

# ADAMS COUNTY, COLORADO AND INCORPORATED AREAS VOLUME 1 OF 3

Community Name	Community Number
ADAMS COUNTY, CO UNINCORPORATED AREAS	080001
BENNETT, TOWN OF	080003
BRIGHTON, CITY OF	080004
COMMERCE, CITY OF	080006
FEDERAL HEIGHTS, CITY OF	080240
NORTHGLENN, CITY OF	080257
THORNTON, CITY OF	080007

REVISED: MARCH 5, 2007



Federal Emergency Management Agency FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY NUMBER 08001CV001A

#### NOTICE TO

#### FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY USERS

Communities participating in the National Flood Insurance Program have established repositories of flood hazard data for floodplain management and flood insurance purposes. This Flood Insurance Study (FIS) may not contain all data available within the repository. It is advisable to contact the community repository for any additional data.

Part or all of this FIS may be revised and republished at any time. In addition, part of this FIS may be revised by the Letter of Map Revision process, which does not involve republication or redistribution of the FIS report. It is, therefore, the responsibility of the user to consult with community officials and to check the community repository to obtain the most current FIS report components.

Initial FIS Report Effective Date: December 15, 1989

**Revised FIS Report Dates:** 

August 16, 1995 March 5, 2007

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### FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY ADAMS COUNTY, COLORADO, AND INCORPORATED AREAS

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Purpose of Study

This Flood Insurance Study (FIS) revises and supersedes the FIS reports and/or Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) in the geographic area of Adams County, Colorado including: the Cities of Brighton, Commerce City, Federal Heights, Northglenn, and Thornton; the Town of Bennett; and unincorporated areas of Adams County (hereinafter referred to collectively as Adams County), and aids in the administration of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 and the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973. This study has developed flood risk data for various areas of the community that will be used to establish actuarial flood insurance rates. This information will also be used by Adams County to update existing floodplain regulations as part of the Regular Phase of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP), and by local and regional planners to further promote sound land use and floodplain development. Minimum floodplain management requirements for participation in the NFIP are set forth in the Code of Federal Regulations at 44 CFR, 60.3.

The Cities of Arvada, Aurora, and Westminster each fall in more than one county. The technical information for the portions of these communities within Adams County has not been included in this FIS report and FIRM. Refer to the separately published FIS reports and FIRMs for these communities.

In some states or communities, floodplain management criteria or regulations may exist that are more restrictive or comprehensive than the minimum Federal requirements. In such cases, the more restrictive criteria take precedence, and the State (or other jurisdictional agency) will be able to explain them.

#### 1.2 Authority and Acknowledgements

The sources of authority for this FIS report are the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 and the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973.

The hydrologic and hydraulic analyses for the original studies for the unincorporated areas of Adams County and the Cities of Brighton, Commerce City, Northglenn, and Thornton were performed by Gingery Associates, Inc., for the Federal Insurance Administration (FIA), under Contract No. H-3716. The work for these studies was completed in August 1976, November 1976, March 1977, and April 1979, respectively.

For the unincorporated areas of Adams County, approximate flood boundaries for standing bodies of water greater than 25 acres were arbitrarily determined in February 1977, by Dames & Moore, under contract to the FIA.

The Adams County study was revised on December 15, 1989, to modify the Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs) along a reach of the South Platte River, Approximately 2.3 miles long. The revised reach extended form a point approximately 760 feet downstream of the westbound lane of Interstate Highway 270, upstream to the south boundary of Adams County, at the City and County of Denver corporate limits (Franklin Street).

The basis for the 1989 revision is revised hydraulic analyses conducted by Wright Water Engineers, Inc., Denver, Colorado, under contract to the Urban Drainage and Flood Control District (UDFCD). The revised hydraulic analyses utilized the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) HEC-2 hydraulic computer model and were conducted in August 1986 and September 1987. The hydraulic reanalyses modified the 100- and 500-year flood boundaries and increased the base (100-year) flood elevations (BFEs) along portions of the South Platte River by up to 5 feet.

Additional hydraulic analyses within the City of Commerce City were completed by Simons, Li and Associates, Inc., in June 1987, to reflect channel modifications for a reach of Sand Creek between Vasquez and Brighton Boulevards. Revised hydraulic analyses were also conducted for a reach of the South Platte River, from approximately 760 feet downstream of westbound Interstate Highway 270 to the upstream corporate limits of Commerce City at Franklin Street, by Wright Water Engineers, Inc., under contract to the UDFCD.

The hydraulic reanalyses for the reach of the South Platte River through Commerce City were completed in September 1987.

The hydrologic and hydraulic analyses for detailed areas in the City of Federal Heights were performed by Greiner Engineering Sciences, Inc., for the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), under Contract No. EMW-83-C-1173. This study was completed in July 1984. Additional approximate analyses in this study were performed by the Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) (Reference 1).

The August 16, 1995 revision (Reference 2) combined the Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) and Flood Insurance Study (FIS) reports of the County and incorporated cities into the countywide format. Under the countywide format, FIRM panels have been produced using a single layout format for the entire area within the county instead of separate layout formats for each community.

For this countywide FIS report, revised hydrologic and hydraulic analyses were taken from reports prepared for the UDFCD on Box Elder Creek, Clear Creek, and the South Platte River. These analyses were completed by Wright Water Engineers,

Inc., Ayers Associates, Inc., and Camp Dresser & McKee, Inc., respectively, under contract with the UDFCD. Revised hydraulic analyses along Box Elder Creek were completed from the Weld County Boundary at 168<sup>th</sup> Avenue to approximately 9,730 feet upstream of East 72<sup>nd</sup> Avenue. Revised hydraulic analyses along Clear Creek were completed from the confluence with the South Platte River to the Jefferson County boundary at Sheridan Boulevard. Revised hydraulic analyses along the South Platte River were completed from the Weld County boundary at 168<sup>th</sup> Avenue to the City and County of Denver boundary at Franklin Street.

Base Map information shown on this FIRM was provided by the Adams County GIS Department and the Cities of Commerce City and Federal Heights GIS Departments. Additional input was provided by the Cities of Brighton, Northglenn, and Thornton in addition to the Town of Bennett. These data are current as of 2004.

The coordinate system used for the production of the digital FIRM is Universe Transverse Mercator referenced to North American Datum of 1983 and the GRS 80 spheriod, Western Hemisphere.

#### 1.3 Coordination

The coordination for the original Adams County Flood Insurance Study was completed in multi-agency conferences managed by FEMA.

Officials of the Adams County Planning Commission, the Colorado Highway Department, the CWCB, the UDFCD, the USGS, the U.S. Soil Conservation Service (SCS), the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation, the USACE, Omaha District, the Denver Post newspaper, and local residents were contacted throughout this study; available maps, flood data, and historical information were obtained.

On October 23 and November 28, 1975, public hearings were held by the Adams County Planning Commission to review the floodplains within the county. A final community coordination meeting was held with the public and representatives from Gingery Associates, the Adams County Planning Commission, the UDFCD, and the FIA on August 26, 1976, to present and discuss the flood information prepared for the county. There were no problems raised at this meeting.

The initial coordination meetings for the Cities of Brighton, Commerce City, and Northglenn were held at a meeting attended by personnel of Gingery Associates, Inc., the FIA, and officials of the communities on February 12, 1976. The base map and topographic mapping used for this study were furnished by the communities, and the streams requiring detailed study were identified. On October 26, 1976, a final community coordination meeting was held with the City of Brighton. On March 7, 1977, a final community coordination meeting was held with the City of Commerce City, where results of the FIS were presented to city officials and residents. On July 25, 1977, a final community coordination meeting was held with the City of Northglenn.

The draft report of the detailed study for the City of Federal Heights was discussed at a coordination meeting attended by representatives of the City of Federal Heights, FEMA, and the study contractor on April 25, 1983. Approximate analyses for Federal Heights were approved by FEMA for use in the FIS. The final community coordination meeting was held on April 2, 1985, and was attended by representatives of FEMA, the study contractor, and the City.

Community based map selection and identification of streams requiring detail study in the City of Thornton were accomplished in an initial coordination meeting attended by personnel of the study contractor, the FIA, and the UDFCD, as well as officials of the City of Thornton on March 11, 1976. A final community coordination meeting was held with the City of Thornton on July 25, 1977.

For this countywide FIS report, an initial coordination meeting was attended by FEMA; Adams County; the Cities of Commerce City, Northglenn, and Thornton; the Town of Bennett; the CWCB; the UDFCD; Michael Baker, Jr., the National Service Provider; and ICON Engineering, Inc., the study contractor, on October 5, 2004. At this meeting, the communities were notified that their FIS report and FIRM would be converted to a Digital FIRM (DFIRM) format. Additionally, streams to be added as detailed studies and approximate studies were selected, and base mapping and topographic mapping was provided by Adams County along with the City of Commerce City. Additional correspondence was held with the Cities of Brighton and Federal Heights. Base mapping and topographic mapping was also provided by Federal Heights.

#### 2.0 AREA STUDIED

#### 2.1 Scope of Study

This FIS covers the geographic area of Adams County, Colorado including the incorporated towns and cities, except communities which fall within more than one county as described in Section 1.1.

All or portions of the flooding sources listed in Table 1 were studied by detailed methods in previous Flood Insurance Studies (FISs) covering Adams County and Incorporated Areas (References 2 through 5 and 7 through 11).

# TABLE 1 – FLOODING SOURCES STUDIED BY DETAILED METHODS

#### **Stream**

Basin 4100 **Big Dry Creek** Brantner Gulch **Clear Creek Comanche Creek** Grange Hall Creek Grange Hall Creek Tributary Little Dry Creek Niver Creek Niver Creek Tributary M North Fork Grange Hall Creek Northfield Creek Sand Creek South Fork Grange Hall Creek South Platte River Tanglewood Creek

For this countywide FIS, the following streams were either restudied or newly studied by detailed methods:

<u>Stream</u>	Limits of Revised or New Detailed Study			
Bear Gulch	From the confluence with Box Elder Creek to City of Aurora boundary located 10,040 feet upstream of 48 <sup>th</sup> Avenue.			
Bear Gulch Tributary D	From the Adams County boundary, located approximately 440 feet upstream of the confluence with Bear Gulch, to approximately 3,800 feet upstream of the confluence with Bear Gulch.			
Bear Gulch Tributary E	From the confluence with Bear Gulch to approximately 1,200 feet upstream of the confluence with Bear Gulch.			
Bear Gulch Tributary G	From the confluence with Bear Gulch to approximately 5,600 feet upstream of the confluence with Bear Gulch.			

Stream (Cont'd)	Limits of Revised or New Detailed Study
Box Elder Creek	From the Weld County boundary at 168 <sup>th</sup> Avenue to approximately 9,730 feet upstream of East 72 <sup>nd</sup> Avenue.
Clear Creek	From the confluence with the South Platte River to the Jefferson County boundary at Sheridan Boulevard.
Comanche Creek	From the Weld County boundary at 168 <sup>th</sup> Avenue to the Arapahoe County boundary at Highway 36.
Hayesmount Creek	From the Weld County boundary at 168 <sup>th</sup> Avenue to the City and County of Denver boundary located 2,720 feet upstream of East 120 <sup>th</sup> Avenue.
Hayesmount Creek East Tributary	From the confluence with Hayesmount Creek to approximately 13,000 feet upstream of the confluence with Hayesmount Creek.
Hayesmount Creek West Tributary	From the confluence with Hayesmount Creek to approximately 11,710 feet upstream of 128 <sup>th</sup> Avenue.
Little Comanche Creek	From the confluence with Comanche Creek to the Arapahoe County boundary at Highway 36.
South Platte River	From the Weld County boundary at 168 <sup>th</sup> Avenue to the City and County of Denver boundary at Franklin Street.
Wolf Creek	From the confluence with Comanche Creek to the Arapahoe County boundary at Highway 36.

All or portions of the streams in Table 2 were studied by approximate methods in previous Flood Insurance Studies for Adams County and Incorporated Areas (References 2 through 5 and 7 through 11).

## TABLE 2 - FLOODING SOURCES STUDIED BY APPROXIMATE METHODS

#### <u>Stream</u>

**Bijou Creek** Portions of Brantner Gulch DFA 0054-1 East Bijou Creek First Creek Portions of Grange Hall Creek Grange Hall Tributary Southeast Hidden Lake **Kiowa** Creek Lost Creek McKay Lake Drainageway Morris Creek Muddy Creek Mustang Creek Niver Canal Portions of Niver Creek Niver Creek Tributary L Portions of Niver Creek Tributary M Portions of Northfield Creek Preble Creek **Quail Creek** Sack Creek Second Creek Shay Ditch Short Run South Fork Preble Creek South Sack Creek Third Creek Todd Creek Tributary 2 to Todd Creek Tributary 4 to Todd Creek Tributary to Brantner Gulch Tributary II to Brantner Gulch Tributary VII to Brantner Gulch Wadley North Wadley South West Bijou Creek

For this countywide FIRM, the existing FIRM was converted to a Digital FIRM (DFIRM). Detailed analyses were taken from the effective FIRM or from existing UDFCD reports. The existing detailed analysis was originally used in developed areas or areas with a high development potential. The existing approximate

analysis was originally used to study those areas for which detailed information was not available or those areas having a low development potential or minimal flood hazards. The scope and methods of study were proposed to, and agreed upon by, FEMA, CWCB, UDFCD, Adams County, and the incorporated communities within Adams County.

