Stream: South Fork Purgatoire River

Executive Summary

Water Division: 2 Water District: 19 CDOW#: 30609 CWCB ID: 08/2/A-002

Segment: Confluence with Unnamed Tributary to the Confluence with

Torres Canyon

Upper Terminus: CONFLUENCE WITH UNNAMED TRIBUTARY

(Latitude 37° 3' 49.3"N) (Longitude 104° 58' 59.73"W)

Lower Terminus: CONFLUENCE WITH TORRES CANYON

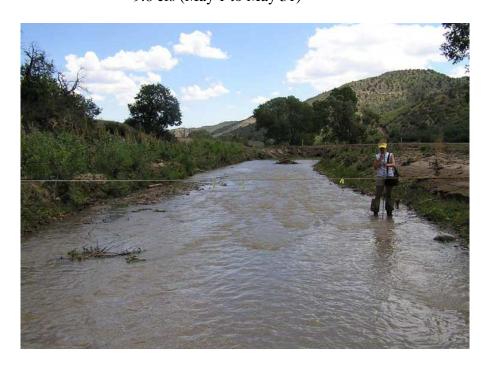
(Latitude 37° 5' 39.66"N) (Longitude 104° 52' 46.78"W)

Watershed: Purgatoire (HUC#: 11020010)

Counties: Las Animas Length: 8.2 miles USGS Quad(s): Terico

Flow Recommendation: 18.0 cfs (June 1 to June 30)

13.0 cfs (July 1 to August 15) 5.0 cfs (August 16 to October 15) 3.0 cfs (October 16 to April 30) 9.6 cfs (May 1 to May 31)



Staff Analysis and Recommendation

Summary

The information contained in this report and the associated instream flow file folder forms the basis for staff's instream flow recommendation to be considered by the Board. It is staff's opinion that the information contained in this report is sufficient to support the findings required in Rule 5.40.

Colorado's Instream Flow Program was created in 1973 when the Colorado State Legislature recognized "the need to correlate the activities of mankind with some reasonable preservation of the natural environment" (see 37-92-102 (3) C.R.S.). The statute vests the CWCB with the exclusive authority to appropriate and acquire instream flow and natural lake level water rights. In order to encourage other entities to participate in Colorado's Instream Flow Program, the statute directs the CWCB to request instream flow recommendations from other state and federal agencies. The Colorado Division of Wildlife (CDOW) recommended this segment of the South Fork Purgatoire River to the CWCB for inclusion into the Instream Flow Program. The South Fork Purgatoire River is being considered for inclusion into the Instream Flow Program because it has a natural environment that can be preserved to a reasonable degree with an instream flow water right.

South Fork Purgatoire River is approximately 19.5 miles long. It begins at the confluence of Johnson and Vallejos Creeks on the east side of Purgatoire Peak at an elevation of approximately 8,600 feet and terminates at the confluence with the Purgatoire River at an elevation of approximately 6,850 feet. Of the 8.2 mile segment addressed by this report, approximately 100% of the segment is located on public lands. The South Fork Purgatoire River is located within Las Animas County. The total drainage area of the river is approximately 100 square miles. The South Fork Purgatoire River generally flows in a northeasterly direction.

The subject of this report is a segment of the South Fork Purgatoire River beginning at an unnamed tributary and extending downstream to the confluence with Torres Canyon. The proposed segment is located west of the City of Trinidad. The recommendation for this segment is discussed below.

Instream Flow Recommendation(s)

CDOW recommended 18.0 cfs (June 1 to June 30), 13.0 cfs (July 1 to August 15), 5.0 cfs (August 16 to October 15), 3.0 cfs (October 16 to April 30), and 9.6 cfs (May 1 to May 31), based on its May 11, 2006 and July 20, 2006 data collection efforts. The modeling results from this survey effort are within the confidence interval produced by the R2Cross model.

Land Status Review

		Total Length	Land Ownership	
Upper Terminus	Lower Terminus	(miles)	% Private	% Public
Confluence with	Confluence with	8.2	0%	100%
Unnamed Tributary	Torres Canyon	0.2	0 70	10070

100% of the public lands are managed by CDOW.

