







Rio Grande Roundtable Meeting Alamosa, Colorado

March 10, 2009

Projects and Methods to Meet Identified Water Supply Needs

Basin-Wide Water Needs Assessments

- Identify Consumptive Water Needs (M&I and Agricultural)
- Identify Nonconsumptive Water Needs (Environmental and Recreational)
- Identify Available Water Supplies
- Identify Projects and Methods to Meet
 Consumptive and Nonconsumptive Water Needs

Path Forward – 2009

- Consumptive Needs Assessment done in Draft
- Nonconsumptive Priority Areas Identified

Focus of 2009:

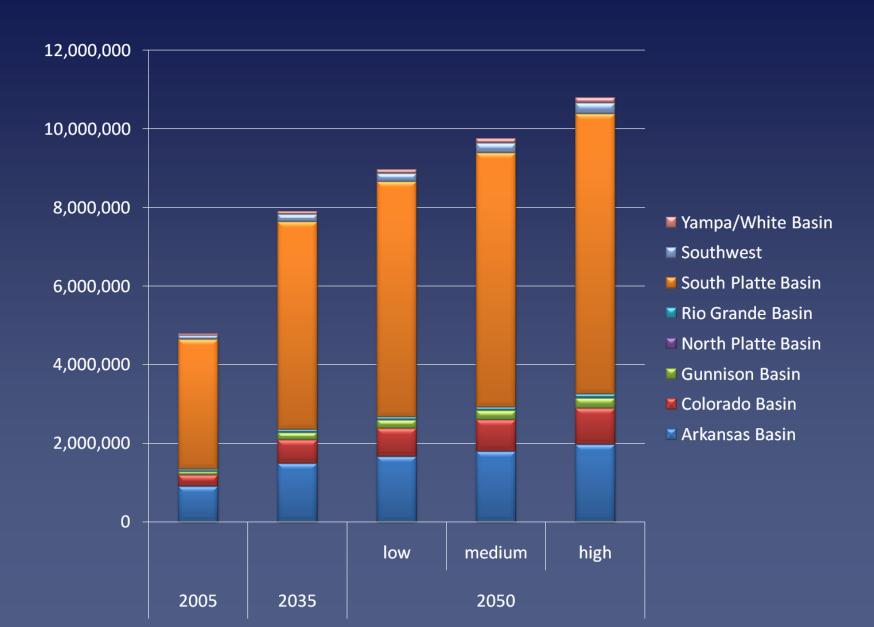
Projects and Methods to Meet Identified Needs (M&I and Nonconsumptive)

Status of Basin Roundtable Needs Assessments

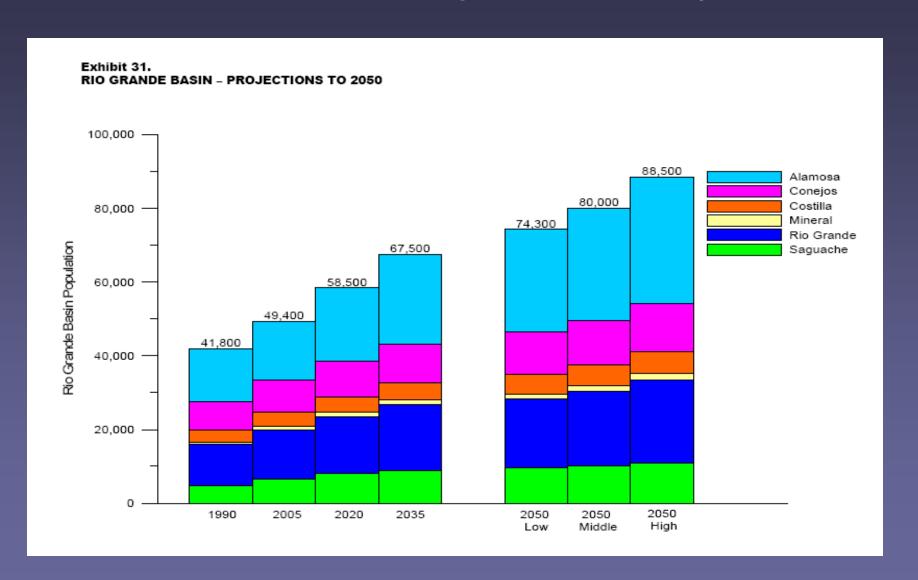
Basin	Consumptive Needs Assessment	Nonconsumptive Needs Assessment	Water Supply Availability Assessment
Rio Grande	 Augment SWSI 1 with Task Order requests - San Luis Valley Groundwater Level Study Demands to 2050 	Roundtable review mapping	SWSI 1Task Order Request

Visions and Strategies for Colorado's Water Supply Future: M&I Water Demands to 2050