#### 2.2 Community Description

Adams County is located in central Colorado, just north and east of Denver, the state capital. The general shape of the physical boundary resembles a rectangle that is 18 miles wide by 72 miles long. Extending from near the foothills of the Rocky Mountains easterly to the open plains of the state, Adams County covers approximately 1,180 square miles. It is bordered on the north by Morgan and Weld Counties, on the east by Washington County, on the south by Arapahoe and Denver Counties, and on the west by Jefferson and Broomfield Counties.

The City of Brighton is located in north central Adams County. Brighton has grown from a stagecoach stop in the early 1860s, to a rapidly growing city at the fringe of the Denver metropolitan area. The City originally based its economy on agriculture, which expanded rapidly after development of an extensive irrigation system in the early 1900s. Today, agriculture still plays a significant role in the economy; however, the pressures of urban growth are currently changing this emphasis. The community has grown steadily over the years since its incorporation, but its pace has dramatically changed since 1970 by an increase in population of over 200 percent, from 8,309 in 1970 to an estimated 25,122 in 2004 (Reference 6).

Commerce City is situated in the southwestern corner of Adams County. The City is 15 miles south of Brighton, the county seat. The City and County of Denver, the state capital, and the U.S. Army's Rocky Mountain Arsenal border the City on the east. The City and County of Denver also forms the southern boundary, and Adams County adjoins Commerce City to the north and west.

Commerce City was first incorporated in December of 1952 and named Commerce Town. The population increased 750 percent from 1,200 in 1952 to 9,000 in 1960, at which time Commerce Town became Commerce City. As of 1980, the City had a population of approximately 16,230. In 2004, the population was estimated to be approximately 29,670 (Reference 6).

The City of Federal Heights is located in west-central Adams County, approximately 5 miles north of the City and County of Denver corporate limits and 1.5 miles east of the Jefferson County line. Federal Heights is bordered by the Cities of Thornton on the east, Westminster on the west, and Northglenn on the northeast. Federal Heights experienced much growth between 1970, when the population was 1,502, and 1980, when the population figure was 7,846 (Reference

14). In 2004, the population was estimated to be approximately 12,096 (Reference 6).

The City of Northglenn is located in west-central Adams County, Colorado, and is approximately 6 miles north of Denver. The City is bounded by the City of Thornton to the east, north, and south, and the City of Westminster to the west. Development in the City of Northglenn is mainly residential, except for small areas of retail and service related industry. In 2004, the population of the City of Northglenn was approximately 37,061 (Reference 6).

The City of Thornton is located in the west-central part of Adams County, approximately 6 miles north of Denver. The City is bounded by the City of Northglenn to the northwest, by the Town of Federal Heights to the west, and by the unincorporated areas of Adams County to the east and south. Thornton first became incorporated in 1956. In terms of population, the growth of Thornton has been sporadic. The population from 1960 to 1970 only increased by 1,988; yet, from 1970 to the 1976 estimate, the City had increased by 18,084 to the 1976 estimated population of 31,425 (References 15 and 16). In 2004, the population for the City of Thornton was approximately 102,261 (Reference 6).

The Town of Bennett was incorporated in 1930 with a population of 211. Bennett is located just north of Interstate Highway 70 in Eastern Adams County, 25 miles from the City and County of Denver (Reference 13). The Town is bounded by unincorporated Adams County to the north, west and east, and by unincorporated Arapahoe County to the south. In 2003, the population was estimated to be 2,271 (Reference 81).

The climate varies slightly from the Denver metropolitan area to the prairie lands in the east; but, generally, it is characteristic of the temperate high plains. The mean annual temperature is 50 degrees Fahrenheit (°F) with a mean annual snowfall of 60.1 inches and rainfall of 15.5 inches. The mean growing season is 166 days (Reference 82).

Adams County was fragmented from Arapahoe County in November 1902, by the state legislature. During the early days of national expansion and exploration, Adams County was visited by many trappers and explorers, including General Zebulon Pike in 1806 and General John C. Fremont in 1853. When gold was discovered along Clear Creek and elsewhere in the Rocky Mountain foothills, extensive growth was experienced, and permanent settlement began. In 1858, Colonel Jack Henderson established the first permanent settlement, called Henderson's Island, near what is now the Town of Henderson. The Kansas Pacific and the Denver Pacific Railroads, in 1871, built lines through what is now the City of Brighton, bringing the impetus for increased cattle production and agricultural development along the South Platte River Valley.

Today, Adams County is one of the richest irrigated and dry land farming areas in the country. The southwestern corner of the county has undergone heavy industrial and residential development. In recent years the county has experienced a rapid growth in population resulting from Denver metropolitan area urbanization and subsequent suburban development. The U.S. Census Bureau lists county population figures for 1970, 1974, and 1980 (projected) as 185,789; 225,600; and 263,827, respectively. In 2004, the population was approximately 398,165 (Reference 6).

The South Platte River flows through the county in shifting channels in a broad, shallow bed with low, flat overbanks. It is a continuous flowing stream, whereas all the tributaries except Clear Creek are intermittent flowing streams. The South Platte River and its tributaries have two major flooding characteristics, snow melt and summer weather fronts or thunderstorms. The tributary basins are narrow, hydraulically steep, and composed of highly erodible clay and loam soils. In the undeveloped portions of the basins, the ground cover is predominantly short grass called buffalo grass and willow and cottonwood trees.

Development has occurred up to the channels on the tributaries. The floodplain on the South Platte River in the past was mostly agricultural, but today commercial, industrial, and residential development has encroached into the floodplain.

#### 2.3 Principal Flood Problems

Major recorded floods have occurred on the South Platte River and its tributaries since 1844 in the Adams County area. During that period, eleven devastating floods have occurred on the South Platte River, three on Clear Creek, and three each on Box Elder, Comanche, and Bijou Creeks.

In 1844 and 1864, reports stated that "bottomlands near Denver were covered with water bluff to bluff" (Reference 20). By 1876, encroachment into the floodplain had developed to such an extent that on May 23, 1876, the Rocky Mountain News reported that, "[The South Platte River] was higher to be sure...several feet higher perhaps in 1864... but it was not able to work such destruction at that time as now. There was not so much town here in 1864, as now, nor as many bridges" (Reference 17).

The most significant floods of recent times on the South Platte River occurred in 1912, 1921, 1933, 1935, 1942, 1965, and 1973. The discharges for these floods were 13,000 cubic feet per second (cfs), 8,790 cfs, 22,000 cfs, 12,320 cfs, 10,200 cfs, 40,300 cfs, and 33,000 cfs, respectively, at the Denver gage. Clear Creek experienced flood discharges of 8,700 cfs, 5,390 cfs, and 5,250 cfs in 1888, 1933, and 1956, respectively recorded at the Golden gage. Citizens interviewed in Watkins, Strasburg, Byers, and Deer Trail recalled severe damage and lives lost in 1905, 1933, 1935, and 1965 floods on Box Elder Creek, Comanche Creek, West Bijou Creek, and East Bijou Creek.

Almost all record floods on the South Platte River have been generated near the river's headwaters on the slopes of Monument Divide, a high ridge located between Castle Rock and Colorado Springs, extending from the Rocky Mountains down to the plains near Limon, Colorado. Past floods have resulted from snowmelt and intensive rain storms over the mountain tributaries, rainstorms over the eastern tributaries, and combinations of these conditions.

In 1965, a unique combination of orthographic effects and meteorological conditions in the South Platte River Basin caused the worst flooding in the region's recorded history. Severe thunderstorms commenced over the headwaters of Plum Creek and Cherry Creek on June 16, and moved northeasterly down the creeks following and augmenting peak flows. More than 14 inches of rain were recorded at Palmer Lake in 4 hours. Overnight, westerly winds moved the storm front to a position over the Kiowa and Bijou Creek Basins where it met with thunderstorms forming just south of Agate. Here, 5.25 inches fell in 45 minutes. The net results of these conditions were six people drowned, two other deaths caused by flood-related activities, and estimated damages of \$500 million in the South Platte River Basin, of which \$300 million occurred in the Denver area.

Major floods affecting the City of Commerce City area have occurred on the South Platte River and Sand Creek since 1844. During that period, 11 floods occurred on the South Platte and 10 notable floods occurred on Sand Creek.

The major cause of floods on the South Platte River and Sand Creek are cloudbursts of intensive rainstorms which normally occur during the period of May through August. The South Platte River flooding is also aggravated by snowmelt runoff on the tributary streams during the rainstorm period.

There are two areas of shallow sheet flow within Commerce City, both of which are along Sand Creek. The upstream area is on the southwest side of Sand Creek between the corporate limits and east 49<sup>th</sup> Drive. In this area, the ground slopes away from the channel, and the flow cannot return. The second area is under interstate Highway 270, at the two railroad underpasses to the northwest. During a large flood event, the flood waters will pass under the interstate bridge and flow along the low ground away from the channel, returning to the South Platte River north of East 64<sup>th</sup> Avenue.

Severe flood runoff is transported through the City of Federal Heights as both overland shallow flow and as channel flow. The steep slope of the land, the close proximity of mobile homes to Tributary M of Niver Creek, and the presence of several culverts that are inadequate to convey major storm runoff combine to create flooding problems.

The runoff upstream of Zuni Street is overland flow that can overtop roads and inundate mobile home trailers. The average slope is 3.5 percent; therefore, excessive velocities occur.

Downstream of Zuni Street, the runoff flows through the culverts and well-defined channels; however, there is some overland flow. Roads and mobile homes can be inundated. The average slope in this area is 1.5 percent.

On June 13, 1984, severe rainfall runoff cause considerable damage to mobile home trailers, to private property, and to the channel. One fatality was directly attributed to the shallow overland flow. Unofficial estimates gave the peak discharge from the storm as 800 to 1,000 cfs at Pecos Street; this was the result of a 4.2-inch rainfall, which fell within 3 hours. The discharge is comparable to a 100-year event. The extent of inundation shown in this Flood Insurance Study is approximately the same as that which occurred during the June 1984 event.

Similar flooding problems as those outlined above could occur in the floodplains of Niver Creek and Tributary L of Niver Creek in the event of further development.

Much of Niver Creek's floodplain is in park land. However, downstream near Zuni Street, mobile homes are located in the approximate floodplain. At the upstream end of Niver Creek, streets and homes in low areas were affected during the June 1984 flood event.

The main cause of floods in the City of Northglenn is cloudbursts, which usually occur during the months of May through August.

Documentation of historical floods and damage estimates on the streams within corporate limits of Northglenn is sparse. The streams have caused overland inundation of homes and streets, but no discharge or damage estimates have been recorded.

The main cause of floods in the City of Thornton is cloudbursts which normally occur during the period of May through August.

Documentation of historical floods and damage estimates on the streams within the corporate limits of Thornton is sparse. The streams have caused overland inundation of homes and streets, but no recorded discharges or damage estimates exist.

There are also areas in southeast Thornton which experience shallow sheetflow flooding from the South Platte River.

Major flooding in the Town of Bennett has been well documented back to 1875, where a major flood along Kiowa Creek overflowed the channel banks and destroyed the Town. After that flooding event, the Town was moved to its present day location.

#### 2.4 Flood Protection Measures

The first tangible contribution to flood control affecting Adams County streams was made in 1890, when the Castlewood Dam, primarily intended for irrigation storage, was completed by the Denver Land and Water Company on Cherry Creek, 35 miles upstream from Denver in Douglas County. The dam, with a storage capacity of approximately 13,000 acre-feet, was mistakenly regarded by many as protection against deluges. In August 1933, the dam burst under pressure of water from severe thunderstorms in the upper Cherry Creek Basin. Flood control measures on Cherry Creek began in 1936 with the completion of the \$800,000, 55-feet high Kenwood Dam, 5 miles from southeast Denver, near Sullivan, Colorado. Despite security, Kenwood Dam was not regarded as the complete answer to flood control on Cherry Creek; therefore, in 1950, the Cherry Creek Dam was constructed just upstream of Kenwood at a cost of \$20 million. The dam, 14,300 feet wide and 140 feet high, now serves Denver as a park and water recreation area as well as a retarding barrier for floods much larger than the event of June 1965.

With a history of major flooding on the South Platte River through 1933, and with the culmination of planning, design, and construction of Cherry Creek Reservoir in 1950, the Denver metropolitan area saw an additional need for a flood control structure on the South Platte River just downstream of the Plum Creek confluence. During the 1950s, planning and design for the Chatfield Dam flood control reservoir was completed. At that time, however, funding was not available to initiate and complete construction. Three hundred million dollars in property damages suffered in 1965 flooding changed the minds of many and led to project funding and construction. In 1973, final closure of the dam was made, and the facility became capable of storing tributary floodwaters. Chatfield Dam is located approximately 0.5 mile above the City of Littleton, Colorado, in Douglas and Jefferson Counties.

