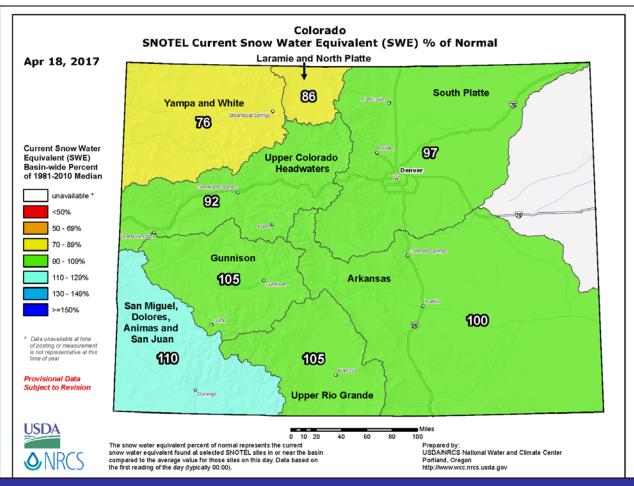
2017 Wildfire Outlook





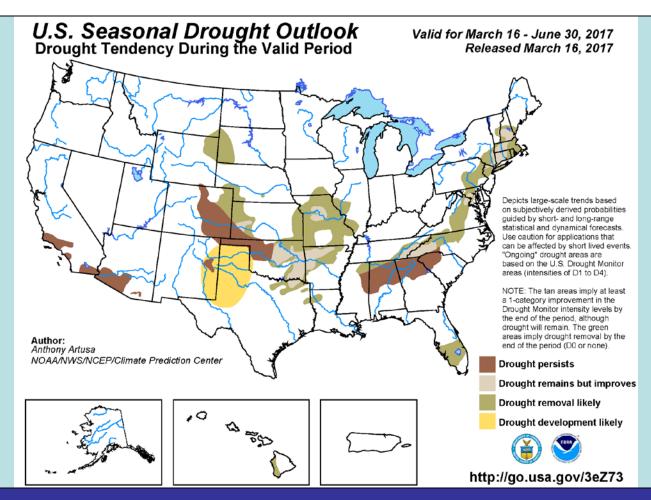


Current Snow Pack



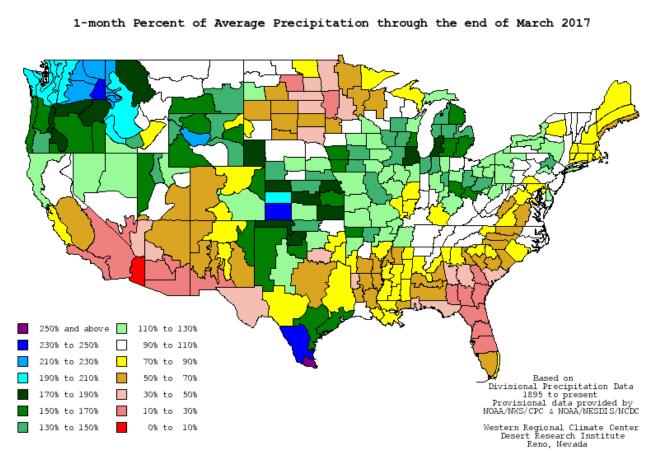


Drought Outlook



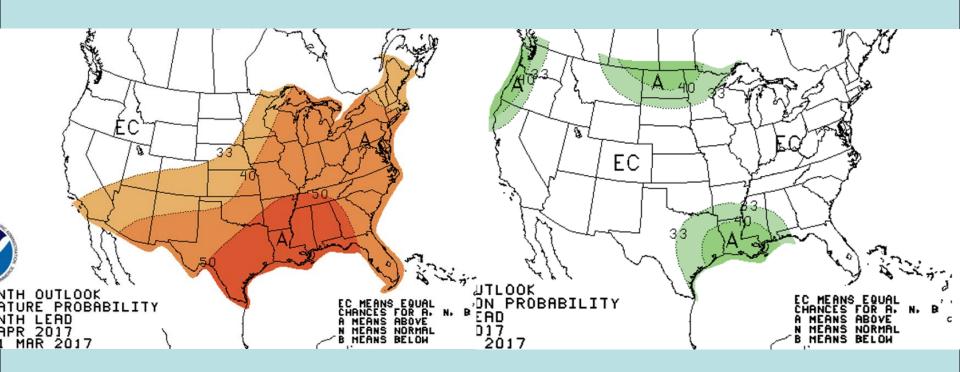


30 Day % of Average Precip



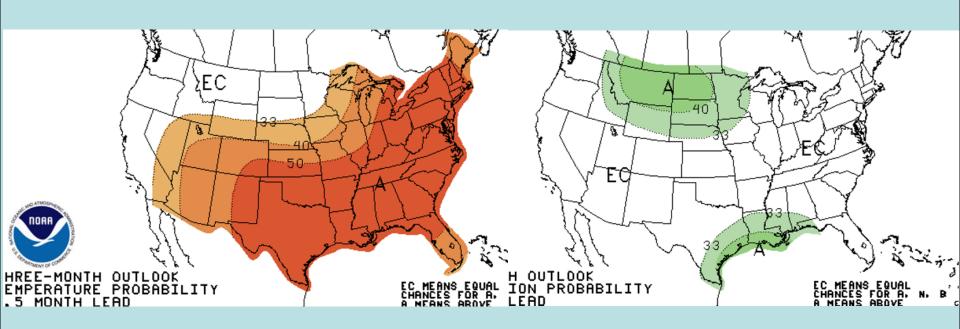


Temp and Precip Outlooks (30)



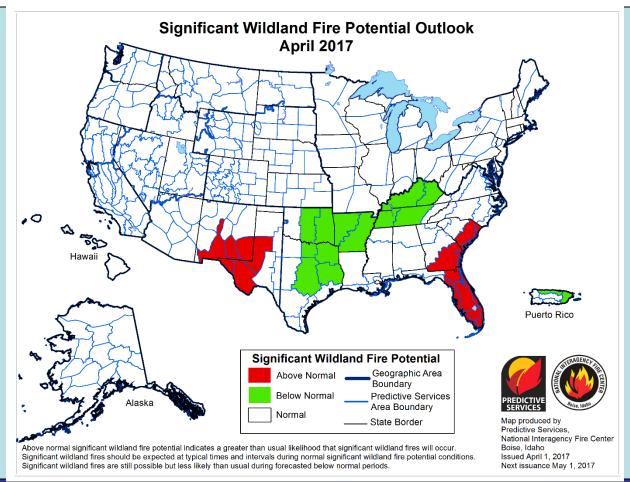


Temp and Precip Outlooks (90)



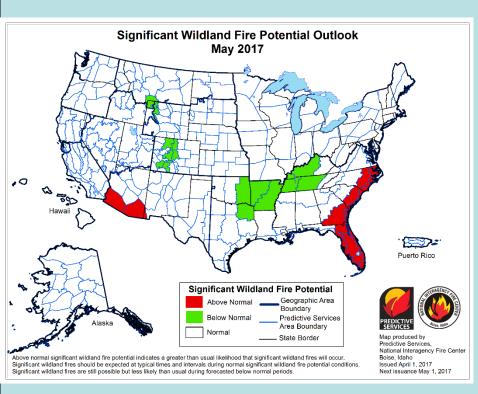


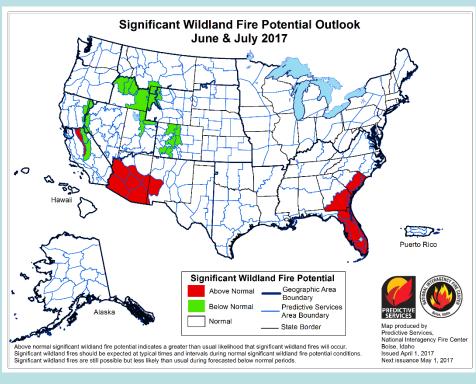
Fire Potential Outlooks





Fire Potential Outlooks







Outlooks

Fuels:

An abundant dead grass and brush fuel component remains in place in the lower elevations and foothills of the Rocky Mountain Area. However, green-up conditions are anticipated to expand in the lower elevations and grasslands during April, reducing the threat of fire activity as the month progresses. Fuel-beds are under snow cover across most RMA mountain locations, with snowpack values above to well above the historical median.



Outlooks

Considerations:

As a result of precipitation received during the second half of March into early April, and also forecast through mid April, the large fire risk forecast for April this year is for an average trend of decreasing potential as green-up expands during the month in the lower elevations.



Outlooks

However, until green-up becomes more prevalent, expect pre-frontal warm, dry and windy conditions at times to keep short duration grass fires a threat across the grasslands of the eastern plains, although not as extreme as what was experienced in February and March.

Large fire risk in the mountains of western Wyoming and Colorado is anticipated to get off to a later than average start to its' core fire season, and overall below average large fire risk is predicted from May through June as a result of recent and forecast precipitation as well as from residual effects of above median snowpack lingering during the spring.

For the lower elevations and foothills of the RMA, the expectation is for average large fire potential during the entire 120 day (April-July) period.



Questions/Comments





Questions/Comments