Biological Data

The South Fork Purgatoire River is classified as a large stream (between 36 to 59 feet wide) and fishery surveys indicate the stream environment of South Fork Purgatoire River supports populations of brown trout (*Salmo trutta*), longnose dace (*Rhinichthys cataractae*) and white sucker (*Catostomus commersoni*).

Field Survey Data

CDOW staff used the R2Cross methodology to quantify the amount of water required to preserve the natural environment to a reasonable degree. The R2Cross method requires that stream discharge and channel profile data be collected in a riffle stream habitat type. Riffles are most easily visualized, as the stream habitat types that would dry up first should streamflow cease. This type of hydraulic data collection consists of setting up a transect, surveying the stream channel geometry, and measuring the stream discharge. Appendix B contains copies of field data collected for this proposed segment.

Biological Flow Recommendation

The CWCB staff relied upon the biological expertise of the cooperating agencies to interpret output from the R2Cross data collected to develop the initial, biologic instream flow recommendation. This initial recommendation is designed to address the unique biologic requirements of each stream without regard to water availability. Three instream flow hydraulic parameters, average depth, percent wetted perimeter, and average velocity are used to develop biologic instream flow recommendations. The CDOW has determined that maintaining these three hydraulic parameters at adequate levels across riffle habitat types, aquatic habitat in pools and runs will also be maintained for most life stages of fish and aquatic invertebrates (Nehring 1979; Espegren 1996).

For this segment of stream, 4 data sets were collected with the results shown in Table 1 below. Table 1 shows who collected the data (Party), the date the data was collected (Date), the measured discharge at the time of the survey (Q), the accuracy range of the predicted flows based on Manning's Equation (240% and 40% of Q), the summer flow recommendation based on meeting 3 of 3 hydraulic criteria and the winter flow recommendation based upon 2 of 3 hydraulic criteria. It is believed that recommendations that fall outside of the accuracy range of the model, over 250% of the measured discharge or under 40% of the measured discharge may not give an accurate estimate of the necessary instream flow required.

Table 1: Data

Party	Date	Q	250%-40%	Summer (3/3)	Winter (2/3)
DOW	5/11/2006	11.9	29.7 - 4.8	23.0	9.3
DOW	5/11/2006	13.9	34.7 – 5.5	18.5	10.9
DOW	7/20/2006	12.0	29.9 – 4.8	14.8	8.7
DOW	7/20/2006	12.5	31.3 – 5.0	16.2	4.6 ^(OR)

DOW = Division of Wildlife OR= Outside of the R2X Accuracy Range

The summer flow recommendation, which meets 3 of 3 criteria and is within the accuracy range of the R2CROSS model is 23 cfs to 14.8 cfs, averaging the summer flow recommendations within this range results in an 18 cfs recommendation. The recommendations of 13.0 cfs (July 1 to August 15) and 9.6 cfs (May 1 to May 31) which meet 2 of 3 criteria, were based on water availability limitations. In addition, the recommended flow of 5.0 cfs (August 16 to October 15) and the winter flow recommendation of 3.0 cfs (October 16 to April 30) were based on water availability limitations.

Hydrologic Data and Analysis

After receiving the cooperating agency's biologic recommendation, the CWCB staff conducted an evaluation of the stream hydrology to determine if water was physically available for an instream flow appropriation. This evaluation was done through a computation that is, in essence, a "water balance". In concept a "water balance" computation can be viewed as an accounting exercise. When done in its most rigorous form, the water balance parses precipitation into all the avenues water pursues after it is deposited as rain, snow, or ice. In other words, given a specified amount of water deposition (input), the balance tries to account for all water depletions (losses) until a selected end point is reached. Water losses include depletions due to evaporation and transpiration, deliveries into ground water storage, temporary surface storage, incorporations into plant and animal tissue and so forth. These losses are individually or collectively subtracted from the input to reveal the net amount of stream runoff as represented by the discharge measured by stream gages. Of course, the measured stream flow need not be the end point of interest; indeed, when looking at issues of water use to extinction stream flow measurements may only describe intermediate steps in the complex accounting process that is a water balance carried out to a net value of zero.