In addition to the Cherry Creek, Mt. Carbon, and Chatfield Dams, one additional flood control measure, the Bear Creek Dam, was envisioned in the early 1940s. Authorization for funding and design of the dam did not occur until 1968. Construction on the \$68 million earthfill structure was started in July 1974, and was completed in 1982. The dam is over 170 feet high and approximately 7,000 feed wide, having a storage capacity of 75,000 acre-feet.

Throughout the study segment of the South Platte River in Adams County, levees have also been constructed as a flood protection measure. However, past evidence shows these levees to be ineffective against 100-year frequency floods. On large segments of the South Platte River, historical records indicate that the 1965 and 1973 floods were of the 100-year magnitude or greater.

A major drainageway planning report has been completed for Big Dry Creek (Reference 20). This report designates various structural measures and nonstructural actions which would be appropriate to alleviate potential flood damage along this stream.

In the City of Federal Heights, a detention pond was constructed near Elm Court, at the upstream limit of study for Tributary M of Niver Creek. This pond is designated to attenuate the peak 100-year flow from 226 cfs to 200 cfs.

Nonstructural measures of flood protection are also used to aid in the prevention of future flood damage. These are the result of regulations of the UDFCD, located in Denver, Colorado.

The City of Thornton has completed improvements on Niver Creek to reduce or eliminate future flood damages. The effects of these improvements were considered in the study for Thornton.

The City has also made improvements on the Northfield Creek (Hoffman Drainageway) which have alleviated potential flood damages. These improvements were considered in the study.

The other flood protection measures which are presently in existence are local floodplain management measures. The City of Thornton passed the Storm Drainage and Flood Control Ordinance, Ordinance No. 693, on July 28, 1975, which requires any new development to provide detention storage so that the runoff rate before and after anticipated development will not increase flows.

### 3.0 ENGINEERING METHODS

For the flooding sources studied by detailed methods in the community, standard hydrologic and hydraulic study methods were used to determine the flood hazard data required for this study. Flood events of a magnitude that are expected to be equaled or exceeded once on the average during any 10-, 50-, 100-, or 500-year period (recurrence interval) have been selected as having special significance for floodplain management and for flood insurance rates. These events, commonly termed the 10-, 50-, 100-, and 500-year floods, have a 10, 2, 1, and 0.2 percent chance, respectively, of being equaled or exceeded during any year. Although the recurrence interval represents the long-term, average period between floods of a specific magnitude, rate floods could occur at short intervals or even within the same year. The risk of experiencing a rare flood increases when periods of greater than 1 year are considered. For example, the risk of having a flood which equals or exceeds the 1-percent-annual-chance flood in any 50-year period is approximately 40 percent (4 in 10); for any 90-year period, the risk increases to approximately 60 percent (6 in 10). The analyses reported herein reflect flooding potentials based on conditions existing in the community at the time of completion of this study. Maps and flood elevations will be amended periodically to reflect future changes.

#### 3.1 Hydrologic Analyses

Hydrologic analyses were carried out to establish peak discharge-frequency relationships for each flooding source studied by detailed methods affecting the community.

### South Platte River

Data used in the hydrologic analyses include synthetically developed storm runoff records, and information from the USACE study of the South Platte River (Reference 21). These discharge profiles were keyed to the 100-year flood values computed from the Denver and Henderson gaging records, which were adjusted for the regulating effects of Chatfield, Mt. Carbon, and Cherry Creek Reservoirs. The Denver gage operated from May to October 1889, from June to October 1890, and from July 1895 to the present. The Henderson gage has been in operation since 1926. Values above and below these gaging stations were based on the USACE analysis using their hydrologic computer model for the South Platte River (Reference 21). This study was revised to use the final versions of the discharge profiles, covering the segment downstream of the Henderson Gaging Station (Reference 22).

#### Little Dry Creek, Big Dry Creek, Hidden Lake, Niver Creek, and Northfield Creek

For Little Dry Creek, Big Dry Creek, Hidden Lake, Niver Creek, and Northfield Creek, synthetically developed hydrographs were computed to determine potential flood magnitudes. Rainfall data used in the development of these hydrographs were taken from the Denver Regional Council of Governments' Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual (USDCM) (Reference 23). Synthetic hydrograph procedures used in the study include the Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure (CUHP), outlined in the USDCM and the USACE HEC-1 Computer Hydrograph Package (Reference 24). Discharges were also computed on Big Dry Creek, prior to the start of this study, by the Denver area UDFCD (Reference 20). The discharges computed for this stream varied only slightly from those computed in the previous study. Therefore, the original information was used.

### Tributary M of Niver Creek

Peak discharges for the 10- and 100-year floods for Tributary M of Niver creek were developed using the CUHP (Reference 31) and USACE HEC-1 (Reference 24) computer models. The watershed was subdivided into six subbasins. For each subbasin, peak flow hydrographs were developed using the CUHP model. Parameters for the hydrograph development include rainfall data (Reference 32), soil type, land use, basin area, and basin geometry (References 33, 34, and 35). The outflow hydrographs derived for the subbasins were then used for the HEC-1 model, which was channel and storage routing capability using the Modified Puls methods.

The result from the HEC-1 analysis shows that the upper pond near Elm Circle attenuates the 100-year peak flow from 226 cfs to 200 cfs. The flows vary from 200 cfs upstream to 1,086 cfs at Pecos Street.

### Grange Hall Creek, South Fork Grange Hall Creek, Grange Hall Creek Tributary, Basin 4100, and Brantner Gulch

Synthetically developed hydrographs were computed to determine the 10-, 50-, and 100-year discharges. Rainfall data used in the development of these hydrographs were taken from the USDCM (Reference 36). The 500-year discharge on all stream was obtained from a straight-line plot on log probability paper.

The 10-, 50-, and 100-year values for Grange Hall Creek, South Fork Grange Hall Creek, and Grange Hall Creek Tributary were provided by the UDFCD (Reference 37).

The 10-, 50-, and 100-year values for Basin 4100 and Brantner Gulch were computed by the study contractor.

#### Tanglewood Creek

Since no stream gage data were available for Tanglewood Creek, a rainfall runoff analysis was conducted on the watershed to determine the flood discharges. This was accomplished by using the UDFCD CUHP rainfall-runoff computer program to develop the storm hydrographs (Reference 31) and the USACE HEC-1 flood hydrograph package computer program for the stream and reservoir routings (Reference 38). For this analysis, basin characteristics which define the size, shape and runoff characteristics of the watershed as well as rainfall amounts based on the selected recurrence intervals (obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration atlas of precipitation – Reference 32) are used to compute flood hydrographs for various design points in the basin. All stream and reservoir routings were accomplished using the Modified Puls Method.

Since there was a lack of 500-year precipitation data, the 500-year frequency storm runoff values at each design point were calculated. The logarithmic values of the 10-, 50-, and 100-year peak discharges were fit to a regression line by method of least squares. The 500-year discharges were analytically extrapolated from the regression line based upon a log-normal probability relationship.

Box Elder Creek, Hayesmount Creek, Hayesmount Creek East Tributary, Hayesmount Creek West Tributary, Bear Gulch, and Bear Gulch Tributaries D, E, and G.

Peak discharges for Box Elder Creek, Hayesmount Creek, Hayesmount Creek East Tributary, Hayesmount Creek West Tributary, Bear Gulch, and Bear Gulch Tributaries D, E, and G were developed using the CUHPF/PC (Reference 83) and UDSWM 95 (Reference 84) computer programs. The watershed was subdivided into four major sub-watersheds encompassing smaller subbasins. Parameters for each subbasin include rainfall data, soil type, land use, basin area, and basin geometry (Reference 23). The outflow hydrographs derived for the CUHP models were then routed downstream in UDSWM, which utilizes the kinematic wave rating approach.

#### Other Areas

For the larger drainage basins east of the Denver metropolitan area, discharge versus drainage area relationships were developed. These determinations were based on the standard log-Pearson Type III statistical analysis (Reference 25) of flood discharge records from several streams adjacent to the study area as well as in eastern Colorado. The discharge records for the steams considered covered periods from 10 to 74 years. The data used in making these determinations were recorded at 18 gaging stations by the USGS (References 27 and 29) and compared to the USACE Standard Project Flood data when available (References 12, 21, and 30).

Peak discharge-drainage area relationships for streams studied by detailed methods are shown in Table 3.

# TABLE 3 – SUMMARY OF DISCHARGES

Flooding Source/Location	Drainage Area <u>(Sq. Miles)</u>	Peak Dis <u>10-Year</u>	scharges (Cu <u>50-Year</u>	bic Feet per <u>100-Year</u>	Second) <u>500-Year</u>
Basin 4100 At Mouth	1.8	240	340	380	500
Bear Gulch At Confluence with Box Elder Creek	19.8	1,400	4,400	6,300	10,300
Bear Gulch Tributary D At Confluence with Bear Gulch	1.2	265	690	938	1,391
Bear Gulch Tributary E At Confluence with Bear Gulch	0.8	230	538	699	1,009
Bear Gulch Tributary G At Confluence with Bear Gulch	2.4	507	1,298	1,754	2,587
Big Dry Creek					
At Union Pacific Railroad	84.2	7,700	12,200	14,000	18,800
At Interstate 25	56.84	3,830	7,010	8,839	16,729
At 120 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	43.54	2,480	6,290	8,109	15,849
Upstream of Confluence		-	-	,	
of Airport Creek	32.89	2,060	5,260	6,929	13,370
At .8 mile downstream of					
Denver-Boulder Turnpike	21.46	1,720	4,220	5,669	10,659
At .2 mile upstream of					
Confluence with Walnut Creek	19.66	1,050	2,270	3,040	5,120
At Stanley Lake Outflow	16.75	145	320	675	1,099
At Stanley Lake Inflow	16.75	1,710	3,930	4,930	9,040
Box Elder Creek					
At 168 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	243.00	1,100	7,400	11 500	20 (00
Downstream of Confluence with	243.00	1,100	7,400	11,500	20,600
Bear Gulch	227.00	1,100	6,900	10,400	17,600
Upstream of the Confluence with	227.00	1,100	0,700	10,400	17,000
Bear Gulch	207.00	1,000	5,600	8,900	15,300
At Interstate 70	202.00	1,246	5,741	9,140	15,618
		,		- ,	,010
Brantner Gulch					
At the City of Thornton					
Corporate Limits	1.3	480	720	830	1,100

IADLE 3	Drainage	I OF DISCI	TARUES (C	<u>onunueu</u> )	
Flooding	Area				Second)
Source/Location	(Sq. Miles)	10-Year	50-Year	100-Year	500-Year
	(Sq. Miles)	<u>10-1 car</u>	<u> 30-1 ear</u>	<u>100-1 ear</u>	<u> 300- i ear</u>
Clear Creek					
At South Platte Confluence				23,100	
At Interstate 76				10,079 <sup>1</sup>	
At Sheridan Boulevard Bridge				20,590	
Clear Creek North Overflow					
At Lowell Street				11,609	
Comanche Creek					
At Adams/Arapahoe County Limit					
(U.S. Highway 36)	84.0	1,000	$2,400^2$	$4,112^{2}$	6,618 <sup>2</sup>
At 26 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	94.4	1,103	4,773	9,640 <sup>3</sup>	12,704
Above Confluence with Wolf Creek	124.0	·		12,049	
Below Confluence with Wolf Creek	224.3			23,187	
At Weld County Line	245.2			48,864 <sup>4</sup>	
				·	
Comanche Creek Rt. Bank Overflow					
At U.S. Highway 36		5	5	1,500	<sup>6</sup> 6
Just downstream of 56 <sup>th</sup> Avenue		<sup>6</sup>	6	4,996	6
Coyote Run					
At Interstate 70/U.S. Highway 36	17	1,680	4,960	6,940	10,800
Grange Hall Creek					
At Riverdale Road	7.1	1,700	2,067	2,214	2,600
At Colorado Boulevard	6.3	1,616	1,798	1,943	2,000
Downstream of Confluence with		-	-		,
North Fork Grange Hall Creek	4.7	1,058	1,161	1,204	1,600
Downstream of Confluence with		-		-	,
South Fork Grange Hall Creek	3.4	1,166	1,582	1,769	2,200
Downstream of Washington			,	2	,
Street Pond	1.3	642	868	976	1,200
At Washington Street Pond	1.3	957	1,195	1,283	1,450
Grange Hall Creek Tributary					
At Mouth	1.2	644	865	959	1,200
At 112 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	1.1	594	799	887	1,140
Downstream Union Pacific Railroad	0.6	466	635	693	900

### TABLE 3 – SUMMARY OF DISCHARGES (Continued)

 <sup>1</sup>Reflects flow spills to Clear Creek North Overflow
 <sup>2</sup>Just upstream of Highway 36, discharge from Comanche Creek & Little Comanche Creek converge and then split at Highway 36

<sup>3</sup>Upstream of 26<sup>th</sup> Avenue, 275 cfs overtops into Comanche Creek Overflow <sup>4</sup>Includes discharge from Kiowa Creek

<sup>5</sup>10-year and 50-year contained in channel of Little Comanche Creek and Comanche Creek