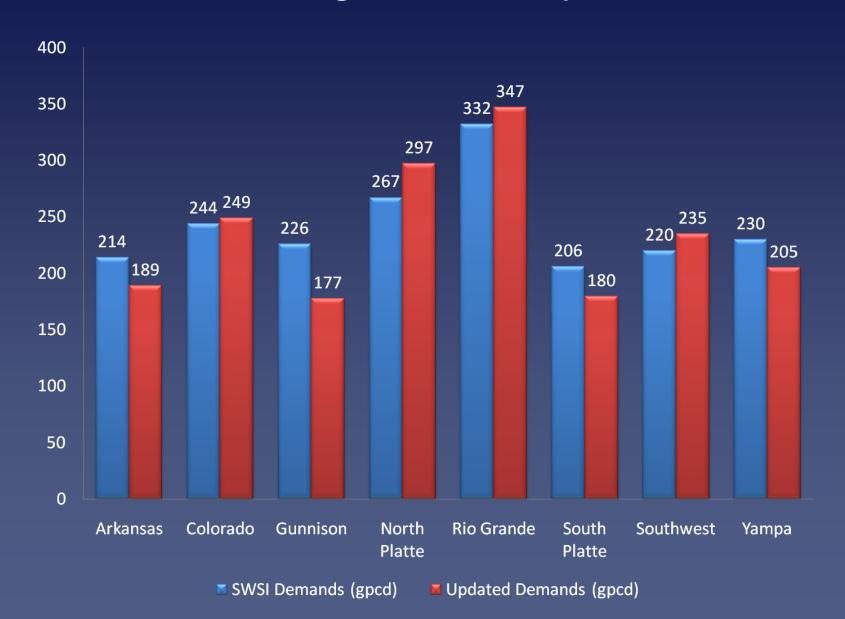
Population Projections



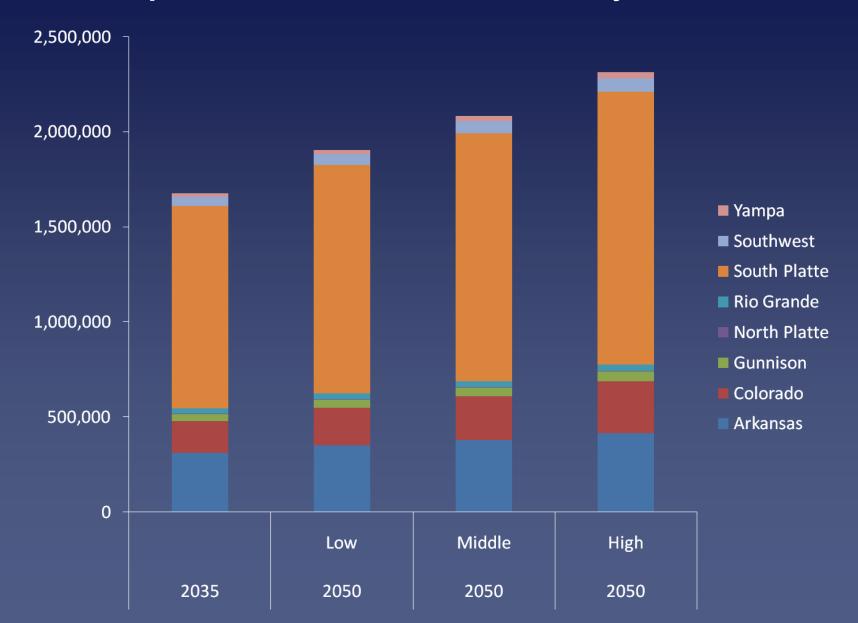
Rio Grande Basin Population Projections



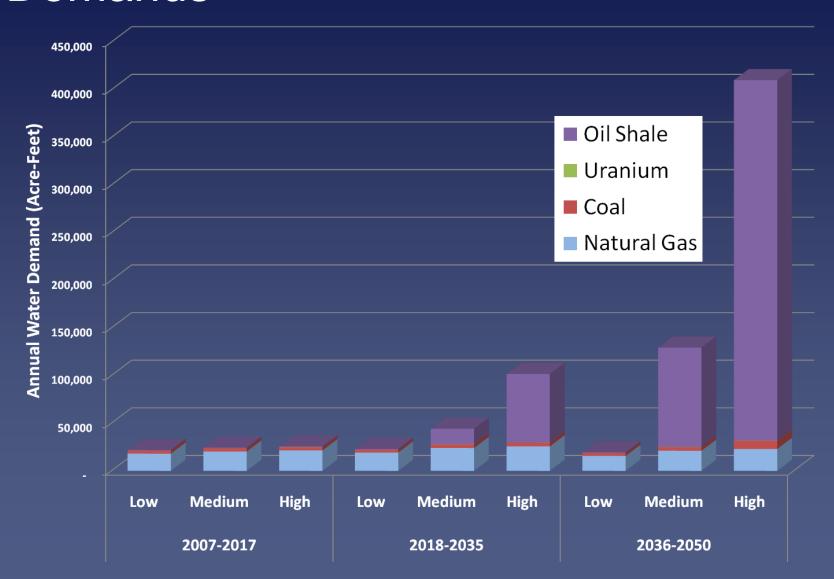
M&I Water Usage Rates by Basin



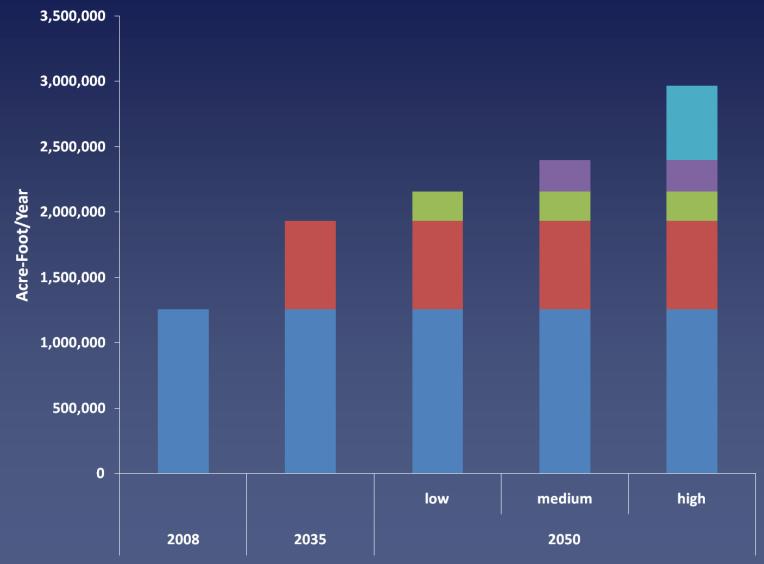
Municipal Water Demands by Basin



Colorado and Yampa/White Energy Demands

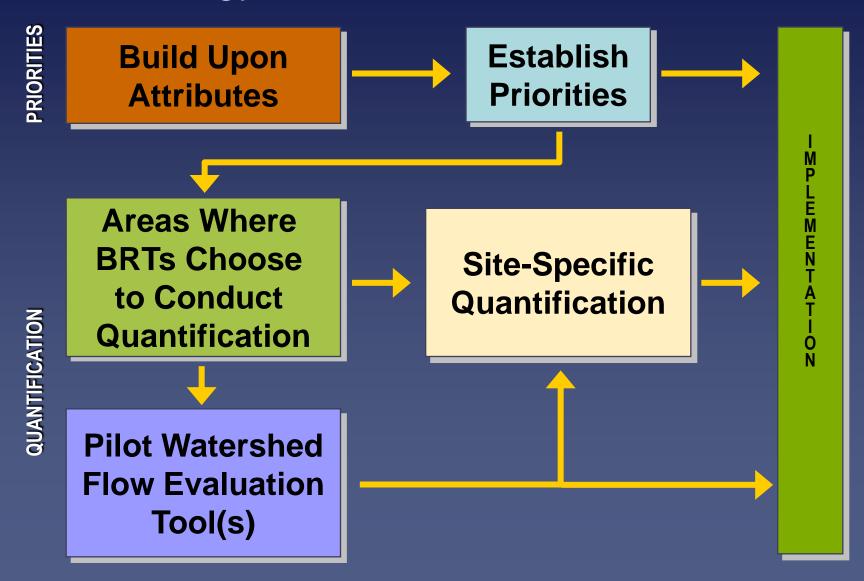


By 2050, Colorado will need up to 1.7 MAF to Meet M&I Demands*