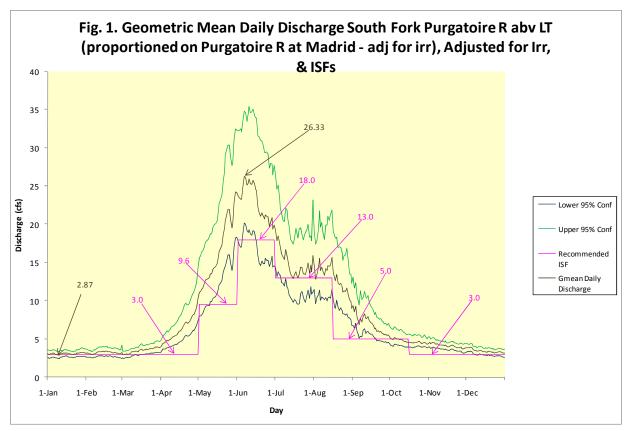
In its analysis, CWCB staff has attempted to use this idea of balancing inputs and losses to determine if water is available for the recommended Instream Flow Appropriation. Of course, this analysis must be a practical exercise rather than a lengthy, and costly, scientific investigation. As a result, staff has simplified the process by lumping together some variables and employing certain rational and scientifically supportable assumptions. The process may be described through the following description of the steps used to complete the evaluation for this particular stream.

The first step required in determining water availability is a determination of the hydrologic regime at the Lower Terminus (LT) of the recommended ISF reach. In the best case this means looking at the data from a gage at the LT. Further, this data, in the best case, has been collected for a long period of time (the longer the better) including wet and dry periods. In the case of **South Fork Purgatoire River** no such gage is available at the LT. In fact, there is no gage on South Fork Purgatoire River. It is thus necessary to describe the normal flow regime at South Fork Purgatoire River above the LT through a "representative" gage station. The gage station selected for this was PURGATOIRE RIVER AT MADRID, CO (USGS 07124200); it has a period of record (POR) of 35 years collected between 1971 and 2007. The gage is at an elevation of 6,261.61 ft above mean sea level (amsl) and has a drainage area of 505 mi². The hydrograph (plot of discharge over time) produced from this gage includes the consumptive uses of numerous diversions. However, the existence of these diversions does not preclude use of the data from the gage. To make the measured data transferable to South Fork Purgatoire River

above the LT, the consumptive portions of these diversions were added back to the measured hydrograph. The resulting "adjusted" hydrograph could then be used on South Fork Purgatoire River above the LT by multiplying the "adjusted" gage discharge values by an area ratio; specifically, the area of South Fork Purgatoire River above the LT (86.8 mi²) to Purgatoire River at Madrid, CO (505 mi²). Next, the resulting proportioned "adjusted" hydrograph was itself "adjusted" (decreased) to reflect the numerous existing consumptive irrigation depletions on South Fork Purgatoire River upstream of the LT. The final hydrograph thus represents a distribution of flow over time that has been reduced to reflect existing human uses.

{The Following discussion is based upon the US Geological Survey's *Techniques of Water-Resources Investigations* Series, *Book 4: Hydrologic Analysis and Interpretation, Chapter A3: Statistical Methods in Water Resources* (Chapter 3: Describing Uncertainty) by D.R. Helsel and R. M. Hirsch. This technical reference provides the scientific background and guidance important to the systematic interpretation of hydrologic data. The document is available online and is a valuable aid to understanding and interpreting the analyses described here.}

The next step in producing a representation of the discharge at South Fork Purgatoire River is to compute the Geometric Mean of the area-prorated "adjusted" data values from the Purgatoire River at Madrid, CO hydrograph. This step is of value because of the inherent statistical weaknesses found in any collection of data intended to measure natural stream discharge. Without getting into the details of statistical theory, it is worth noting that a set of discharge measurements is inherently inaccurate, no matter how well collected, due to the difficulties attendant to data collection, especially hydrologic data. To give deference to this fact and to increase the value of the hydrograph product of this analysis, the Geometric Means of the data were computed and plotted along with the 95% Confidence Intervals about the data. The resultant hydrograph, including recommended Instream Flow values, is displayed in figure 1 with an enlargement displayed in figure 2. The data displayed by this hydrograph follow in Table 1.