<sup>6</sup>Not computed for overflow

# TABLE 3 - SUMMARY OF DISCHARGES (Continued)

Flooding Source/Location	Drainage Area <u>(Sq. Miles)</u>	Peak D <u>10-Year</u>	ischarges (Cu <u>50-Year</u>	ıbic Feet per <u>100-Year</u>	Second) <u>500-Year</u>
Hayesmount Creek At 168 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	30.4	530	1,600	2,400	3,900
Hayesmount Creek East Tributary At Confluence with Hayesmount Creek	5.4	290	863	1,247	2,038
Hayesmount Creek West Tributary At Confluence with Hayesmount Creek	6.8	477	1,469	2,109	3,322
Little Comanche Creek At U.S. Highway 36	10.4	500	2,400 <sup>2</sup>	5,800 <sup>2</sup>	6,618 <sup>2</sup>
Little Dry Creek At Confluence with Clear Creek Downstream of Federal Blvd. Upstream of Federal Boulevard	13.1 12.2 12.2	2,200 2,160 2,590	3,030 2,950 3,430	3,370 3,270 3,790	4,200 4,000 4,630
Niver Creek At Confluence with South Platte River At York Street At North Washington Street	6.6 6.3 5.4	1,850 1,800 1,450	2,860 2,780 2,160	3,250 3,150 2,760	4,350 4,260 3,900
North Fork Grange Hall Creek At Confluence with Grange Hall Creek	1.1	490	539	560	600
Northfield Creek At Union Pacific Railroad At East 88 <sup>th</sup> Avenue	1.2 0.8	680 490	1,050 580	1,240 680	1,850 1,000
Sand Creek At Confluence w/ S. Platte River At Quebec Street	196.0 189.0	11,000 10,500	24,200 23,300	30,500 30,000	36,200 33,000

<sup>2</sup>Just upstream of Highway 36, discharge from Comanche Creek & Little Comanche Creek converge and then split at Highway 36

#### TABLE 3 – SUMMARY OF DISCHARGES (Continued)

Flooding	Drainage Area	Peak D	ischarges (Cu	ibic Feet per	Second)
Source/Location	(Sq. Miles)	<u>10-Year</u>	<u>50-Year</u>	<u>100-Year</u>	<u>500-Year</u>
South Fork Grange Hall Creek At Mouth	1.7	639	797	856	1,100
South Platte River <sup>7</sup> At Confluence with Todd Creek At Confluence with Clear Creek	5,026.0 4,572.0	11,400 12,700	25,500 27,500	33,600 37,600	59,450 66,710
Tanglewood Creek At Confluence w/ Big Dry Creek At Upstream Study Limit	1.12 0.11	340 105	75 <b>8</b> 217	934 253	1,655 424
Tributary M of Niver Creek At Pecos Street At Bryant Drive At Upstream Limit of Study Near Elm Circle	0.92 0.49 0.18	490 450 88	  	1,050 925 200	 
Wolf Creek Above Confluence w/Comanche Creek	100.3			12,408	

<sup>7</sup>Assuming Chatfield and Cherry Creek Dam Gates Closed when Flow at Gage Reached 5,000 cfs

#### 3.2 Hydraulic Analyses

Analyses of the hydraulic characteristics of flooding from the sources studied were carried out to provide estimates of the elevations of floods of the selected recurrence intervals. Users should be aware that flood elevations shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) represent rounded whole-foot elevations and may not exactly reflect the report. Flood elevations shown on the FIRM are primarily intended for flood insurance rating purposes. For construction and/or floodplain management purposes, users are encouraged to use the flood elevation data presented in this FIS report in conjunction with the data shown on the FIRM.

Unless otherwise noted, for all streams studied by detailed methods, the watersurface elevations for floods of the selected recurrence intervals were computed using the USACE HEC-2 step-backwater computer program (Reference 39).

#### Little Dry Creek, Northfield Creek and Niver Creek

Cross section data for Little Dry Creek, Northfield Creek, and Niver Creek were field surveyed and were located at close intervals above and below culverts. bridges, and drop structures in order to compute the effects of backwater. When necessary, USGS topographic maps at a scale of 1:24,000, with a contour interval of 10 feet (Reference 34) were used to supplement the field-surveyed data.

Channel roughness factors (Manning's "n") for these computations were assigned on the basis of field inspection of the floodplain areas and engineering judgment. Bridge geometry and elevation information was obtained from the Colorado State Highway Department, when available, or measured in the field.

Starting water-surface elevations for the tributaries of the South Platte River were taken from previously computed stage-discharge relationships when available (Reference 21). In many cases, control elevations were shifted upstream to bridges or culverts. Where no other information or control structures were available, the starting water-surface elevations were computed by the slope-area method option of the HEC-2 program (Reference 39).

These analyses indicate that flood flow from Little Dry Creek is divided into two flow paths in the area downstream of the Colorado and Southern Railroad crossing. The Little Dry Creek profiles show the individual elevations for both of these separate flow paths.

Flooding from Northfield Creek above Devonshire Boulevard does not necessarily follow the natural stream channel. For this area, flood profiles were developed using hydraulic flow lines, labeled as base line of flow on the maps and profiles.

The reach of Sand Creek between Vasquez and Brighton Boulevards within Commerce City was revised to reflect a hydraulic analysis carried out by Simons, Li and Associates, Inc., based on new topographic information (Reference 41).

#### Tributary M of Niver Creek

Cross sections for the backwater analyses for Tributary M of Niver Creek were obtained from topographic maps, provided by the City, at a scale of 1:1,200, with a contour interval of 2 feet (Reference 35). All bridges and culverts were field surveyed to obtain elevation data and structural geometry.

Roughness factors (Manning's "n") used in the hydraulic computations were chosen by engineering judgment and based on field observations of the stream and floodplain areas. Roughness values for the main channel ranged from 0.02 to 0.04, and overbank roughness values ranged from 0.02 to 0.07.

The starting water-surface elevation was derived from hand computations for the peak flow at Pecos Street. The computation derived rating curves for pressure and weir flow at Pecos Street crossing. The culverts at Holiday Glen and Holiday Circle were included in the HEC-2 models. However, three long culverts that have limited capacity of fully contain the 10- and 100-year peak flows were not included.

These culverts extend from the east branch of Holiday Circle to 100 feet downstream of Holiday Vale; from the east branch of Holiday Terrace downstream 200 feet; and from Holiday Parkway downstream 200 feet. The culvert under Holiday Parkway is submerged due to backwater from Pecos Street for the 10- and 100-year floods.

### Grange Hall Creek, South Fork Grange Hall Creek, Grange Hall Creek Tributary, Basin 4100, and Brantner Gulch

Cross section data for Grange Hall Creek, South Fork Grange Hall Creek, and Grange Hall Creek Tributary were taken from aerial mapping at a scale of 1:6,000, with a contour interval of 2 feet (Reference 42). The cross section information on Basin 4100 and Brantner Gulch was obtained by field measurements. Field measurements were also taken to obtain elevation data and structural geometry of all bridges and culverts.

Roughness coefficients (Manning's "n") were estimated by field inspection. Values used ranged from 0.025 to 0.040 for the channel and from 0.035 to 0.070 for the overbank.

Starting water-surface elevations were determined for Brantner Gulch by normal depth analysis and for Basin 4100 by inspection of the culvert at the downstream study limit.

The water-surface elevations for Grange Hall Creek and tributaries were computed using a step-backwater model similar to HEC-2, developed by the USACE (Reference 39). The starting water-surface elevations were provided by the UDFCD (Reference 37).

### Tanglewood Creek

Cross sections used in the backwater analyses were obtained by aerial photogrammetry (Reference 43). The below water sections of all cross sections were obtained by field measurement. All bridges, dams, and culverts were field surveyed to obtain elevation data and structural geometry.

Roughness factors (Manning's "n") used in the hydraulic computations for the study areas were chosen by engineering judgment and based on field observations of the flooding sources and floodplain areas. Roughness values for the main channels of the streams studied range from 0.020 to 0.065 with floodplain roughness values ranging form 0.020 to 0.100.

Starting water-surface elevations were based on hand calculations at control sections; obtained by the slope area method, or determined for a tributary to a major stream from the major stream at concurrent flows.

## Niver Creek, Tributary L of Niver Creek, Tributary M of Niver Creek, and Northfield Creek

In the City of Federal Heights, an approximate floodplain analysis was carried out for Niver Creek and Tributary L of Niver Creek using assumed depths based on a review of the Tributary M profile and available hydrologic information, extensive field reconnaissance, and engineering judgment.

Through the City of Thornton, the approximate 100-year flood elevation of Niver Creek and Tributaries L and M were based on the Phase B report, Water and Drainage at Niver Creek (Reference 44), and supplemental data provided by the City of Thornton. The approximate 100-year flood elevations along Northfield Creek (Hoffman Drainageway) were based on the Interim Drainage Study of Hoffman Way (Reference 45), the Adams County Flood Insurance Study (Reference 2), and additional data provided by the engineering department of the City of Thornton.

#### Hidden Lake

Approximate 100-year flooding along portions of Hidden Lake Drainageway were taken from the UDFCD study for that drainage system (Reference 46). For the remaining approximate studies, elevations were determined by normal depth calculations using approximate cross sections taken from USGS maps (Reference 34).

#### South Platte River

Cross-section data for the hydraulic analysis along the South Platte River were obtained from 2-foot contour mapping, provided by Adams County and supplemented with field survey cross-sections obtained by Camp Dresser & McKee, Inc. and the UDFCD (Reference 85). Roughness factors were based on current field information in addition to roughness factors used in previous hydraulic modeling studies for the South Platte River (Reference 86). Water surface elevations for the selected recurrence intervals along the South Platte River were developed using the USACE River Analysis System computer program (Reference 87). Split flow and divided flow were considered in the hydraulic analysis of the South Platte River.

In several reaches of the study area, embankments adjacent to the main channel act as levees. Since the stability of these embankments is unknown, and they are not certified by the USACE, the levees were modeled both as intact and as failing in order to determine the water surface elevations along the main channel at overbank areas accordingly.

### Box Elder Creek, Hayesmount Creek, Hayesmount Creek East Tributary, Hayesmount Creek West Tributary, Bear Gulch, and Bear Gulch Tributaries D, E, and G

Cross-sections for Box Elder Creek, Hayesmount Creek, Hayesmount Creek East Tributary, Hayesmount Creek West Tributary, Bear Gulch, and Bear Gulch Tributaries D, E, and G were obtained from digital mapping provided by the UDFCD (Reference 88), at a map scale of  $1^{"} = 200$ -feet and a contour interval of 2-feet. Roughness coefficients were determined through field observation, review of the USACE recommended values, and consultation with UDFCD staff. For Hayesmount Creek, roughness coefficients ranged from 0.035 to 0.06, and the overbank roughness values were generally 0.035 for both the channel and overbanks, except in areas of significant vegetation, where the channel roughness value was increased to 0.04. Water surface elevations for the selected recurrence intervals was developed using the USACE River Analysis System computer program (Reference 87).

#### Comanche Creek, Little Comanche Creek, and Wolf Creek

Water surface elevations of floods of the selected recurrence intervals were developed using the USACE River Analysis System computer program (Reference 87) for Comanche Creek, Little Comanche Creek, and Wolf Creek.

Locations of selected cross sections used in the hydraulic analyses are shown on the Flood Profiles (Exhibit 1). For stream segments for which floodway was computed (Section 4.2), selected cross section locations are also shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Map (Exhibit 2).

The hydraulic analyses for this study were based on unobstructed flow. The flood elevations shown on the Flood Profiles (Exhibit 1) are thus considered valid only if hydraulic structures remain unobstructed, operate properly, and do not fail.

#### 3.3 Vertical Datum

All FISs and FIRMs are referenced to a specific vertical datum. The vertical datum provides a starting point against which flood, ground, and structure elevations can be referenced and compared. Until recently, the standard vertical datum in use for newly created or revised FIS reports and FIRMs was the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD29). With the finalization of the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88), many FIS reports and FIRMs are being prepared using NAVD88 as the referenced vertical datum.

All flood elevations shown in this FIS report and on the FIRM are referenced to NAVD88. It is important to note that adjacent communities may be referenced to NGVD29. This may result in differences in base flood elevations across the corporate limits between communities.

As noted above, the elevations shown in the FIS report and on the FIRM for Adams County and Incorporated Areas are referenced to NAVD88. Ground, structure, and flood elevations may be compared and/or referenced to NGVD29 by applying a standard conversion factor.

The conversion from NGVD29 to NAVD88 ranged between 2.60 and 3.06 for this county. Accordingly, due to the range in conversion factors, an average conversion factor was established for the entire county. The elevations shown in the FIS report and on the FIRM were, therefore, converted to NAVD88 using a countywide approach in which an average conversion was established for the county. The conversion factor for NGVD 29 to NAVD 88 of 2.87 feet was used for each flooding source in the community.

The BFEs shown in the FIRM represent whole-foot rounded values. For example, a BFE of 5202.4 will appear as 5202 on the FIRM and 5202.6 will appear as 5203. Therefore, users who wish to convert the elevations in this FIS to NGVD29 should apply the stated conversion factor to elevations shown on the Flood Profiles and supporting data tables in the FIS report, which are shown at a minimum to the nearest 0.1 foot.