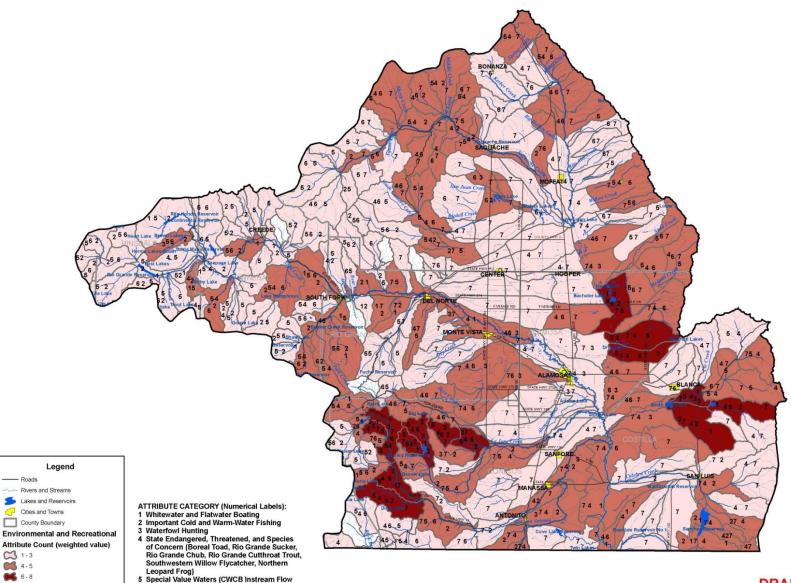


^{*}This does not take into account demand reductions from conservation for future demands

Nonconsumptive Needs Assessment Methodology



Rio Grande Basin Non-Consumptive Needs Assessment Sample 12-Digit HUC Prioritization Based on Environmental and Recreational Attributes



Note: Wetlands were assigned a weighted value of 2. All other attribute categories had a weight

