanitation District (SWSD) diversion structure. The purpose of this gage is to help in the administration of the Board's instream flow right on Snowmass Creek. During the 5-day period CWCB staff or the Division 5 Engineer's hydrologist make a measurement to check the rating.

The CWCB's streamflow trigger was based on a hydrologic model of Snowmass Creek that was depleted by 2.0 cfs to reflect historic diversions at SWSD's East Snowmass Creek diversion structure (Column 3). The average diversions at the SWSD's East Snowmass Creek diversion structure during this year's 5-day trigger period appear in Column 2 of the table below. Column 4 of the table reflects an adjustment to the measured flows to account for the hydrologic model and East Snowmass Creek diversions. The trigger flow arrived at by this method is based on adding the actual amount of water diverted from East Snowmass Creek back into the measured flows to obtain a "natural hydrograph" and then subtracting out the 2 cfs historic diversion that was assumed in the model.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
5-day Daily Average Discharge (cfs)	5-day East Snowmass Creek Diversions <sup>1</sup> (cfs)	Historic Diversions (cfs)	Adjusted 5-day Average Discharge <sup>2</sup> (cfs)
13.70	1.22	2.00	12.92

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> East Snowmass Creek Ditch and Pipeline average diversion over the 5 day period,



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Column 4 = Column 1 + Column 2 - Column 3

The CWCB staff concludes that the best available data indicates that the average daily streamflow for the 5-day period from October 11, 2020 through October 15, 2020, as adjusted for diversions on East Snowmass Creek, was 12.92 cfs. This trigger flow falls in the flow range indicating a "Less than 10th percentile water year." Based on this analysis, the CWCB requests that its winter instream flow water right within the middle segment of Snowmass Creek be administered as follows:

Flow (cfs)	Date
9	10/16 - 10/21
8	10/22 - 10/31
7	11/1 - 12/31
8	1/1 - 3/31

Sincerely,

Rob Viehl, Senior Water Resources Specialist Stream and Lake Protection Section

Colorado Water Conservation Board

cc: Linda Bassi

Craig Bruner Katie Birch Sue Helm Dean Wieser Kit Hamby