For more information on NAVD88, see the publication entitled, Converting the National Flood Insurance Program to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (FEMA Publication FIA-20/June 1992), or contact the Vertical Network Branch, National Geodetic Survey, Coast and Geodetic Survey, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Rockville, Maryland 20910 (Internet address http://www.ngs.noaa.gov).

Qualifying bench marks within a given jurisdiction that are cataloged by the National Geodetic Survey (NGS) and entered into the National Spatial Reference System (NSRS) as First or Second Order Vertical and have a vertical stability classification of A, B, or C are shown and labeled on the FIRM with their 6-character NSRS Permanent Identifier.

Bench marks catalogued by the NGS and entered into the NSRS vary widely in vertical stability classification. NSRS vertical stability classifications are as follows:

- Stability A: Monuments of the most reliable nature, expected to hold position/elevation well (e.g., mounted in bedrock)
- Stability B: Monuments which generally hold their position/elevation well (e.g., concrete bridge abutments)
- Stability C: Monuments which may be affected by surface ground movements (e.g., concrete monument below frost line)

• Stability D: Mark of questionable or unknown vertical stability (e.g., concrete monument above frost line or steel witness post)

To obtain up-to-date elevation information on NGS bench marks shown on the FIRM, please contact the Information Services Branch of the NGS at (301) 713-3242, or visit their website at <u>www.ngs.noaa.gov</u>. Map users should seek verification of non-NGS monument elevations when using these elevations for construction or floodplain management purposes.

Temporary vertical monuments are often established during the preparation of a flood hazard analysis for the purpose of establishing local vertical control. Although these monuments are not shown on the FIRM, they may be found in the Technical Support Data Notebook associated with this FIS report and FIRM for this community. Interested individuals may contact FEMA to access this data.

For information on additional control points maintained by Adams County that are not shown on the FIRM, please visit <u>www.co.adams.co.us</u>.

### 4.0 FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT APPLICATIONS

The NFIP encourages State and local governments to adopt sound floodplain management programs. Therefore, each FIS provides 1-percent-annual-chance flood elevations and delineations of the 1- and 0.2-percent-annual-chance floodplain boundaries and 1-percent-annual-chance floodway to assist communities in developing floodplain management measures. This information is presented on the FIRM and in many components of the FIS report, including Flood Profiles, Floodway Data table and Summary of Stillwater Elevations Table. Users should reference the data presented in the FIS report as well as additional information that may be available at the local map repository before making flood elevation and/or floodplain boundary determinations.

4.1 Floodplain Boundaries

To provide a national standard without regional discrimination, the 1-percentannual-chance flood has been adopted by FEMA as the base flood for floodplain management purposes. The 0.2-percent-annual-chance flood is employed to indicate additional areas of flood risk in the community. For each stream studied by detailed methods, the 1- and 0.2-percent-annual-chance floodplain boundaries have been delineated using the flood elevations determined at each cross section. Between cross sections, the boundaries were interpolated using topographic maps at scales of 1:24,000; 1:2,400; 1:6,000; and 1:1,200; with contour intervals of 10 and 2 feet (References 34, 35, 40, 42, 43, 47, and 48). The 1- and 0.2-percent-annual-chance floodplain boundaries are shown on the FIRM (Exhibit 2). On this map, the 1-percent-annual-chance floodplain boundary corresponds to the boundary of the areas of special flood hazards (Zones AH, AO, AR, and A99); and the 0.2-percent-annual-chance floodplain boundaries are close together, only the 1-percent-annual-chance floodplain boundary has been shown. Small areas within the floodplain boundaries may lie above the flood elevations but cannot be shown due to limitations of the map scale and/or lack of detailed topographic data.

For the streams studied by approximate methods, only the 1-percent-annualchance floodplain boundary is shown on the FIRM (Exhibit 2).

Within the City of Commerce City, areas of shallow sheet flow outside the aerial photo mapping limits were delineated using a topographic map at a scale of 1:24,000, with a contour interval of 10 feet (Reference 34).

Approximate 100-year floodplain boundaries within the City of Federal Heights were delineated using topographic maps at a scale of 1:1,200, with a contour interval of 2 feet (Reference 49).

Approximate 100-year floodplain boundaries in some portions of the study area were taken directly from the Flood Hazard Boundary Map for the City of Thornton (Reference 50).

Approximate flood boundaries in some portions of the City of Northglenn were taken from the FIA's Flood Hazard Boundary Map (Reference 51); others were taken from USGS Flood Prone Area Maps (Reference 52).

For streams studied by approximate methods in other areas of Adams County, the boundaries of the 100-year flood were delineated using the determined elevations and topographic maps (Reference 34), and were reconciled with USGS Flood Prone Area Maps (Reference 52), and concurrent studies completed on Second and Third Creeks for the UDFCD (Reference 53). The boundary of the 100-year flood for portions of Hidden Lake Drainageway was taken from the UDFCD study for that drainage system (Reference 46).

#### 4.2 Floodways

Encroachment on floodplains, such as structures and fill, reduces flood-carrying capacity, increases flood heights and velocities, and increases flood hazards in areas beyond the encroachment itself. One aspect of floodplain management involves balancing the economic gain from floodplain development against the resulting increase in flood hazard. For purposes of the NFIP, a floodway is used as a tool to assist local communities in this aspect of floodplain management. Under this concept, the area of the 1-percent-annual-chance floodplain is divided into a floodway and a floodway fringe. The floodway is the channel of

a stream, plus any adjacent floodplain areas, that must be kept free of encroachment so that the 1-percent-annual-chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood heights. Minimum Federal standards limit such increases to 1.0 foot, provided that hazardous velocities are not produced. The floodways in this study are presented to local agencies as minimum standards that can be adopted directly or that can be used as a basis for additional floodway studies.

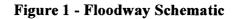
The City of Brighton, the City of Thornton, and Adams County have ordinances which limit the increase in flood heights to 0.5 foot above the pre-floodway elevation; therefore floodways having no more than a 0.5-foot surcharge have been delineated for these communities.

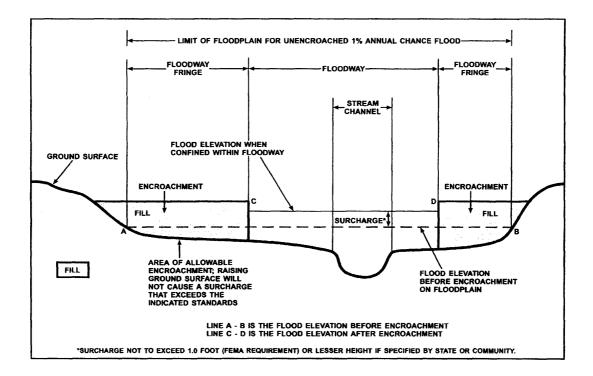
Floodways were not computed along Tributary M of Niver Creek through the City of Federal Heights because they were not within the scope of this study.

The floodway presented in this FIS report and on the FIRM was computed for certain stream segments on the basis of equal conveyance reduction from each side of the floodplain. Floodway widths were computed at cross sections. Between cross sections, the floodway boundaries were interpolated. The results of the floodway computations have been tabulated for selected cross sections (Table 6). In cases where the floodway and 1-percent-annual-chance floodplain boundaries are either close together or collinear, only the floodway boundary has been shown.

Portions of the floodway for Big Dry Creek extend beyond the corporate limits for Adams County identified in this FIS report.

The area between the floodway and 1-percent-annual-chance floodplain boundaries is termed the floodway fringe. The floodway fringe encompasses the portion of the floodplain that could be completely obstructed without increasing the water-surface elevation of the 1-percent-annual-chance flood more than 1.0 foot at any point. Typical relationships between the floodway and the floodway fringe and their significance to floodplain development are shown in Figure 1.





	FLOODING SOURCE			FLOODWAY		>	BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	LOOD CE ELEVATION NAVD)	
	CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE
	BASIN 4100								
	< 0	1,260	50 50	50 08	7.0 3.6	5,094.5 5,102 6	5,094.5 5,102 6	5,094.5 5,102 6	
	<u>ں</u> ۵	2,080	۶ 8	52	0.0 6.2	5,104.6	5,104.6	5,104.6	
	Ω	3,000	09	159	5.0	5,108.0	5,108.0	5,108.0	
	ши	3,150	09 09	117	2.4	5,108.7	5,108.7	5,108.7	
	- U	4,180	140	12	3.1	5,129.1	5,129.1	5,129.1	
	I	4,760	20	35	6.8	5,138.8	5,138.8	5,139.1	
		4,800	10	31	7.8	5,139.2	5,139.2	5,139.5	
	ר : ניי	5,270	40	. 47 . 101	4 0 0 0	5,145.1	5,145.1	5,145.6	
	Υ.	5,360	540	3,465		0,109.9	0,109.9	0,100.4	
	2	6,130 6,130	110	480	0. C	5,159.9 5,159.4	5,139.9 5,159.9	5,100.4	
	2	0,4%0		50 98	ה ה ה ש	5,100.4 5,176.0	5,100.4 5,176.0	5 176 0	
	z C	8 060	04 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02	4 0	4 5 5	5,180.4	5,180.4	5,180.4	
	) []	8,560	50		44	5 186 6	5 186 6	5 186.6	
	. 0	9,100	4 9	35	5.2	5,198.2	5,198.2	5,198.2	0.0
	2	9.200	06	45	4.0	5,212.0	5,212.0	5,212.0	
	: ഗ	9,800	100	115	1.6	5,214.5	5,214.5	5,214.5	
	F	10,000	220	39	4.7	5,223.2	5,223.2	5,223.2	
1 Fee	Feet Above Mouth								
	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	IAGEMENT A	GENCY						
<b>(</b> 00)								C	
u	ADAMS COUNTY, CO	NTY, CO							
U 4	(And Incorporated Areas)	ted Area	S)			RAU RAU	BASIN 4100		

	INCREASE	00000000000000000000000000000000000000			
.00D E ELEVATION AVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5       3       1		A	
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	МІТНОИТ FLOODWAY	5,283.0 5,285.4 5,286.6 5,286.6 5,3296.1 5,329.8 5,339.7 7 7,339.7 7,349.7 7,3		<b>FLOODWAY DATA</b>	BEAR GULCH
>	REGULATORY	5,283.0 5,286.6 5,286.6 5,286.6 5,316.0 5,316.0 5,323.0 5,349.3 5,349.3 5,508.2 5,508.2		FLOOD	BEAF
~	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	て 4 7 8 9 9 9 4 8 9 9 7 7 9 9 9 7 7 9 9 9 7 7 7 8 9 9 7 7 7 9 9 7 7 7 7			
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	875 875 812 723 899 996 925 1,108 1,272 609 537 143 143			
	WIDTH (FEET)	180 301 360 330 330 330 330 2229 236 3375 202 216 216 216 216 216 216 216 216		GENCY	ls)
	DISTANCE	1,533 3,834 5,613 8,561 11,012 12,931 12,931 14,754 14,754 14,754 14,754 19,081 23,852 25,987 25,987 25,987 25,987 25,987 25,987 25,987 25,987 25,987 25,987 25,987 25,987 25,987 25,987 26,689 46,544	Elder Creek ms County	VAGEMENT A	NTY, CO ted Area
FLOODING SOURCE	CROSS SECTION	ВЕАК GULCH С С М – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –	Feet Above Confluence with Box Elder Creek Cross Sections are outside of Adams County	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)
			2 (T	<b>⊢</b> < α	л Ш 4

r	r				_		
	INCREASE	0.7 0.0					
.00D E ELEVATION AVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5,413.2 5,425.9				4	ARY D
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	5,412.5 5,425.1				<b>FLOODWAY DATA</b>	H TRIBUT/
	REGULATORY	5,412.5 5,425.1				FLOOD	BEAR GULCH TRIBUTARY D
	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	6.1 4.0					BĘ
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	224 237					
	WIDTH (FEET)	207 214				GENCY	s)
	DISTANCE <sup>1</sup>	1,275 2,410			Bulch ns County	IAGEMENT AC	VTY, CO ted Area:
FLOODING SOURCE	CROSS SECTION	BEAR GULCH TRIBUTARY D A <sup>2</sup> B C			<sup>1</sup> Feet Above Confluence with Bear Gulch <sup>2</sup> Cross Sections are outside of Adams County	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)
			 	 	- 0	<b>⊢</b> ∢ɑ	- Ш 4

	FLOODING SOURCE			FLOODWAY		5	BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	LOOD CE ELEVATION NAVD)		
	CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE <sup>1</sup>	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE	
	BEAR GULCH TRIBUTARY E A	1,115	123	130	6.9	5,389.9	5,389.9	5,390.3	0.4	
1	<sup>1</sup> Feet Above Confluence with Bear Gulch <sup>2</sup> Cross Sections are outside of Adams County	Gulch ms County								
нча	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	VAGEMENT AC	GENCY			FLOOD	<b>FLOODWAY DATA</b>	A		
	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)	NIY, CO ted Area	s)		BE	BEAR GULCH TRIBUTARY E	H TRIBUT	ARY E		1

