2018 ISF WORKSHOP





SESSION OVERVIEW

New Appropriations Workshop

(2:00 pm to 3:20 pm)

Break

(~3:20 pm to ~3:30 pm)

Request for Water Acquisition Pilot Process

(3:30 pm to 5:00 pm)

What brings you to the ISF Workshop today?

- A. Interest or curiosity about new ISFs
- B. Concern about new ISFs that may affect you or your basin
- C. Entered this session accidentally and feel awkward about getting up to leave
- D. ISF Program Staff that are required to attend
- E. Looked like a quiet session where you could take a nap?

Have you ever?

- A. Lived in a big city (Like Denver)
- B. Lived in a rural area?
- C. Lived on the West-slope?
- D. Lived on the East-slope?
- E. Lived outside of Colorado?
- F. Lived outside of the USA?

What are you most interested in learning about?

- A. ISF Program History and Process to obtain ISF water rights?
- B. How to develop ISF recommendations?
- C. The contested hearing process
- D. Details about the new ISF recommendations
- E. Information on the Request for Water Pilot?
- F. Other? If so, what?

ISF STAFF

JEFF BAESSLER Deputy Section Chief

Appropriations, Physical Protection, Section Finances & Planning

BRANDY LOGAN Hydrologist

Appropriations & Physical Protection Analyses

JACK LANDERS

Hydrologist\Hydrographer

Physical Protection & Monitoring

LINDA BASSI Section Chief

Policy, Program & Staff Management

ROB VIEHL

Water Resource Specialist

Appropriations & Legal Protection Analyses

KAYLEA WHITE

Senior Water Resource Specialist

Acquisitions and Legal Protection

DON WEST Engineer

Engineering Analysis, Acquisition Support

KIM RICOTTA

Legal Protection Support

ISF PROGRAM AREAS

New Appropriations

Appropriate and adjudicate a new (junior) ISF water right for the minimum required to preserve the natural environment to a reasonable degree

Water Acquisitions

Acquire existing water rights and change to ISF use in amounts CWCB determines appropriate to preserve or improve the natural environment to a reasonable degree

Monitoring and Request for Administration

Actively monitor conditions at stream gages and initiate administrative calls as necessary to ensure ISF rights are met.

Legal Protection

Initiating legal action through Colorado's water courts when necessary to provide 100% protection of the state's decreed ISF rights.

Inter-Section Issues –
DSS, Wild and Scenic, State
Water Plan, River Restoration,
Stream Management Plans, etc.



ISF PROGRAM HISTORY

1960s and 70s - Increasing public concern about the impact of human activities on the environment

Toxic Chemicals





1st Earth Day



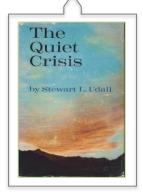
1970 National Environmental Policy Act

1972 Clean Water Act,
Costal Zone Mgt. Act
Marine Mammal Protection Act

1973 Endangered Species Act

1974 Safe Drinking Water Act

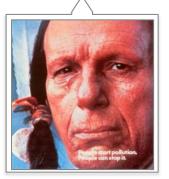
1960's



1964
Wilderness
Preservation Act

1968 Wild and Scenic Rivers Act

Abuse of Nation's Natural Resources



Keep America Beautiful Campaign

1970's

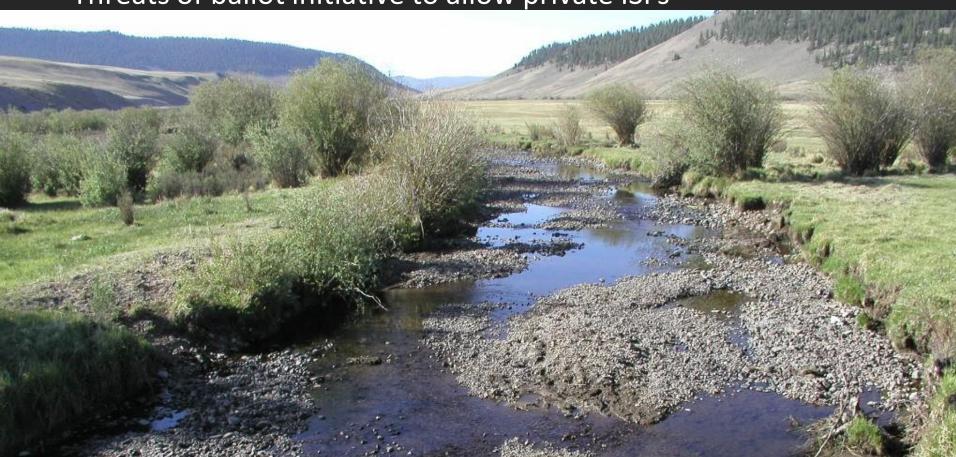




Creation of New Federal Agencies

COLORADO IN THE 1970s

- Public concern over dry stream reaches
- No mechanism within the water rights system to keep water within a stream for environmental preservation
- Federal imposition of bypass flows on Fry-Ark project
- Threats of ballot initiative to allow private ISFs