WQCD Oustanding Waters) 6 Rare Plants and Significant Riparian Wetland **Plant Communities**

7 Wetlands (National Wetlands Inventory)

Waters, Eligible/Suitable Wild and Scenic,



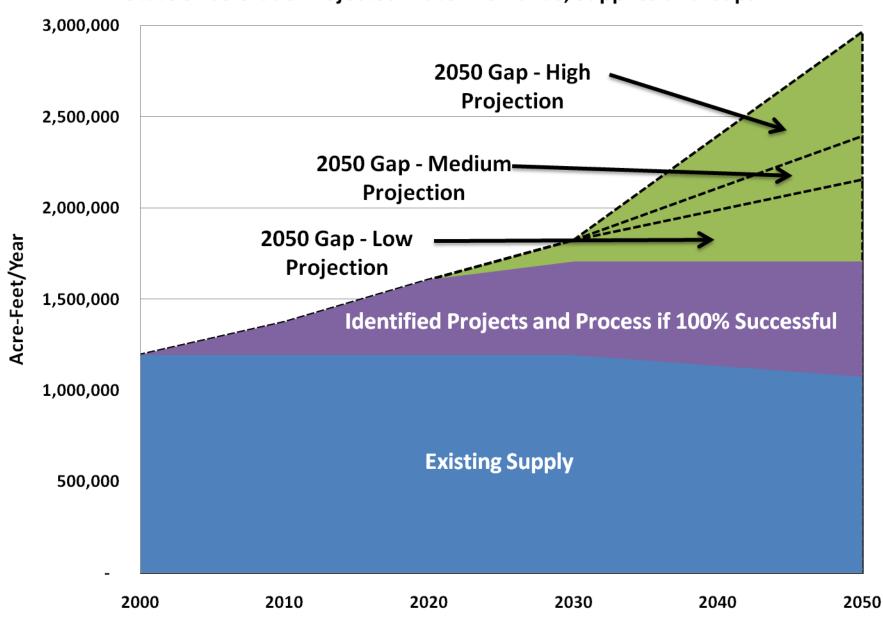
DRAFT

Data from the following sources: See Individual Attribute Maps. USGS, CWCB

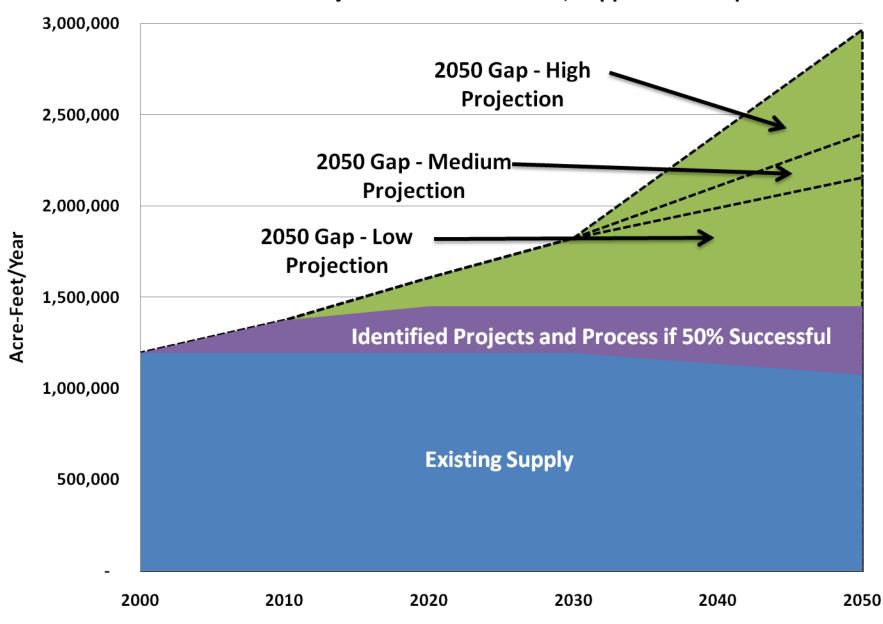
Roundtable Action Items

- Finalize map
- Identify projects and methods for priority areas

State of Colorado Projected Water Demands, Supplies and Gaps



State of Colorado Projected Water Demands, Supplies and Gaps



Rio Grande IPPs

Major Identified Projects and Processes in Rio Grande Basin Counties

	Estimated Demand Met by Identified Projects and Processes and Additional	
County	Conservation (AFY)	Identified Projects and Processes
Alamosa	1,900	Existing water rights, groundwater, and augmentation plans
Conejos	500	Existing water rights, groundwater, and augmentation plans
Costilla	_	Existing water rights and groundwater
Mineral	100	Existing water rights, groundwater, and augmentation plans
Rio Grande	900	Existing water rights, groundwater, and augmentation plans
Saguache	800	Existing water rights, groundwater, and augmentation plans
TOTAL	4,200	