				1	T
	INCREASE	4 0. Ω. 4			
-00D E ELEVATION AVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5,339.4 5,360.7 5,360.7		4	ARY G
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	МІТНОИТ FLOODWAY	5,338.4 5,348.3 5,360.3 3		<b>FLOODWAY DATA</b>	H TRIBUT/
	REGULATORY	5,338.4 5,360.3 6,360.3		FLOOD	BEAR GULCH TRIBUTARY G
	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	3.8 7.1 0.7			BE
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	711 367 286			
	WIDTH (FEET)	8 8 4 4 5 1 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9		GENCY	s)
	DISTANCE <sup>1</sup>	1,080 2,496 4,442	Gulcn ms County	VAGEMENT A	NTY, CO ted Area
FLOODING SOURCE	CROSS SECTION		<sup>2</sup> Cross Sections are outside of Adams County	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)
			 5	⊢∢ഥ	- Ш 4

	ASE	0.000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.000000	]		
	INCREASE				
LOOD CE ELEVATION VAVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5,041.9 5,051.9 5,058.9 5,058.9 5,086.8 5,128.1 5,128.1 5,128.1 5,146.9 5,146.9 5,146.9 5,151.9 5,151.9 5,151.9 5,151.9 5,151.9 5,151.9 5,151.9 5,151.9 5,152.8 5,152.8 5,152.8 5,152.8 5,152.8 5,152.8 5,152.8 5,152.8 5,152.8 5,152.8 5,152.9 5,155.95,155.9 5,155.95,155.9 5,155.9 5,155.9 5,155.95,155.9 5,155.9 5,155.95,155.9 5,155.9 5,155.95,155.9 5,155.9 5,155.95,155.9 5,155.95,155.9 5,155.95,155.		4	
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	5,041.9 5,051.9 5,058.9 5,058.9 5,058.9 5,095.6 5,114.0 1,14.0 1,125.9 5,125.9 5,125.3 5,125.5		<b>FLOODWAY DATA</b>	Y CREEK
>	REGULATORY	5,041.9 5,054.9 5,058.9 5,058.9 5,102.0 5,128.1 5,157.3 5,157.3 5,157.3 5,157.3 5,157.3 5,157.3 5,157.3 5,157.3 5,157.3 162.6		FLOOD	<b>BIG DRY</b>
	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	9 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	4,197 882 882 882 1,046 2,415 3,190 3,407 3,422 3,422 3,422 1,225 1,225 1,046 3,422 3,422 3,242 1,758 1,758 1,758			
	WIDTH (FEET)	114 922 574 574 574 529 882 1077 1092 882 1180 882 1180 882 1180 882 1071 1180 882 1180 1071 1180 1180 1180 1180 1180 1180		BNCY	3)
	DISTANCE	58,230 60,530 64,080 71,380 71,380 72,990 72,990 74,210 74,210 74,291 74,291 74,291 74,291 74,291 74,291 74,291 74,291 74,291 74,291 74,291 74,291 74,291 74,291 74,291 74,291 74,291 76,563 91,225 91,255 91,255 91,255 91,255 91,255 91,255 91,2555 91,2555 91,25555 91,2555555555555555555555555555555555555		VAGEMENT AG	ted Areas
FLOODING SOURCE		Y H Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	Feet Above Mouth	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)
			+ -	F < 8	- Ш 4

FLOODING SOURCE			FLOODWAY	MFAN		BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	LOOD CE ELEVATION VAVD)	
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE <sup>1</sup>	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE
BOX ELDER CREEK A B	158,055 160.287	383 475	3,229 2 038	3.6 7.7	5,058.9 5.062 5	5,058.9 5,058.9 5,062 5	5,059.8 5,069.8	80. 0 C) C
	161,363	484	1,573	7.3	5,064.9	5,064.9	5,065.7	0.0
ОШ	162,500 163,476	283 581	1,363	8.5 7 - 7	5,070.4 5,070 8	5,070.4 5,070 9	5,070.9 E 072 E	0.0
иц (	164,983	1190	4,243	2.7	5,093.2	5,093.2	5,094.1	0.0
דנ	169,611 169,611	403	1,440 2,580	4 0.0 0.7	5,098.6 5 103 4	5,098.6 5,103.4	5,099.0 5,104 3	4.0
	171,615	233	2,433	7.8	5,112.9	5,112.9	5,113.2	0.3
	173,811	1042 885	3,514	ю. ч. ч.	5,115.5 E 110 E	5,115.5 5,120 F	5,116.0	0.5
<	176,599	507 507	2,377	0.4 0.0	5,123.9	5,123,9	5,119.5 5,124.7	0.1
×:	178,751	539	2,409	4.8	5,128.8	5,128.8	5,129.7	0.0
z	180,660	408	1,616	7.2	5,133.1	5,133.1	5,134.0	0.0
0	183,8/1	694 544	2,652	4.0	5,139.8	5,139.8	5,140.8	6.0 0
- C	187,212	346	4,044	0.4	5, 140./ 5, 140./	5,140./ 5,140.6	5,147.6 5,150.4	5. 0 C) C
· ~	189,038	418	2.237	2 2 2	5,156.0	5,156.0	5 156 9	
S	190,625	537	2,154	5.5	5,159.0	5,159.0	5,159,9	0.0
	192,564	553	1,524	7.8	5,164.3	5,164.3	5,165.0	0.7
;	193,987	279	2,155	5.5	5,172.5	5,172.5	5,173.2	0.7
>	195,053	262	1,500	7.9	5,174.9	5,174.9	5,175.3	0.4
Feet Above Mouth								
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	AGEMENT AC	GENCY			FLOODV	FLOODWAY DATA	A	
ADAMS COUNTY, CO	VTY. CO							
(And Incorporated Areas)	ted Area:	s)			BOX ELC	BOX ELDER CREEK	X	

	INCREASE	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
BASE FLOOD SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5,180.8 5,180.8 5,197.9 5,216.3 5,226.0 5,226.0 5,226.0 5,226.0 5,2289.3 5,2294.3 5,2294.3 5,2294.3 5,2294.3 5,2294.3 5,2294.3 5,2294.3 5,2294.3 5,2294.3 5,2294.3 5,2294.3 5,2294.3 5,2294.3 5,2294.3 5,2294.3 5,2294.3 5,2294.3		A	X
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	5,180.5 5,196.5 5,197.1 5,207.5 5,207.0 5,207.5 5,207.		<b>FLOODWAY DATA</b>	ER CREEK
>	REGULATORY	5,180.5 5,182.4 5,195.2 5,200.0 5,215.6 5,225.2 5,225.2 5,228.8 5,2275.3 5,228.8 5,2275.3 5,2275.3 5,2275.3 5,2275.3 5,2275.3 5,2275.3 5,2275.3 5,227.5 5,277.5 5,277.		FLOOD	BOX ELDER
	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	て 8 0 7 9 8 7 9 8 9 4 9 9 7 7 7 8 9 7 7 9 9 7 7 9 9 7 7 9 9 7 7 9 9 7 7 9 9 7			
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	1,576 3,947 3,947 1,527 1,527 1,527 1,501 1,501 1,987 1,987 1,192 1,143 1,192 1,192 1,192 1,660 1,192 1,660 1,192 1,567			
	WIDTH (FEET)	313 861 191 191 191 193 193 199 193 199 193 193		GENCY	s)
	DISTANCE <sup>1</sup>	196,340 197,500 200,552 200,552 202,552 202,552 206,936 209,982 209,982 209,982 209,982 209,982 209,982 209,982 209,982 223,256 223,267 223,667 233,598 233,598 233,598 233,598 233,567 223,575 223,57	soundary	IAGEMENT AG	NTY, CO ted Area:
FLOODING SOURCE	CROSS SECTION	ACKERK AB AB AB AB AB AB AB AB AB AB AB AB AB	<sup>1</sup> Feet Above Mouth <sup>2</sup> Width Partially Outside of County Boundary	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)
			2 / F	⊢ < a	) – ш 4

	INCREASE	0000			
OOD E ELEVATION AVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5, 157.2 5, 185.4 5, 189.6 5, 192.2 192.2		∢	Ŧ
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	5,157.2 5,189.6 5,189.6 5,192.2		FLOODWAY DATA	BRANTNER GULCH
5	REGULATORY	5,157.2 5,185.4 5,192.2 5,192.2		FLOOD	BRANTN
	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	ム 5.5.5 1.7 1.7			
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	1,16 1,13 1,13 1,14 1,14 1,14 1,14 1,14 1,14			
	WIDTH (FEET)	150 141 206 206		GENCY	IS)
	DISTANCE	2,530 2,530 2,535 2,535		VAGEMENT A	NTY, CO ted Area
FLOODING SOURCE	CROSS SECTION	BRANTNER GULCH B D D	<sup>1</sup> Feet Above County Boundary	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)
	L			⊢∢∝	- Ш <del>4</del>

		RCREEK	CLEAR			s)	- <b>A</b>	(And Incorporated
	A	ИАҮ DATA	FLOODWAY			BENCY	VAGEMENT AC	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
								Feet Above Mouth
0.0	5,253.9	5,253.9	5,253.9	11.3	686	165	33,571	7
1.0	5,249.7	5,248.7	5,248.7	10.5	963	185	32,497	· ≺
0.2	5,247.0	5,246.7	5,246.7	8.9	1,130	209	31,873	×
0.4	5,235.7	5,235.4	5,235.4	4.8	2,086	705	30,513	~
0.0	5,233.6	5,233.7	5,233.7	2.9	3,467	628	28,963	> :
0.3	5,222.6	5,222.3	5,222.3	8.2	1,092	181	28,113	; כ
0.2	5,221.0	5,220.8	5,220.8		5,385	475	700,02	- :
0.4	5,217.7	5,217.3	5,21/.3		3,324	240	20,007	лн
0.0	5,212.9	5,213.0	5,213.0	יית	0,439	1,193	24,010 010,410	۲ ۵
0.8	5,203.3	5,202.5	5,2U2.5 7,202.5	4 (	4,040 000	77/	210,22	ם ל
0.0	5,200.5	5,199.6	5,199.6	4.5	4,534	00/	20,684	ב (
0.0	5,192.8	5,191.8	5,191.8	4.4	5,268	780	19,799	0 (
0.8	5,188.8	5,188.0	5,188.0	7.1	3,236	700	18,691	Z
1.0	5,184.3	5,183.3	5,183.3	7.8	2,961	525	17,784	Z
0.0	5,161.4	5,161.4	5,161.4	2.7	8,635	639	14,989	
0.0	5,159.6	5,159.6	5,159.6	2.4	9,551	1,139	12,509	х
0.0	5,152.1	5,152.1	5,152.1	5.5	4,192	403	11,354	-7
0.0	5,143.7	5,143.7	5,143.7	3.4	6,772	572	9,445	
0.1	5,136.1	5,136.0	5,136.0	4.6	5,070	573	8,349	Ŧ
0.2	5,134.6	5,134.4	5,134.4	4.6	5,053	670	7,357	ტ
0.0	5,132.0	5,131.6	5,131.6	4.4	5,202	550	6,094	LL.
0.5	5,127.6	5,127.1	5,127.1	4.7	4,909	450	4,839	П.
7.0	5,119.4	5,118.9	5,118.9	7.7	2,986	283	3,355	יב
0.2	5,115.1	5,115.0	5,115.0	10.1	2,289	350	2,829	U I
0.0	5,107.5	5,107.6	5,107.6	7.7	3,016	695	1,401	ш (
0.0	5,101.4	5,101.4	5,101.4	6.4	4,424	1,424	175	A
								CLEAR CREEK
				SECOND)	FEET)			
INCREASE	FLOODWAY	FLOODWAY	REGULATORY	(FEET PER	(SQUARE	(FEET)	DISTANCE <sup>1</sup>	CROSS SECTION
				VELOCITY	SECTION	MIDTH		
	JAVD)	(FEET NAVD)						
	LUUU SE ELEVATION	BASE FLOUD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION	5	×	FLOODWAY			FLOODING SOURCE

	111		]		
	INCREASE				
LOOD SE ELEVATION JAVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5,225.3 5,231.3 5,246.0 5,251.6 5,251.6 5,251.7		A	CREEK NORTH OVERFLOW
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	5,224.3 5,233.0 5,250.5 5,250.6 5,250.6 5,250.7		<b>FLOODWAY DATA</b>	<b>JORTH OV</b>
>	REGULATORY	5,224.3 5,233.0 5,233.0 5,250.6 5,250.6 5,250.6		FLOOD	
	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	ら 4 ~ 6 4 ~ 0 ~ の 6 6 4 6 8 0 ~			CLEAR
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	2,072 2,301 2,303 4,695 4,886 4,886			
	WIDTH (FEET)	673 691 801 801 801 801 801 801 801 801 801 80		GENCY	s)
	DISTANCE <sup>1</sup>	451 2,083 3,113 5,385 5,385 5,385		AGEMENT A	NIY, CU ted Area
FLOODING SOURCE	CROSS SECTION	CLEAR CREEK NORTH OVERFLOW B G G H	Feet Above Mouth	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)
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	T		_	1	
	INCREASE	0.4 0.0 0.0			
.00D E ELEVATION AVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5,345.9 5,359.9 5,367.7 5,367.7		A	×
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	5,345.8 5,359.7 5,367.7 5,367.7		<b>FLOODWAY DATA</b>	COMANCHE CREEK
>	REGULATORY	5,345.8 5,359.7 5,367.7		FLOOD	COMANC
	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	8 4 <u>6</u> Ο ώ π ώ			
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	2,155 940 685 685			
	WIDTH (FEET)	1,319 199 199 130	uted	3ENCY	s)
	DISTANCE <sup>1</sup>	113,103 115,842 117,432	way Not Comp	AGEMENT AC	ted Area
FLOODING SOURCE	CROSS SECTION	COMANCHE CREEK N ≺ × ≥ EEK	Feet Above County Boundary Note: Comanche Creek A-V Floodway Not Computed	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	And Incorporated Areas)
			-	⊢∢ഥ.	⊣ш4