SENATE BILL 73-97

Established Colorado's Instream Flow Program



- Recognized "the need to correlate the activities of mankind with some reasonable preservation of the natural environment"
- Vested the CWCB with the authority "on behalf of the people of the state of Colorado, to appropriate or acquire... such waters of natural streams and lakes as may be required to preserve the natural environment to a reasonable degree."

SENATE BILL 73-97

Instream Flow & Natural Lake Level water rights:

- In-channel or in-lake appropriations of water
- For minimum flows between specific points on a stream, or levels on natural lakes
- Administered within the State's water right priority system
- Entitled to stream conditions existing at time of appropriation
- Made exclusively by CWCB

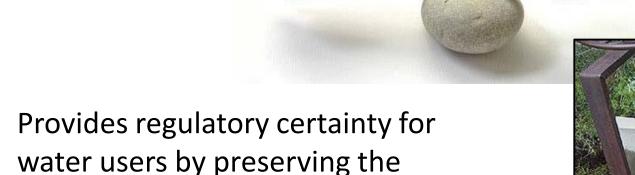


WHAT DOES THE PROGRAM ACCOMPLISH?



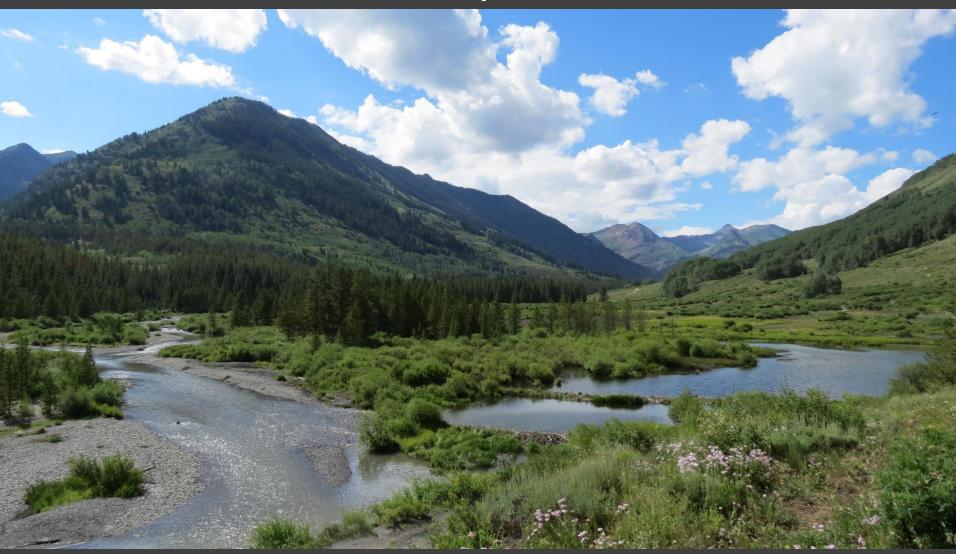
doctrine of prior appropriation.

Legal mechanism to maintain streamflow for the natural environment.



NEW APPROPRIATIONS

ISF Rule 5 procedure



STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

The Board must make 3 determinations before applying to

water court for an ISF water right:

(1) A natural environment exists

Typically identified by the presence of a coldwater fishery, but other indicators can be used (warm water fishery, riparian vegetation)



(2) Water is available for appropriation

- Determined by water right and hydrologic investigations
- Daily Median hydrology when available –water available 50% of time

(3) No material injury to other water rights will occur

- New appropriations are junior water rights and have no effect on existing senior appropriations
- 37-92-102(3) b. Recognition of existing undecreed uses and exchanges

NATURAL ENVIRONMENT



flannelmouth sucker











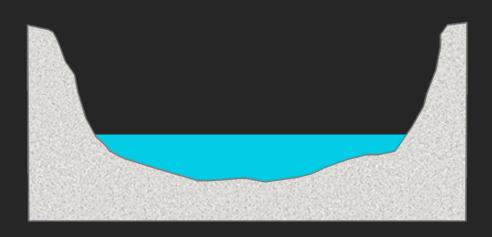


FLOW QUANTIFICATION

R2Cross model determines the streamflow that will maintain hydraulic parameters related to fish habitat.