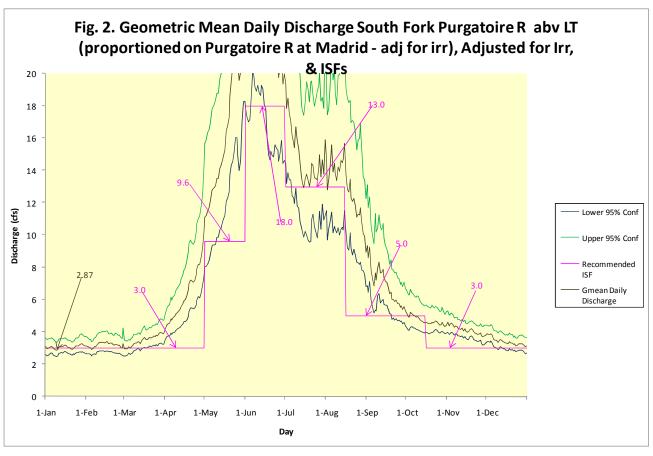


Table 1. Geometric Mean Discharge and Recommended Instream Flows			
Date	Recommended ISF	Proportioned Adjusted GM (abv gage) Adj (-) for Irr & OoB in S Fk Purgatoire R abv LT	
1-Jan	3.0	3.07	
2-Jan	3.0	2.97	
3-Jan	3.0	3.00	
4-Jan	3.0	3.05	
5-Jan	3.0	3.10	
6-Jan	3.0	3.10	
7-Jan	3.0	2.99	
8-Jan	3.0	2.92	
9-Jan	3.0	2.87	
10-Jan	3.0	2.91	
11-Jan	3.0	3.04	
12-Jan	3.0	3.08	
13-Jan	3.0	3.10	
14-Jan	3.0	3.10	
15-Jan	3.0	3.17	
16-Jan	3.0	3.17	
17-Jan	3.0	3.12	
18-Jan	3.0	3.06	
19-Jan	3.0	3.03	
20-Jan	3.0	2.97	
21-Jan	3.0	2.92	
22-Jan	3.0	3.00	
23-Jan	3.0	2.98	
24-Jan	3.0	3.13	
25-Jan	3.0	3.13	
26-Jan	3.0	3.15	
27-Jan	3.0	3.24	
28-Jan	3.0	3.27	
29-Jan	3.0	3.25	
30-Jan	3.0	3.19	
31-Jan	3.0	3.15	
1-Feb	3.0	3.11	
2-Feb	3.0	3.10	
3-Feb	3.0	3.07	
4-Feb	3.0	3.01	
5-Feb	3.0	2.92	
6-Feb	3.0	2.98	
7-Feb	3.0	3.07	
8-Feb	3.0	3.07	
9-Feb	3.0	3.24	
10-Feb	3.0	3.29	
11-Feb	3.0	3.36	
12-Feb	3.0	3.35	