<b></b>		<b>.</b>				
	INCREASE	0.7 0.6 0.5				
.00D E ELEVATION AVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5,413.1 5,420.1 5,426.9	5,506.8 5,514.2 5,514.9 5,514.9 5,515.9		4	
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	5,412.4 5,419.5 5,426.4	5,506.5 5,514.2 5,514.9 5,514.9 5,515.9		FLOODWAY DATA	COYOTE RUN
5	REGULATORY	5,412.4 5,419.5 5,426.4	5,506.5 5,514.2 5,514.9 5,514.9 5,515.9		FLOOD	соус
	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	ດ 3.8 5.8 5.0	11.7 5.3 3.8 5.7 5.7			
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	1,886 990 620	2,410 6,743 4,854 5,252 3,655 2,767			
	WIDTH (FEET)	180 300 100	82 82 970 1,080 150 123		GENCY	s)
	DISTANCE	6,448 9,550 11,240	38,732 38,843 39,972 40,340 40,851 41,181	ty Boundary	IAGEMENT A	NTY, CO ted Area
FLOODING SOURCE	CROSS SECTION	COYOTE RUN A-E <sup>2</sup> F G H L-T <sup>2</sup>	ס>≷×≻א	<sup>1</sup> Feet Above Mouth <sup>2</sup> Cross-sections are outside of County Boundary	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)
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	CREEK	HALL CRI	GRANGE			ls)	NIY, CU ited Area	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)
	A.	<b>FLOODWAY DATA</b>	FLOOD			GENCY	NAGEMENT A	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
								Feet Above Mouth
0.0	5,187.2	5,187.2	5,187.2	13.2	87	. 28	20,339	2
0.0	5,171.5	5,171.5	5,171.5	10.0	143	58	19,687	×
0.0	5,164.7	5,164.7	5,164.7	6.5	353	91	18,406	×
0.0	5,161.2	5,161.2	5,161.2	11.7	184	65	17,694	M
0.0	5,158.7	5,158.7	5,158.7	5.9	220	60	16,980	>
0.0	5,154.5	5,154.5	5,154.5	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	340	108	16,070	- –
	5,151,5	0, 110.0 A 1A1 A	0, 10,0 5,15,1 5	י ע - ע	1 C F &		14,0,0	D H
	0, 140.0 7, 148.8	0,140.0	0, 140.0 5, 148.8	2 T	7,541	/09	14,020 74 0 14	ΥU
0.0	5,148.6	5,148.6	5,148.6	5.3	863	404	14,177	aı
4.0	5,141.7	5,141.3	5,141.3	4.8	421	80	13,960	۵.
0.2	5,140.3	5,140.1	5,140.1	6.4	316	70	13,592	0
0.1	5,137.3	5,137.2	5,137.2	80.00	230	97	13,272	ΞZ
	5 133 7	5 133 7	5, 133 7	- <b>r</b>	377		12,000	
0.5	5,128.4 5,131.7	5,127.9	5,127.9	4 50	372	114 209	11,890	¥ -
0.5	5,126.1	5,125.6	5,125.6	5.2	377	105	11,430	J
4.0	5,123.3	5,122.9	5,122.9	6.6	296	71	10,935	-
0.0	5,118.3	5,118.3	5,118.3	7.1	270	110	10,450	Т
0.5	5,117.9	5,117.4	5,117.4	4.2	467	133	10,300	თ
0.4	5,114.4	5,114.0	5,114.0	2.1	273	70	9,680	Ŀ
0.0	5,109.2	5,109.2	5,109.2	7.6	255	86	8,960	Ш
0.0	5,108.3	5,108.3	5,108.3	3.5	558	135	8,520	• •
0.0	5,105.1	5,105.1	5,105.1	10.6	184	50	8.370	00
0.5	5,104.1	5.103.6	5,103.6	9.4	401	84	8 130	. α
0.0	5,103.6	5.103.6	5.103.6	3.0	655	295	7.970	GRANGE HALL CREEK A
INCREASE	WITH FLOODWAY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	REGULATORY	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	WIDTH <sup>2</sup> (FEET)	DISTANCE <sup>1</sup>	CROSS SECTION
	LOOU SE ELEVATION VAVD)	BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	>		FLOODWAY			FLOODING SOURCE

	N MEAN VELOCITY RE (FEET PER ) SECOND) FLOODWAY		7         8.3         5,191.1         5,191.1           13         3.9         5,225.6         5,225.6	5.5 5,234.2	2.4 5,234.2	7.6 5.242.5	1.4 5,260.0	2.8 5,260.0	9.6 5,262.8	3.3 5.787.4	5.1 5.285.8	5.6 5,292.4	0.5 5,292.4	7.4 5,292.4	11.4 5,298.2 2.4 E 224.6	0.1 D.	8.3 5.325.4	4.9 5,329			FLOODWAY DATA	GRANGE HALL CREEK
FLOODWAY	E <sup>1</sup> WIDTH <sup>2</sup> SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET) FEET)		50 157 50 193	125		0.4	120	125	100		107	65	460 2,	00		с С С С С С С	20	80	 	_	- AGENCY	0
FLOODING SOURCE		GRANGE HALL CREEK (Cont'd)	AA 20,760 AB 22,075	AC 23,200	AD 23,800			,.	AI 26,390				AN 27,980		AP 28,530 28,045		AS AS 29.570			Feet Above Mouth	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	ADAMS COUNTY, CO

				1	
	INCREASE	000000000000000000000000000000000000000			
.00D E ELEVATION AVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5,158.1 5,167.6 5,194.0 5,194.0 5,233.1 5,233.1 5,233.1 5,257.9 5,257.9 5,257.9		A	IBUTARY
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	МІТНОUT FLOODWAY	5,158.1 5,167.6 5,167.6 5,193.6 5,193.6 5,215.9 5,233.1 5,233.1 5,233.1 5,233.1 5,257.9 5,257.9		<b>FLOODWAY DATA</b>	CREEK TRIBUTARY
5	REGULATORY	5,158.1 5,167.6 5,176.3 5,193.6 5,193.6 5,233.1 5,233.1 5,233.1 5,233.1 5,233.1 5,233.1 5,233.1 5,233.1 5,233.1		FLOOD	HALL
	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	1 7 8 9 4 4 4 7 7 9 7 7 7 9 7 9 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			GRANGE
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	2100 210 2113 2113 2113 2126 2126 2126 2126 2126			
	WIDTH (FEET)	1 3 8 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		GENCY	s)
	DISTANCE	400 820 1,635 2,080 2,730 3,090 5,190 5,190		AGEMENT AG	VIY, CO ted Area
FLOODING SOURCE		GRANGE HALL CREEK TRIBUTARY B C C M M N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	Feet Above Mouth	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)
L		0	ſ	⊥ V B	-ј Ш 4

	ШК	DUNT CREEK	HAYESMOUNT			s)	ted Area	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas
	A	ИАҮ DATA	FLOODWAY			GENCY	NAGEMENT AG	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENC
								Feet Above County Boundary
0.7	5,146.3	5,145.5	5,145.5	5.6	432	154	23,085	AB
0.0	5,143.3	5,142.6	5,142.6	5.9 2.0	434	148	21,918	AA AA
0, G - C	5, 130.0 7, 130.6	5, 139 D	5 139 0		342	218	21,321	- 2
0.0	5 138 5	5 137 6	5 137 6	7 <del>,</del> r m	793	229	20,257	: >-
	0, 101.0	0, 131.2 5, 133.2	5,131.6	4 7 7 7	195	021	18,986	\$ ×
	5,129.8	0,128.8	0,120.0	4. U	040	457	10,340	>
0.0	5,127.3	5,120.3 1,200.5	0,120.3	4.0	000		10,034	
0.1	5,123.1	5,122.0 r 450.0	5,122.0 F 126.2		694 F.F.F	194	15,5/4	
- 0	5,120.6	5,120.5	0,120.5		087	000	10, 140	0 F
0.1.0	5,119.9	5,118.9	5,118.9		693	213	14,705	צט
0.3	5,116.3	5,116.0	5,116.0	3.4 4.0	724	210	13,382	3 נ
0.7	5,115.7	5,115.0	5,115.0	3.6	698	140	12,850	ር (
6.0	5,115.5	5,114.5	5,114.5	2.0	1,230	160	11,488	0
0.7	5,110.3	5,109.6	5,109.6	5.8	415	91	11,372	z
0.5	5,107.0	5,106.5	5,106.5	10 <sup>.</sup> 2	341	8 8	10,451	Σ
0.0	5 104 0	5,104,0	5 104.0	2 00 1 4	287	80	0,712 10.036	2 –
	5,U94.9	5,094.9	5,U34.Y		010	18/	7,843 8 717	צ ר
0.0	5,093.0	5,093.0	5,093.0	3.7	650	240	7,065	
0.0	5,089.4	5,089.4	5,089.4	5.3	456	164	5,975	T
0.0	5,086.2	5,086.2	5,086.2	6.9	347	155	5,405	თ
0.0	5,083.2	5,083.2	5,083.2	4.2	576	312	4,276	Ŀ
0.7	5,081.9	5,081.2	5,081.2	2.1	1,136	460	3,160	ш
1.0	5,081.7	5,080.7	5,080.7	1.0	2,337	1,076	2,642	۵
0.0	5,075.1	5,075.1	5,075.1	5.6	431	141	1,928	o
0.0	5,073.0	5,072.4	5,072.4	5.6	428	131	1,202	В
0.4	5,070.7	5,070.3	5,070.3	6.3	372	184	66	A
								HAYESMOUNT CREEK
INCREASE	FLOODWAY	FLOODWAY	REGULATORY	(FEET PER SECOND)	(SQUARE FEET)	(FEET)	DISTANCE	CROSS SECTION
	HTIM	THOU IT		MEAN VFLOCITY	SECTION	WIDTH		
	LUUD CE ELEVATION VAVD)	BASE FLOUD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	>		FLOODWAY			FLOODING SOURCE

						RASE FLOOD		
FLOODING SOURCE			FLOODWAY		>	WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	CE ELEVATION	
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE
HAYESMOUNT CREEK								
AC	24,084	308	699	3.6	5,148.9	5,148.9	5,149.8	0.9
AD	24,616	196	341	7.1	5,152.4	5,152.4	5,152.9	0.5
AE	25,122	431	705	3.5	5,156.7	5,156.7	5,157.5	0.0
AF	26,289	527	751	3.2	5,162.5	5,162.5	5,163.4	0.9
AG	27,418	235	234	5.7	5,166.4	5,166.4	5,167.0	0.6
AH	27,807	285	446	3.0	5,168.7	5,168.7	5,169.5	0.8
A	28,222	410	641	2.1	5,169.4	5,169.4	5,170.4	1.0
AJ	29,195	237	429	3.1	5,174.9	5,174.9	5,175.8	0.0
AK	29,701	131	205	6.5	5,178.6	5,178.6	5,178.9	0.3
AL	30,246	420	720	1.9	5,180.2	5,180.2	5,181.2	1.0
AM	30,738	460	460	2.9	5,182.8	5,182.8	5,183.0	0.2
AN	31,218	600	745	1.8	5,184.5	5,184.5	5,185.2	0.7
AO	31,776	250	896	1.5	5,188.3	5,188.3	5,189.3	0.0
AP	32,503	170	292	5.0	5,188.9	5,188.9	5,189.5	0.0
AQ	33,709	194	349	3.0	5,193.2	5,193.2	5,193.7	0.5
AR	34,708	61	78	6.4	5,195.5	5,195.5	5,196.1	0.0
AS	35,356	76	152	3.3	5,199.0	5,199.0	5,199.8	0 <sup>.</sup> 0
AT	35,940	128	180	2.8	5,200.4	5,200.4	5,201.4	6 <sup>.</sup> 0
AU	36,874	41	103	4.8	5,204.2	5,204.2	5,205.0	0.8
AV	38,366	68	130	3.8	5,207.1	5,207.1	5,207.9	0.9
AW	38,729	37	67	7.5	5,210.2	5,210.2	5,210.5	0.2
AX	38,950	400	389	2.1	5,212.4	5,212.4	5,212.9	0.5
AY	39,871	200	380	3.9	5,215.7	5,215.7	5,216.0	0.3
AZ	40,882	143	372	4.1	5,220.3	5,220.3	5,221.1	0.7
Feet Above County Boundary								
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	AGEMENT AG	GENCY			FLOODWAY	NAY DATA	A	
ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)	VLY, CU ted Areas	3)			HAYESMOUNT CREEK	UNT CRE	EK	
		1						