County	Major Provider	Remaining Gross Gap (AF)	Supplies Beyond 2030*	Notes	Source
Alamosa	Alamosa, City of	0	Y	Evaluating its water supply options; has a relatively new well in place; surface supply via diversions from a drainage slough and six confined aquifer wells (1,000 feet deep). City recently acquired East Alamosa Water District and its water rights.	BRT2 feedback and Hydrosphere memo 7/8/99
	Unincorporated Alamosa County not served by a water district - San Luis Valley Water Conservancy District augmentation	0	Y	Augmentation of new wells required for parcels < 35 acres. San Luis Valley Water Conservancy District augmentation water available.	Mike Gibson, San Luis Valley Water Conservancy District
Conejos	Antonito, Town of	0	Υ	Conejos River surface diversion plus one well at 500 feet.	Rio Grande DSS documentation memo 7/8/99
	Manassa, Town of	0	Υ	Have two wells in confined aquifer (800 feet deep).	Rio Grande DSS documentation memo 7/8/99

County	Major Provider	Remaining Gross Gap (AF)	Supplies Beyond 2030*	Notes	Source
Conejos (cont.)	Romeo, Town of	0	Y	Have one well in confined aquifer (689 feet deep). Installing water meters to conserve water and operate within 100 AFY well water right withdrawal limitation.	
	Sanford, Town of	0	N	Have two wells in confined aquifer (±900 feet deep). Present water rights permit withdrawal of 250 AFY. Usage is exceeding water rights. Town is in process of acquiring additional water rights.	
	Unincorporated Conejos County not served by a water district	0	U	Assumed to have wells in confined aquifer. Augmentation required. Agricultural dry-up primary source of augmentation water.	

County	Major Provider	Remaining Gross Gap (AF)	Supplies Beyond 2030*	Notes	Source
Costilla	Town of Blanca	0	U	Have one well in unconfined aquifer.	
	Fort Garland Water and Sanitation District	0	U	Have two wells in unconfined aquifer.	
	Costilla County Conservancy District	0	U	Assumed to have wells in unconfined aquifer. Augmentation required. Agricultural dry-up primary source of augmentation water.	
	San Luis Water & Sanitation District	0	U	Have two wells in unconfined aquifer.	
	Costilla County Water & Sanitation District	±50	N	Served by ±6 wells in unconfined aquifer.	
	Unincorporated Costilla County not served by a water district	0	U	Assumed to have wells in confined aquifer. Augmentation required. Agricultural dry-up primary source of augmentation water.	

County	Major Provider	Remaining Gross Gap (AF)	Supplies Beyond 2030*	Notes	Source
Mineral	Creede, Town of	0	Y Has two alluvial wells. Well water right withdrawal limitation is ±470 AFY. Have existing rights and have policy for new developments bring in augmentation water.		Mike Gibson, San Luis Valley Water Conservancy District
	Unincorporated Mineral County not served by a water district - San Luis Valley Water Conservancy District augmentation	0	U	Augmentation of new wells required for parcels < 35 acres. San Luis Valley Water Conservancy District augmentation water available if owner petitions for inclusion.	Mike Gibson, San Luis Valley Water Conservancy District
Rio Grande	Monte Vista, City of	0	U	Have five wells in confined aquifer (800 to 1,000 feet deep).	Rio Grande DSS documentation memo 7/8/99
	Center, Town of	0	U	Have two wells in confined aquifer (785 feet deep).	Rio Grande DSS documentation memo 7/8/99
	Del Norte, Town of	0	U	Have two wells 300 feet deep and a Piños Creek surface water right back-up.	Rio Grande DSS documentation memo 7/8/99

County	Major Provider	Remaining Gross Gap (AF)	Supplies Beyond 2030*	Notes	Source
Rio Grande (cont.)	Unincorporated Rio Grande County not served by a water district - San Luis Valley Water Conservancy District augmentation	0	U	Augmentation of new wells required for parcels < 35 acres. San Luis Valley Water Conservancy District augmentation water available.	Mike Gibson, San Luis Valley Water Conservancy District
Saguache	Baca Subdivision Water System	0	U	Assumed to have wells in confined aquifer. Augmentation required. Agricultural dry-up primary source of augmentation water.	
	Saguache, Town of	0	U	Assumed to have wells in unconfined aquifer. Augmentation required. Agricultural dry-up primary source of augmentation water.	

County	Major Provider	Remaining Gross Gap (AF)	Supplies Beyond 2030*	Notes	Source
Saguache (cont.)	Crestone, Town of	0	U	Assumed to have wells in confined aquifer. Augmentation required. Agricultural dry-up primary source of augmentation water.	
	Unincorporated Saguache County not served by a water district - San Luis Valley Water Conservancy District augmentation	0	Y	Augmentation of new wells required for parcels < 35 acres. Included in San Luis Valley Water Conservancy District but may need to construct recharge pits for augmentation water for areas not tributary to Rio Grande.	Mike Gibson, San Luis Valley Water Conservancy District