13-Feb	3.0	3.34	
14-Feb	3.0	3.36	
15-Feb	3.0	3.32	
16-Feb	3.0	3.38	
17-Feb	3.0	3.39	
18-Feb	3.0	3.27	
19-Feb	3.0	3.29	
20-Feb	3.0	3.30	
21-Feb	3.0	3.22	
22-Feb	3.0	3.18	
23-Feb	3.0	3.24	
24-Feb	3.0	3.23	
25-Feb	3.0	3.16	
26-Feb	3.0	3.17	
27-Feb	3.0	3.06	
28-Feb	3.0	3.01	
29-Feb	3.0	3.25	
1-Mar	3.0	2.95	
2-Mar	3.0	2.93	
3-Mar	3.0	2.97	
4-Mar	3.0	3.08	
5-Mar	3.0	3.00	
6-Mar	3.0	3.06	
7-Mar	3.0	3.13	
8-Mar	3.0	3.28	
9-Mar	3.0	3.30	
10-Mar	3.0	3.33	
11-Mar	3.0	3.41	
12-Mar	3.0	3.37	
13-Mar	3.0	3.28	
14-Mar	3.0	3.45	
15-Mar	3.0	3.58	
16-Mar	3.0	3.64	
17-Mar	3.0	3.52	
18-Mar	3.0	3.54	
19-Mar	3.0	3.57	
20-Mar	3.0	3.65	
21-Mar	3.0	3.61	
22-Mar	3.0	3.67	
23-Mar	3.0	3.73	
24-Mar	3.0	3.73	
25-Mar	3.0	3.80	
26-Mar	3.0	3.74	
27-Mar	3.0	3.90	
28-Mar	3.0	3.97	
29-Mar	3.0	3.94	
30-Mar	3.0	3.89	
31-Mar	3.0	3.94	
1-Apr	3.0	4.18	
2-Apr	3.0	4.40	
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3-Apr	3.0	4.51	
4-Apr	3.0	4.55	
5-Apr	3.0	4.83	
6-Apr	3.0	4.71	
7-Apr	3.0	4.90	
8-Apr	3.0	4.94	
9-Apr	3.0	5.13	
10-Apr	3.0	5.22	
11-Apr	3.0	5.31	
12-Apr	3.0	5.43	
13-Apr	3.0	5.57	
14-Apr	3.0	5.69	
15-Apr	3.0	5.95	
16-Apr	3.0	6.04	
17-Apr	3.0	6.24	
18-Apr	3.0	6.57	
19-Apr	3.0	6.98	
20-Apr	3.0	7.21	
21-Apr	3.0	7.15	
22-Apr	3.0	7.08	
23-Apr	3.0	7.19	
24-Apr	3.0	7.52	
25-Apr	3.0	7.92	
26-Apr	3.0	8.18	
27-Apr	3.0	8.21	
28-Apr	3.0	8.64	
29-Apr	3.0	9.21	
30-Apr	3.0	10.29	
1-May	9.6	11.12	
2-May	9.6	11.21	
3-May	9.6	11.45	
4-May	9.6	11.68	
5-May	9.6	12.16	
6-May	9.6	12.74	
7-May	9.6	12.84	
8-May	9.6	12.93	
9-May	9.6	13.06	
10-May	9.6	13.53	
11-May	9.6	13.52	
12-May	9.6	14.15	
13-May	9.6	14.35	
14-May	9.6	14.52	
15-May	9.6	14.89	
16-May	9.6	15.25	
17-May	9.6	16.50	
18-May	9.6	16.78	
19-May	9.6	17.28	
20-May	9.6	18.60	
21-May	9.6	19.57	
22-May	9.6	20.44	
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23-May	9.6	21.14
24-May	9.6	21.95
25-May	9.6	21.97
26-May	9.6	20.59
27-May	9.6	19.60
28-May	9.6	20.14
29-May	9.6	22.89
30-May	9.6	24.25
31-May	9.6	24.23
1-Jun	18.0	23.77
2-Jun	18.0	23.47
3-Jun	18.0	23.34
4-Jun 5-Jun	18.0	23.33
6-Jun	18.0 18.0	24.89 26.33
7-Jun	18.0	26.33
8-Jun	18.0	25.17
9-Jun	18.0	25.41
10-Jun	18.0	25.95
11-Jun	18.0	25.34
12-Jun	18.0	25.25
13-Jun	18.0	25.25
14-Jun	18.0	25.37
15-Jun	18.0	24.59
16-Jun	18.0	24.42
17-Jun	18.0	22.30
18-Jun	18.0	21.52
19-Jun	18.0	21.12
20-Jun	18.0	21.50
21-Jun	18.0	21.06
22-Jun	18.0	20.70
23-Jun	18.0	21.24
24-Jun	18.0	21.09
25-Jun	18.0	20.96
26-Jun	18.0	19.79
27-Jun	18.0	20.33
28-Jun	18.0	20.87
29-Jun	18.0	19.38
30-Jun	18.0	19.97
1-Jul	13.0	19.35
2-Jul	13.0	17.85
3-Jul	13.0	18.49
4-Jul	13.0	17.56
5-Jul	13.0	17.06
6-Jul	13.0	16.12
7-Jul	13.0	15.72
8-Jul	13.0	15.41
9-Jul	13.0	16.72
10-Jul	13.0	15.86
11-Jul	13.0	15.37