3 Habitat Criteria:

- Average Depth of 0.2 ft
- Average Velocity of 1.0 ft/sec
- 50% Wetted Perimeter

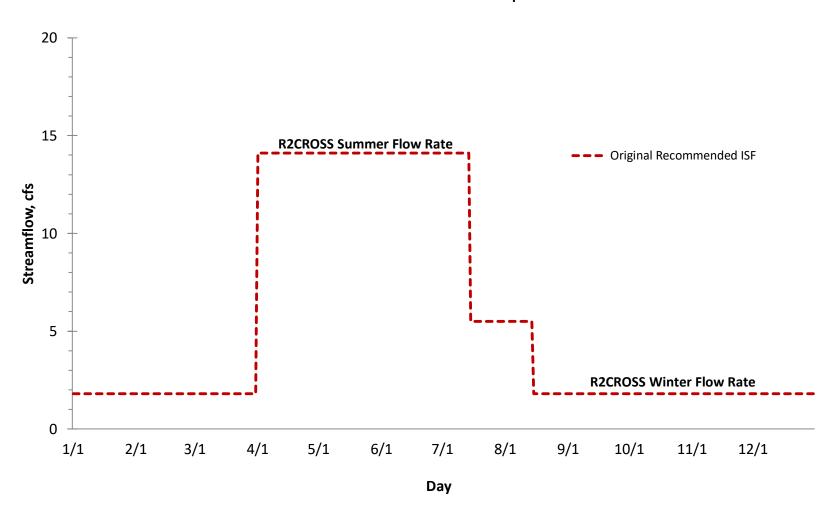




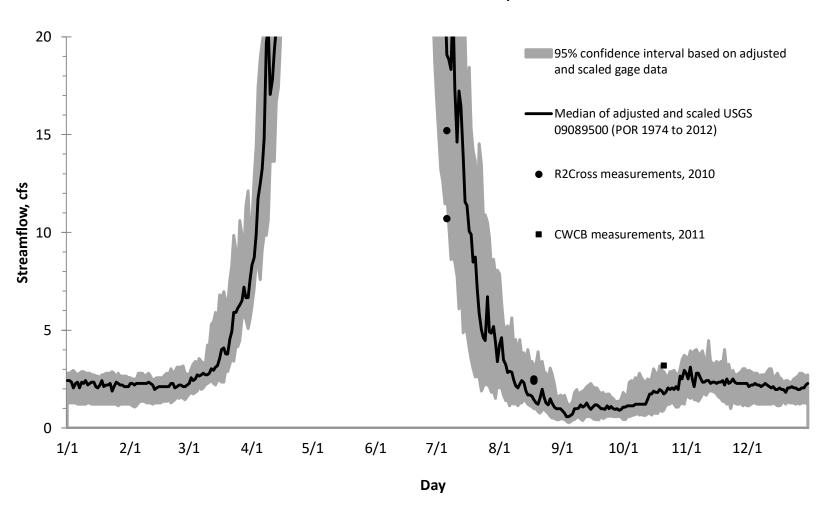
- Water balance approach
 - Median physically available streamflow
- Best available data
 - Streamflow gages
 - Diversion records
 - StreamStats
 - Temporary streamflow gages
 - Spot measurements



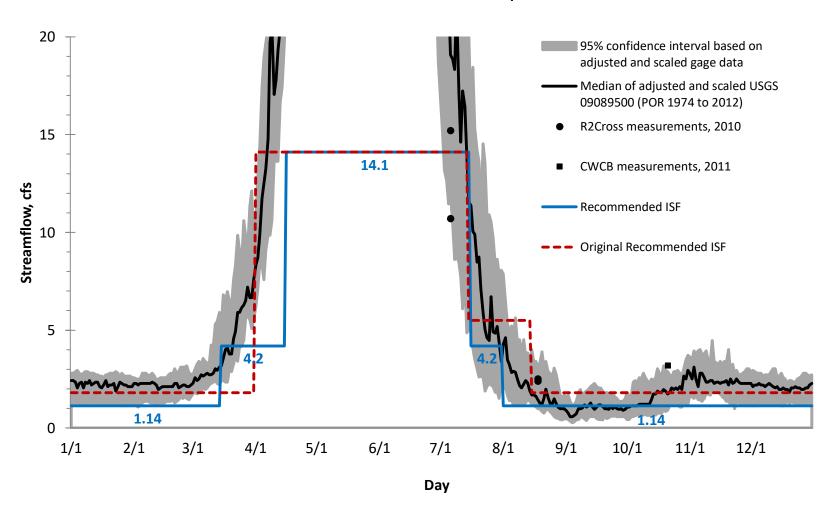
West Divide Creek
Lower terminus: confluence with Mosquito Creek