Potential Future Rio Grande Basin Water Management Options

Project	Sponsor	Type of Project	Additional Storage (AF)	Additional Yield (AFY)	Project Purpose and Notes
National Forest Timber Management	None	Flow augmentation	Not Applicable	Not Available	Increase runoff from national forests.
Rio Grande Headwaters Restoration Project	San Luis Valley Conservancy District Water Task Force - consisting of various interests	River restoration including bank stabilization, J-hooks to redirect flows, riparian fencing, planting of willows and improvement and/or relocation of ditch and canal diversion structures.		Not Available	Purpose is to restore river to historical functions including maintenance of channel capacity, flood protection, riparian habitat, Rio Grande Compact deliveries and access for water diversion.
Ground Water Recharge and Management Project	Rio Grande WCD, San Luis Valley WCD, various ditch and reservoir companies, conservancy districts and Fish and Wildlife Service	Groundwater recharge	Not Applicable	Will increase groundwater storage in underground reservoirs - No estimate at this time.	Oversize the capacity of existing irrigation canals and ditches and dedicate large recharge areas to take advantage of flood flows and flows available under Rio Grande Compact. Enhance recharge of closed basin aquifer to allow better utilization of surface water supplies.

Potential Future Rio Grande Basin Water Management Options (cont.)

Project	Sponsor	Type of Project	Additional Storage (AF)	Additional Yield (AFY)	Project Purpose and Notes
Creation of Groundwater Management Districts	Rio Grande WCD or San Luis Valley WCD Water Management Subdistrict and various ditch and reservoir companies	Groundwater	Not Applicable	Not Available	Establish groundwater management subdistricts to manage consumption while maximizing aquifer sustainable yield.
Upper Rio Grande Basin Water Operations Review	Bureau of Reclamation and Army Corps of Engineers	Re-operations	Not Applicable	Not Available	Improved management of federal water facilities in Colorado and New Mexico; Enhanced administration of this water by the BOR to ensure no expansion of irrigated acreage in New Mexico.
Expanding Outreach and Education	Rio Grande WCD and San Luis Valley WCD	Public Education	Not Applicable	Not Available	Education Programs and Speakers Bureaus to raise the awareness of the importance of a healthy river and a sustainable water supply and prudent management of entire basin.
Ground and surface water conservation program	None	Conservation	Not Available	Not Available	Maximize beneficial use of surface water and groundwater resources.

Roundtable Action Items

Review and update IPPs and base options

Development of Water Supply Strategies

Elements of the Visioning Process



Meet M&I Demands Meet Agricultural Demands Meet Colorado's Environment and Recreation Demands Promote Cooperation Between Water Supply Planners and Land Use Planners Promote More Cooperation Among All Colorado Water Users Optimize Existing and Future Water Supplies Promote Cost-Effectiveness Minimize the Net Energy Used to Supply Water **Protect Cultural Values Linked to Water Resources Provide Operational Flexibility** and Coordinated Infrastructure Promote Increased Fairness When Water is Moved Between Areas **Comply With all Applicable Laws and Regulations Educate all Coloradoans on the Importance of Water**

Colorado's Water Supply

Future Vision Goals

2050 Planning Horizon for Colorado's Water Supply Future

Demand Factors:

- M&I Growth
- Energy Demands



Supply Factors:

- Colorado River Hydrologic Variability
- Climate Change
- Compact Call

2050 Planning Horizon for Colorado's Water Supply Future

Demand Factors:

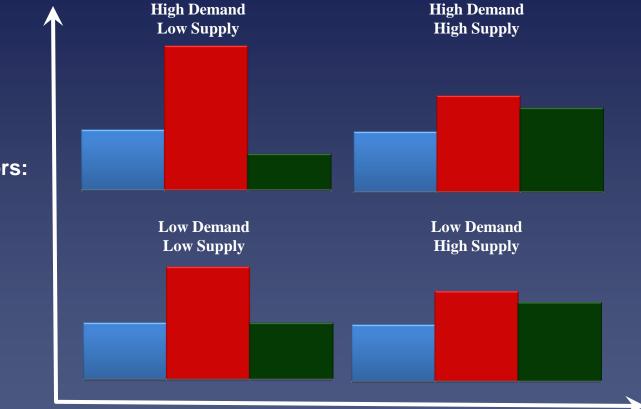
- M&I Growth
- Energy Demands



Supply Factors:

- Colorado River Hydrologic Variability
- Climate Change
- Compact Call

2050 Planning Horizon for Colorado's Water Supply Future



Demand Factors:

- M&I Growth
- Energy Demands
- Conservation
- Agricultural
 Transfers
- Colorado River

Supply Factors:

- Colorado River Hydrologic Variability
- Climate Change
- Compact Call

Narratives about Colorado's Water Supply Future

Create a narrative describing what would lead to the 5 different scenarios



Water Supply Strategies

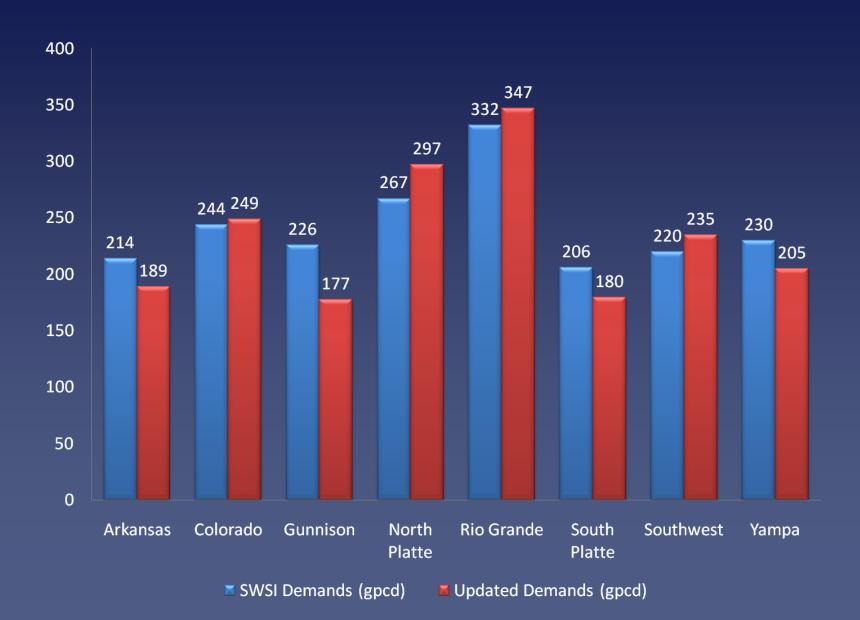
- Water Conservation
- Agricultural Transfers
 - Conventional and alternative transfers
- Development of New Supplies
 - New Storage
 - Transbasin

These strategies address M&I needs, but options to address agricultural and nonconsumptive needs will be added as strategies are evaluated