12-Jul	13.0	14.46	
13-Jul	13.0	13.55	
14-Jul	13.0	13.29	
15-Jul	13.0	12.93	
16-Jul	13.0	13.47	
17-Jul	13.0	13.78	
18-Jul	13.0	13.43	
19-Jul	13.0	13.03	
20-Jul	13.0	13.51	
21-Jul	13.0	14.45	
22-Jul	13.0	14.32	
23-Jul	13.0	13.58	
24-Jul	13.0	13.51	
25-Jul	13.0	13.44	
26-Jul	13.0	14.20	
27-Jul	13.0	14.97	
28-Jul	13.0	13.58	
29-Jul	13.0	14.66	
30-Jul	13.0	13.80	
31-Jul	13.0	15.92	
1-Aug	13.0	14.67	
2-Aug	13.0	12.82	
3-Aug	13.0	13.46	
4-Aug	13.0	14.30	
5-Aug	13.0	15.62	
6-Aug	13.0	13.93	
7-Aug	13.0	14.45	
8-Aug	13.0	13.81	
9-Aug	13.0	13.37	
10-Aug	13.0	14.23	
11-Aug	13.0	13.95	
12-Aug	13.0	14.62	
13-Aug	13.0	14.50	
14-Aug	13.0	14.67	
15-Aug	13.0	15.69	
16-Aug	5.0	13.78	
17-Aug	5.0	12.87	
18-Aug	5.0	12.67	
19-Aug	5.0	13.45	
20-Aug	5.0	12.33	
21-Aug	5.0	12.07	
22-Aug	5.0	12.26	
23-Aug	5.0	11.81	
24-Aug	5.0	11.10	
25-Aug	5.0	11.31	
26-Aug	5.0	11.26	
27-Aug	5.0	11.69	
28-Aug	5.0	10.74	
29-Aug	5.0	10.11	
30-Aug	5.0	9.92	

31-Aug 5.0 8.96 1-Sep 5.0 9.35 2-Sep 5.0 8.57 3-Sep 5.0 9.26 4-Sep 5.0 7.84	
2-Sep 5.0 8.57 3-Sep 5.0 9.26 4-Sep 5.0 7.84	
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5-Sep 5.0 7.30	
6-Sep 5.0 6.87	
7-Sep 5.0 7.67	
8-Sep 5.0 7.22	
9-Sep 5.0 7.93	
10-Sep 5.0 8.32	
11-Sep 5.0 7.66	
12-Sep 5.0 7.71	
13-Sep 5.0 7.89	
14-Sep 5.0 7.37	
15-Sep 5.0 7.14	
16-Sep 5.0 7.06	
17-Sep 5.0 6.75	
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1-Oct 5.0 5.13	
2-Oct 5.0 4.97	
3-Oct 5.0 4.93	
4-Oct 5.0 5.20	
5-Oct 5.0 5.13	
6-Oct 5.0 5.03	
7-Oct 5.0 4.99	
8-Oct 5.0 4.91	
9-Oct 5.0 4.95	
10-Oct 5.0 4.92	
11-Oct 5.0 4.77	
12-Oct 5.0 4.69	
13-Oct 5.0 4.62	
14-Oct 5.0 4.56	
15-Oct 5.0 4.59	
16-Oct 3.0 4.59	
17-Oct 3.0 4.55	
18-Oct 3.0 4.50	
19-Oct 3.0 4.50	