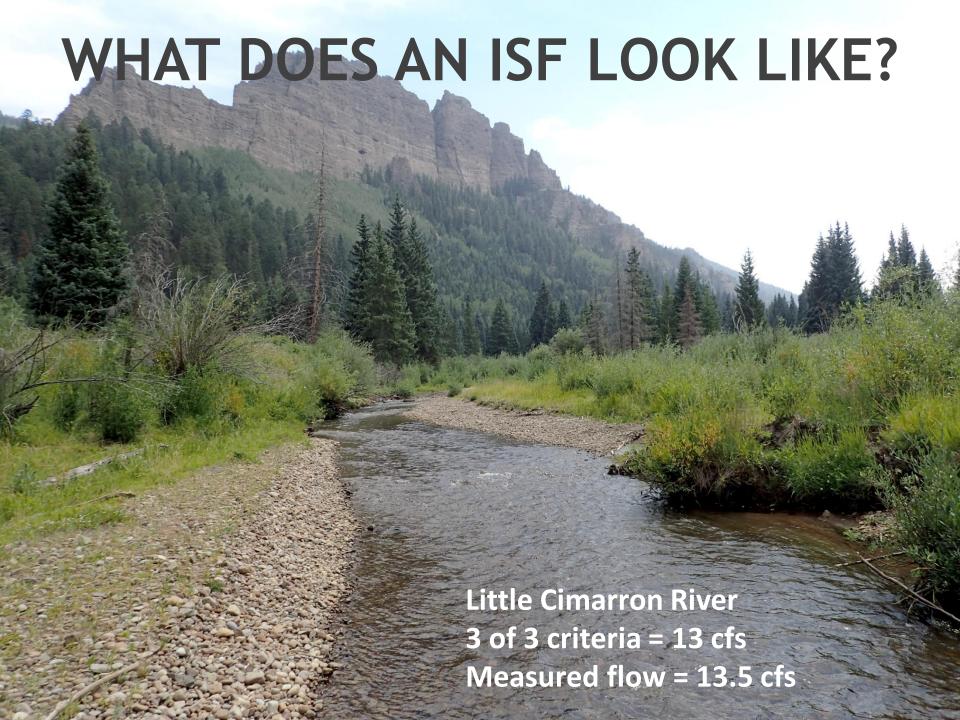
West Divide Creek
Lower terminus: confluence with Mosquito Creek



West Divide Creek Lower terminus: confluence with Mosquito Creek



Water availability can be viewed as a necessary refinement that may impose limitations on biological quantification model findings.



ISF APPROPRIATION PROCESS

Any person or entity may recommend streams or lakes to be considered for appropriation to preserve the natural environment

Recommendation Development

- Collect data and quantify flow requirements
- Submit recommendations "with specificity and in writing".
- Identify stakeholders and participate in staff outreach efforts.
- Testify on natural environment and quantification science at a potential contested hearing.

ISF APPROPRIATION PROCESS

CWCB STAFF:

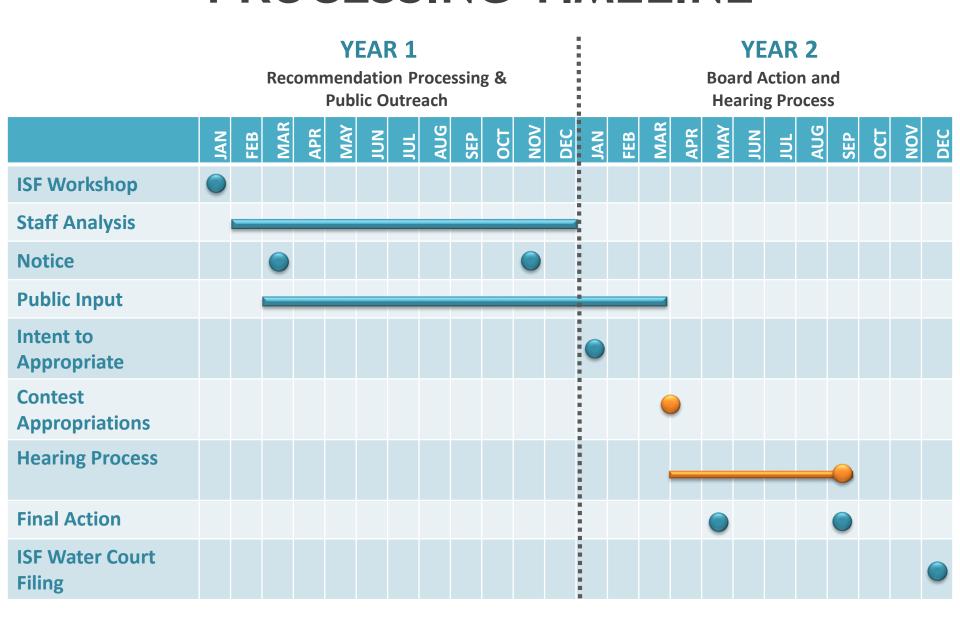
Recommendation Processing and Outreach Activities by Staff (Year 1)

- Public Notice in March and November
- Reviews submitted data and performs a detailed water availability analysis
- Perform site visits and collects additional data
- Holds public meetings to get input on recommendations

Board Appropriation Administrative Process (Year 2)

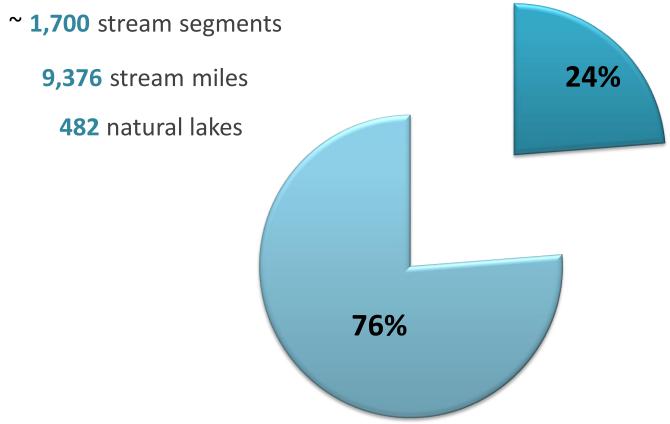
- Staff recommends Board form its intent to appropriate typically at the Board's January Meeting.
- If recommendation contested, staff negotiates settlement or Board holds hearing (ISF Rule 5 notice and comment procedures)
- File application for ISF water right in water court

PROCESSING TIMELINE



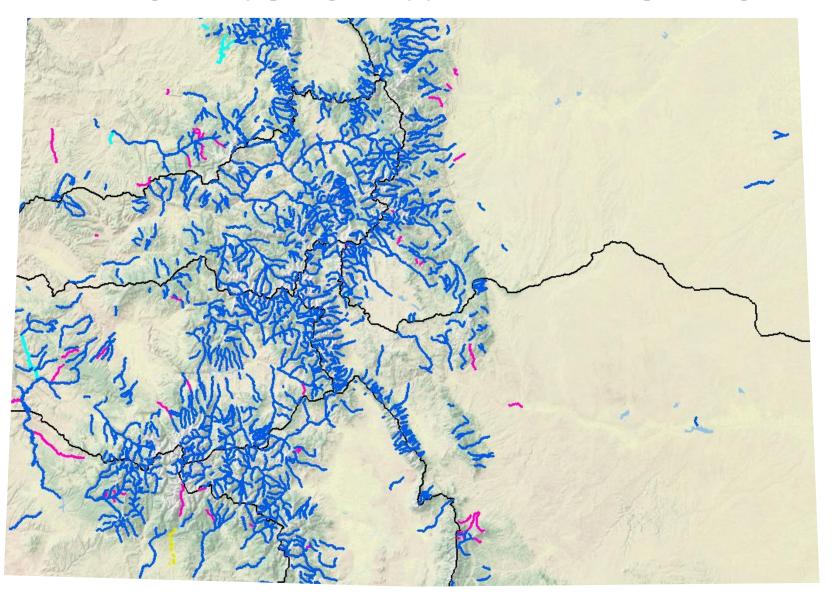
ISF PROGRAM STATISTICS

ISF Appropriations



Note: 39,479 miles of perennial streams in the state based upon the National Hydrography Dataset