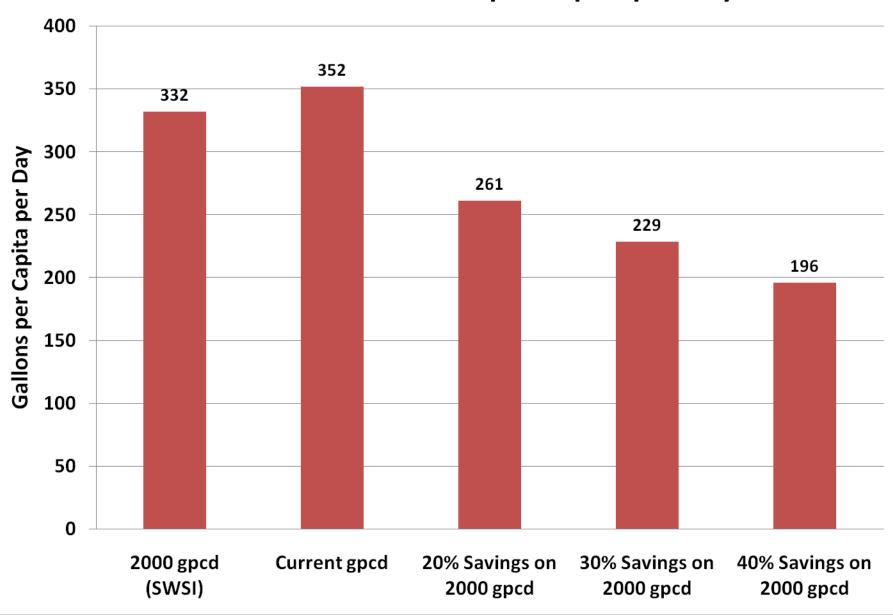


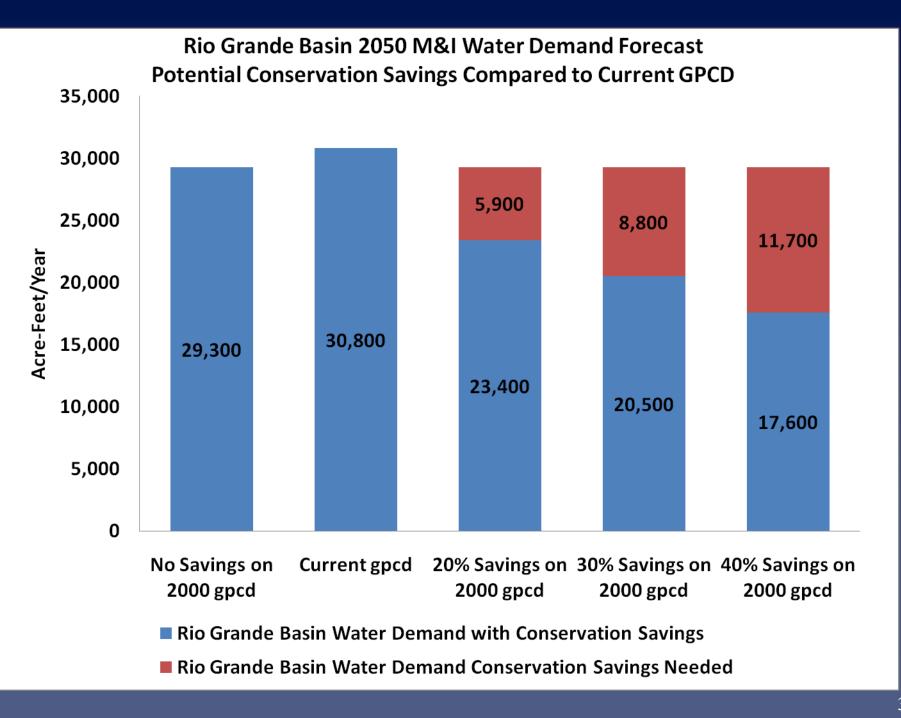
Water Conservation

M&I Water Usage Rates by Basin



Rio Grande Basin Gallons per Capita per Day



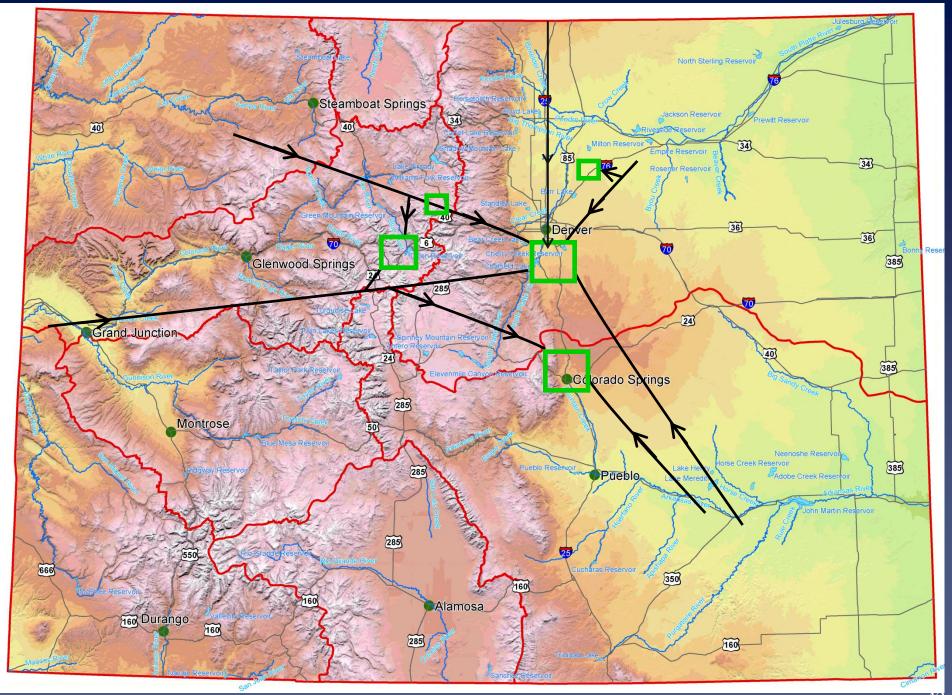


Ag Transfer Strategy

- Lower South Platte Transfer
- Lower Arkansas Transfer

Development of New Water Supplies

- Green Mountain Concept <100,000 acre-ft
- Yampa Concept >100,000-250,000 acre-ft
- Flaming Gorge Concept >100,000-250,000 acre-ft
- Big Straw Concept



Risk Management Strategies

- West Slope Water Bank
- Compact Delivery via Blue Mesa
- Conjunctive Use of Denver Basin Aquifer
- Timing/Phased Development
- Incremental Development
- System Wide Augmentation

Engineering Evaluation Elements (Examined by March CWCB/IBCC meeting)

- Description of strategy or project elements water source, conveyance and storage, water quality
- Capital costs permitting, mitigation, water rights, land acquisition, pumps, pipe, treatment, storage
- Annual Operation and Maintenance costs energy, equipment maintenance and replacement

<u>Purpose</u>

Ability to compare tradeoffs between strategies

Strategy Evaluation (Examined <u>after March CWCB/IBCC meeting</u>)

Identification of:

- Project benefits
- Implementation issues
- Potential attributes/additional options
- Acceptability

Other evaluation elements:

- Discuss potential attributes/additional options for ag transfer and new supply development options with Basin Roundtables
- Incorporate other conservation elements such as sharing of conserved water and the infrastructure and institutional arrangements required

Qualitative description of how each strategy meets the Vision Statement and Vision Goals

- Present status of needs assessment (SWSII, "Other appropriate sources," task orders, WSRA studies)
- Present demands to 2050
- Discuss projects and methods for meeting in-basin needs (SWSI IPPs, SWSI base options, other projects identified since SWSI)
- Review nonconsumptive basin maps final product (attributes and priorities)
- Present approach to evaluating water supply strategies

- Refine demands to 2050
- Screen projects and methods for meeting identified needs
- Discuss next steps on nonconsumptive priority areas (quantification and/or implementation strategies)
- Discuss progress on evaluation of water supply strategies

- Discuss progress on nonconsumptive quantification and implementation strategies
- Discuss progress on projects and methods for meeting identified needs and evaluation of water supply strategies
- Discuss integrating needs assessments with Colorado River supply availability preliminary results

- Present draft results of nonconsumptive quantification and implementation strategies
- Present draft results of projects and methods for meeting identified needs
- Present draft results of evaluation of water supply strategies