20-Oct	3.0	4.60	
21-Oct	3.0	4.54	
22-Oct	3.0	4.58	
23-Oct	3.0	4.67	
24-Oct	3.0	4.62	
25-Oct	3.0	4.49	
26-Oct	3.0	4.41	
27-Oct	3.0	4.48	
28-Oct	3.0	4.59	
29-Oct	3.0	4.43	
30-Oct	3.0	4.31	
31-Oct	3.0	4.42	
1-Nov	3.0	4.59	
2-Nov	3.0	4.39	
3-Nov	3.0	4.44	
4-Nov	3.0	4.54	
5-Nov	3.0	4.46	
6-Nov	3.0	4.28	
7-Nov	3.0	4.36	
8-Nov	3.0	4.32	
9-Nov	3.0	4.23	
10-Nov	3.0	4.22	
11-Nov	3.0	4.16	
12-Nov	3.0	4.22	
13-Nov	3.0	4.07	
14-Nov	3.0	4.19	
15-Nov	3.0	4.05	
16-Nov	3.0	3.97	
17-Nov	3.0	4.03	
18-Nov	3.0	4.14	
19-Nov	3.0	4.18	
20-Nov	3.0	4.11	
21-Nov	3.0	4.00	
22-Nov	3.0	3.95	
23-Nov	3.0	3.87	
24-Nov	3.0	3.84	
25-Nov	3.0	3.87	
26-Nov	3.0	3.95	
27-Nov	3.0	3.77	
28-Nov	3.0	3.69	
29-Nov	3.0	3.76	
30-Nov	3.0	3.81	
1-Dec	3.0	3.87	
2-Dec	3.0	3.84	
3-Dec	3.0	3.82	
4-Dec	3.0	3.90	
5-Dec	3.0	3.81	
6-Dec	3.0	3.55	
7-Dec	3.0	3.49	
8-Dec	3.0	3.49	

9-Dec	3.0	3.38	
10-Dec	3.0	3.39	
11-Dec	3.0	3.52	
12-Dec	3.0	3.48	
13-Dec	3.0	3.40	
14-Dec	3.0	3.35	
15-Dec	3.0	3.30	
16-Dec	3.0	3.33	
17-Dec	3.0	3.27	
18-Dec	3.0	3.39	
19-Dec	3.0	3.31	
20-Dec	3.0	3.33	
21-Dec	3.0	3.20	
22-Dec	3.0	3.27	
23-Dec	3.0	3.15	
24-Dec	3.0	3.18	
25-Dec	3.0	3.26	
26-Dec	3.0	3.28	
27-Dec	3.0	3.28	
28-Dec	3.0	3.29	
29-Dec	3.0	3.19	
30-Dec	3.0	3.10	
31-Dec	3.0	3.13	

Existing Water Right Information

CDOW staff has analyzed the water rights tabulation and contacted the Division Engineer's Office (DEO) to identify any potential water availability problems due to existing diversions. Records indicate that there are no surface water diversions that are located within this reach of the South Fork Purgatoire River. Staff has determined that water is available for appropriation on the South Fork Purgatoire River, between the confluence with an unnamed tributary and the confluence with the Torres Canyon, to preserve the natural environment to a reasonable degree without limiting or foreclosing the exercise of valid existing water rights.

CWCB Staff's Instream Flow Recommendation

Staff recommends the Board form its intent to appropriate on the following stream reach:

<u>Segment</u>: Confluence with Unnamed Tributary to the Confluence with Torres Canyon

Upper Terminus: CONFLUENCE WITH UNNAMED TRIBUTARY

(Latitude 37° 3' 49.3"N) (Longitude 104° 58' 59.73"W)

UTM North: 4101938.3 N UTM East: 501488.3 E

Lower Terminus: CONFLUENCE WITH TORRES CANYON (Latitude 37° 5' 39.66"N) (Longitude 104° 52' 46.78"W)