EXISTING ISF WATER RIGHTS



Dark blue lines represent streams with decreed ISF rights, light blue are pending decree, violet are current recommendations

ON-GOING ISF RECOMMENDATIONS

Division	Waterbody	Counties	Recommender
1	Unnamed Tributary to Duck Creek	Clear Creek	CPW
1	Platte Gulch	Park	CPW
1	Indian Creek	Park	CPW
1	McCurdy Creek	Park	CPW
1	Mill Creek	Larimer	CPW
1	North Fork Little Thompson River	Larimer	Larimer County DNR & CPW
1	Sulzer Gulch	Larimer	Larimer County DNR & CPW
1	Cache la Poudre River (Spring Canyon)	Larimer	Larimer County DNR & CPW
2	Baker Creek	Huerfano	CPW
2	Bonnett Creek	Huerfano	CPW
3	South Fork Jim Creek	Conejos	CPW
4	Cow Creek	Ouray	CPW
4	Kelso Creek	Mesa	CPW
4	Little Cimarron River	Gunnison & Montrose	CPW
4	Spring Creek	Montrose	BLM
4	Monitor Creek	Montrose	BLM
4	Potter Creek	Montrose	BLM
4	Cottonwood Creek	Delta & Montrose	BLM
6	Piceance Creek	Garfield & Rio Blanco	BLM
6	Milk Creek	Moffat	BLM
6	West Marvine Creek	Rio Blanco	CPW
6	Marvine Creek	Rio Blanco	CPW
7	Rio Lado	Montezuma	USFS
7	Vallecito Creek	La Plata & San Juan	USFS
7	Disappointment Creek	Dolores & San Miguel	BLM
7	Little Taylor Creek	Montezuma	Dolores River Anglers & CPW
7	Tenderfoot Creek	Dolores & Montezuma	Dolores River Anglers & CPW
7	Ryman Creek	Montezuma	Dolores River Anglers & CPW
7	Wildcat Creek	Dolores & Montezuma	Dolores River Anglers

2018 ISF RECOMMENDATIONS **COLORADO PARKS AND WILDLIFE BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT HIGH COUNTRY CITIZENS ADVOCATES**

In your free time do you enjoy?

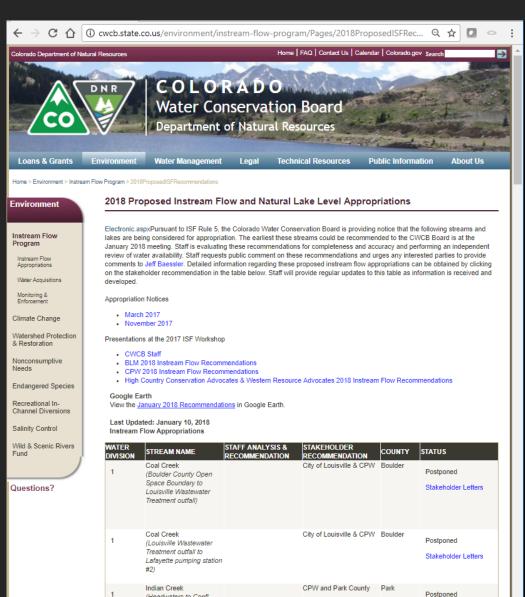
- A. Fishing or Hunting?
- B. Watching sports?
- C. Rafting or kayaking?
- D. Going to the movies?
- E. Hiking or Birdwatching?



Where do you think the ISF program should be headed?

- A. Nowhere, it's fine just the way it is.
- B. More ISF appropriations to address T&E species concerns, wild and scenic issues, riparian and other aspects of the natural environment.
- C. The ISF Program's work is done. Now stop it already.
- D. Additional Acquired Instream Flow Rights

MORE INFORMATION



CPW and Park County Park

Postponed

(Headwaters to Confl. Willow Gulch) McCurdy Creek

(Headwaters to Confl. Lost Creek)



CONTACT INFORMATION

ISF PROGRAM
http://cwcb.state.co.us/Pages/CWCBHome.aspx
303-688-3441

RECOMMENDERS

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Would you be interested in?

- A. Recommender Training
 - Field Data Collection
 - Data Analysis & Interpretation
 - Preparing recommendation
 - Recommendation processes and commitment
- B. ISF Staff presenting information to your organization?
 - A. How to coordinate with CWCB on preventing injury to ISFs when developing a water court application?
 - B. ISF Program presentation
 - C. Something else?