UTM North: 4105345.6 N UTM East: 510694.1 E

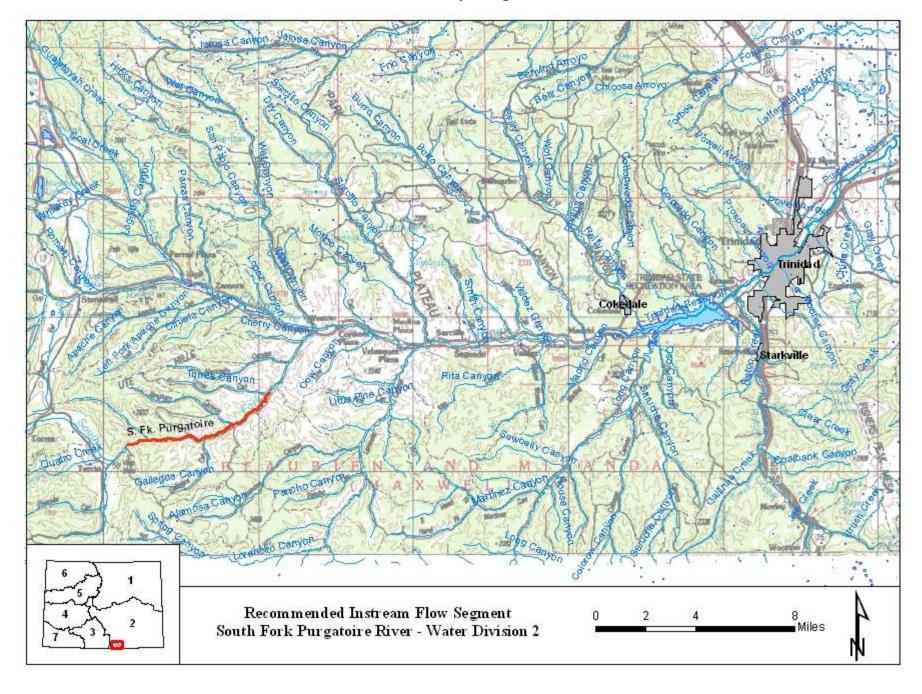
Watershed: Purgatoire (HUC#: 11020010)

Counties: Las Animas Length: 8.2 miles USGS Quad(s): Terico

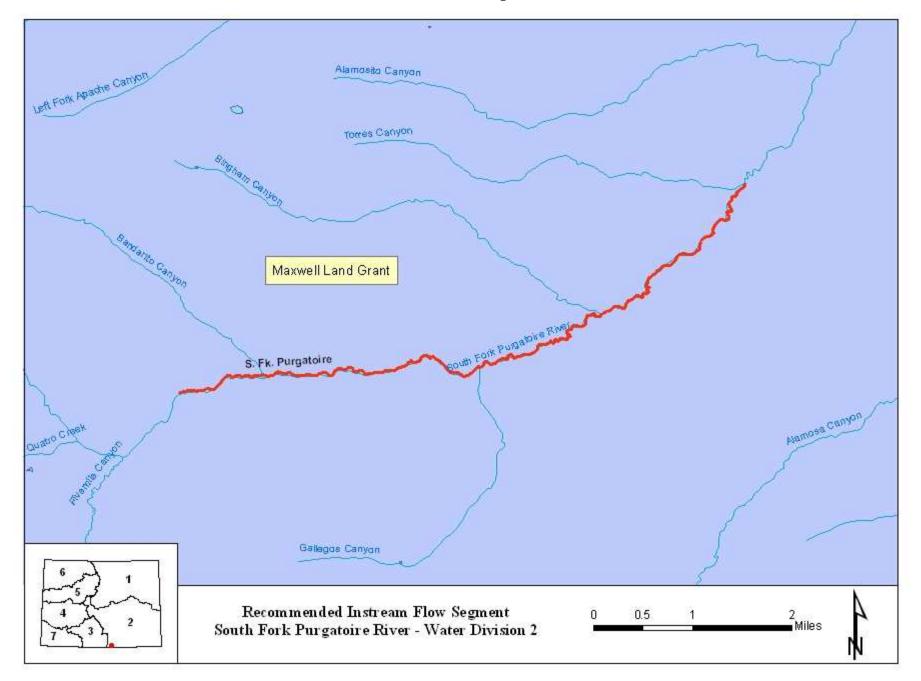
Flow Recommendation: 18.0 cfs (June 1 to June 30)

13.0 cfs (July 1 to August 15) 5.0 cfs (August 16 to October 15) 3.0 cfs (October 16 to April 30) 9.6 cfs (May 1 to May 31)

Vicinity Map



Land Use Map



Topographic & Water Rights Map