					T
	INCREASE	4 ~ 0 0 ~ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			RY
.00D E ELEVATION AVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5,190.6 5,195.7 5,205.7 5,203.2 5,223.2 5,224.2 5,223.3 5,224.2 5,233.8 5,224.2 5,233.8		4	TRIBUTARY
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	5,190.2 5,190.2 5,202.5 5,202.5 5,224.0 5,228.2 5,233.2 5,233.2		ИАҮ DATA	CREEK EAST
>	REGULATORY	5,190.2 5,196.0 5,200.1 5,200.1 5,2210.0 5,2210.0 5,2215.3 5,2215.3 5,2215.3 5,2215.3 5,2215.3 5,2215.3 5,2215.3 5,222.5 5,223.2		FLOODWAY	
	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	4446666666666 90667746464886996			HAYESMOUNT
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	119 119 119 119 116 119 119 119 119 119			
	WIDTH (FEET)	128 4 2 3 3 0 0 1 2 3 4 2 2 1 2 0 0 1 2 3 9 2 3 0 0 1 2 3 9 2 3 0 1 2 3 9 2 3		GENCY	s)
	DISTANCE	2,113 3,153 5,929 6,770 6,770 8,358 9,358 11,994 11,994 11,994 11,994	mount Creek	IAGEMENT AG	NTY, CO ted Area:
FLOODING SOURCE	CROSS SECTION	HAYESMOUNT CK EAST TRIB. B C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Feet Above confluence with Hayesmount Creek	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)
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RY	TRIBUTARY	CREEK WEST		HAYESMOUNT		(u	NTY, CO ted Area:	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)
	A	ΝΑΥ DATA	FLOODWAY			GENCY	VAGEMENT AG	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENC
							smount Creek	Feet Above confluence with Hayesmount Creel
0.4	5,210.8	5,210.4	5,210.4	6.4	130	102	13, 154	AB
0.0	5,208,5	5,207,5	5.207.5	- 6.Z	440	256	12,641	Å
0.6	5 206.5	5,205.9	5.205.9	2.2	223	81	12.183	· Z
1.0	5.205.9	5.205.0	5.205.0	2.5	512	147	11,653	:~
4.0	5.204.3	5.203.9	5,203.9	6.7	190	65	11,133	×
0.9	5.203.3	5.202.3	5,202.3	3.4	577	193	10,629	~
0.0	5,201.4	5,200.8	5,200.8	5.4	363	152	10,111	>
0.8	5,199.7	5,198.8	5,198.8	3.4	578	244	9,599	D
0.7	5,197.6	5,196.9	5, 196.9	4.5	437	255	9,179	⊢
0.7	5,196.0	5,195.3	5,195.3	2.9	675	325	8,639	S
0.8	5,194.8	5,194.0	5,194.0	3.0	629	389	8,184	к
0.9	5,193.3	5,192.4	5,192.4	3.6	540	270	7,698	Ø
0.8	5,191.6	5,190.8	5,190.8	3.7	523	235	7,185	Ċ.
0.8	5,190.3	5,189.5	5,189.5	3.2	667	290	6,685	0
0.0	5,188.4	5,188.4	5,188.4	8.1	262	109	6,585	Z
0.0	5,187.4	5,186.6	5,186.6	3.7	568	331	6,376	Z
0.0	5,185.1	5,184.5	5,184.5	5.9	360	265	6,028	<b></b> 1
0.0	5,182.0	5,181.1	5,181.1	3.0	602	342	5,362	¥
0.8	5,180.5	5,179.7	5,179.7	4.3	487	207	4,932	J
0.0	5,179.8	5,178.9	5,178.9	2.7	778	296	4,583	
0.8	5,179.2	5,178.4	5,178.4	4.4	484	190	4,361	н
0.0	5,178.8	5,177.9	5,177.9	3.3	646	228	4,182	Q
4.0	5,175.9	5,175.5	5,175.5	7.5	282	163	3,665	Ŀ
0.0	5,175.4	5,174.5	5,174.5	2.6	818	305	3,278	ш
9.0	5,173.6	5,173.1	5,173.1	6.4	328	192	2,867	Δ
0.7	5,172.1	5,171.4	5,171.4	3.2	657	309	2,517	U
6.0	5,170.7	5,169.9	5,169.9	3.6	590	210	2,014	œ ·
0.4	5,167.3	5,167.0	5,167.0	9.9	319	240	1,435	A
								HAYESMOUNT CK WEST TRIB.
				SECOND)	FEET)			
INCREASE	FLOODWAY	FLOODWAY	REGULATORY	(FEET PER	(SQUARE	(FEET)	DISTANCE <sup>1</sup>	CROSS SECTION
				MEAN	SECTION			
	JAVD)	(FEET NAVD)						
	E ELEVATION	WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION	>	<u>ک</u>	FLOODWAY			FLOODING SOURCE
	LOOD	BASE FLOOD						

	INCREASE	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0			ιRΥ
.00D E ELEVATION AVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5,214.9 5,217.1 5,221.0 5,223.8 5,229.0 5,230.3		A	TRIBUT
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	5,216.6 5,216.6 5,220.5 5,222.9 5,222.3 5,228.0		<b>FLOODWAY DATA</b>	EK WEST
5	REGULATORY	5,216.6 5,216.6 5,220.5 5,222.9 5,229.5 5,229.5		FLOOD	HAYESMOUNT CREEK WEST TRIBUTARY
>	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	2.5 5.7 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.0 8 7.7 7.0 8			HAYESM
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	341 140 148 119 174 174			
	WIDTH (FEET)	222 158 158 47 47		AGENCY	ls)
	DISTANCE	14,191 15,292 16,298 17,370 17,926 18,306	smount Creek	VAGEMENT A	NTY, CO ted Area
FLOODING SOURCE	CROSS SECTION	HAYESMOUNT CK WEST TRIB. AC AE AF AI AJ AJ	Feet Above confluence with Hayesmount Creek	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)
			-	- < a	4 m L G

	INCREASE	0 0 0 0			
.00D E ELEVATION AVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5,364.9 5,368.0		A	REEK
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	5,364.9 5,368.0		FLOODWAY DATA	COMANCHE CREEK
	REGULATORY	5,368.0		FLOOD	LITTLE COM
	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	ώ Ω Ω			ГЛ
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	856 817			
	WIDTH (FEET)	255 4 23		GENCY	s)
	DISTANCE	, 565 1, 035		VAGEMENT A	NTY, CO ited Area
FLOODING SOURCE	CROSS SECTION	B	<sup>1</sup> Feet Above Mouth	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)
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	<b>*</b> *****				
	INCREASE	00000000000000000000000000000000000000			
.00D E ELEVATION AVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5,225.9 5,225.9 5,235.8 5,235.9 5,2556.8556.8 5,2556.8 5		4	×
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	5,219.0 5,235.0 5,235.0 5,235.0 5,235.0 5,256.8 5,256.8 5,256.9 5,256.9 5,256.9 5,256.9		<b>FLOODWAY DATA</b>	DRY CREEK
5	REGULATORY	5,219.0 5,219.0 5,231.5 5,256.8 5,256.8 5,256.9 5,256.9 5,256.9 5,256.9		FLOODV	רודדרב ם
	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	で、で、4 ら ら 8 0 0 - 7 で 6 0 で、4 4 0 0 8 8 0 7 ら 6 ら			
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	1,007 970 565 630 630 630 630 747 747 747 747 1,047 1,047 581			
	WIDTH (FEET)	125 153 153 153 155 155 155 150		ENCY	s)
	DISTANCE <sup>1</sup>	2,428 3,931 5,447 5,447 5,920 6,370 7,350 7,950	Creek	AGEMENT AC	ted Area
FLOODING SOURCE	CROSS SECTION	LTTE DR A C C M C C M C C M C C M C C C C C C C	Feet Above Continence With Clear Creek	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	And Incorporated Areas)
				⊢ <b>&lt; ଘ</b>	J m 4

CROSS SECTION DIST			FLOODWAY	~	>	WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	CE ELEVATION VAVD)	
	DISTANCE	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE
REEK	1 160		376	σ	5 107 D	£ 107 0	5 107 0	00
		4 I 0 C	320	ר ה היי	0,101.0	0, 10, 0	00-0	
	1,425	0.5	0/9	7.0	0./II.0	0,11/.9	0, 11, 3	
	1,650	0	462	0.4	0,116.1	2,110.1	0, 10.	
0	2,145	09	292	11.1	5,118.3	5,118.3	5,118.3	
	2,350	60	344	9.4	5,119.7	5,119.7	5,119./	0.0
	2,650	65	307	10.6	5,122.6	5,122.6	5,122.6	0.0
	3,125	62	280	11.6	5,125.1	5,125.1	5,125.1	0.0
	3,665	62	745	4.3	5,137.3	5,137.3	5,137.3	0.0
	3,835	45	264	12.3	5,146.5	5,146.5	5,146.5	0.0
	4.185	60	304	10.3	5,149.0	5,149.0	5,149.0	0.0
	4 490	en Ue	203	80	5 152 5	5 152 5	5 153.0	0.5
	1,100		252	20.0 7	5,157.0	5 157 9	5 157 9	
		38	100				101.0	
	5,645	0.0	320	201	5, 101.4	0, 101.4	0, 101.4	
	5,915	345	2/3	11.5	5,102.4	2,102.4	5,102.4	0.0
	6,100	30	770	4.1	5,167.5	5,167.5	5,167.5	0.0
	6,425	275	539	5.8	5,169.2	5,169.2	5,169.2	0.0
	6,680	85	332	9.5	5,170.4	5,170.4	5,170.4	0.0
	7 580	120	331	9.5	5,177.4	5,177.4	5.177.4	0.0
	0 1 FO		232	12.6	5 187 B	5 187 B	5 187 8	C
	0,-00		320		5, 105.0 5, 185.4	5 185 4	5,185,4	
	0,410	) L	070					
	8,685	CP CP	306	10.3	5,190.1	2,190.1	0, 190	
	9,040	nç	18/	ו ו	5,193.7	5,193.7	0,193.7	
	9,230	40	169	9.7	5,196.0	5,196.0	5,196.0	0.0
	9,680	45	214	13.0	5,199.1	5,199.1	5,199.1	0.0
<sup>1</sup> Feet Above Confluence with South Platte Rive	e River							
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENC)	MENT AG	ENCY			EI OOD		4-	
	1							
ADAMS COUNTY, CO	۲, CO							
(And Incorporated Areas	Areas				NIVER	X CKEEK		

	INCREASE				
.00D E ELEVATION AVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5,158.9 5,177.3 5,178.9 5,197.0 5,197.8		A	Ж
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	МІТНОUT FLOODWAY	5,158.9 5,177.3 5,177.3 5,178.9 5,197.0 5,197.0		<b>FLOODWAY DATA</b>	ELD CREEK
5	REGULATORY	5,158.9 5,177.3 5,177.3 5,197.0 5,197.0 5,197.8		FLOOD	NORTHFIELD
	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	0 7 7 9 7 7 9 7 9 7 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9			
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	2,012 247 634 131 217 217			
	WIDTH (FEET)	560 350 360 337 338 338 338		GENCY	s)
	DISTANCE <sup>1</sup>	280 1,280 1,840 2,440 3,130 3,130		VAGEMENT A	NTY, CO ted Area
FLOODING SOURCE	CROSS SECTION	NORTHFIELD CREEK B D G T T T T T T C C C C C C C C C C C C C	<sup>1</sup> Feet Above Union Pacific Railroad	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas)
			-	⊢ <b>∢</b> ₪	ЧШ4

	INCREASE	000000000000000000000000000000000000000			¥
.00D E ELEVATION AVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5,170.5 5,199.6 5,203.2 5,233.7 5,244.0 5,244.0 5,244.0 5,244.0 5,244.0 5,244.0		٨	HALL CREEK
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	5,170.5 5,192.0 5,199.6 5,232.2 5,242.3 5,242.3 5,242.3 5,242.3 5,242.3 5,242.3 5,242.3		FLOODWAY DATA	
>	REGULATORY	5, 170.5 5, 192.0 5, 192.0 5, 2232.2 5, 241.7 5, 242.3 5, 242.3 5, 242.3 5, 243.0 5, 243.00, 243.00, 243.00, 243.00, 243.00, 243.00, 243.00, 243.00, 243.00, 243.00, 243.00, 243.00, 243.00, 243.00, 243.		FLOOD	I FORK GRANGE
×	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0			NORTH
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	114 110 68 75 78 78 78 119 319 365 319 365 319 365 319 365 319 365 359			
	WIDTH (FEET)	54 82 85 312 85 85 111 1212 1212 1212 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20		GENCY	s)
	DISTANCE	246 861 1,369 1,679 2,530 2,530 3,440 3,440 3,935 3,935 3,935	je Hall Creek	VAGEMENT A	CO ted Area
FLOODING SOURCE	CROSS SECTION	НАГКОЛПППОТ-JKJERK	<sup>1</sup> Feet Above Confluence with Grange Hall Creek	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	ADAMS, CO (And Incorporated Areas)
			-	⊢ < 0	ЧШ4

									_								_			_									Τ	
	INCREASE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	9.0	0.5	G.U	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
.00D E ELEVATION AVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	5.117.7	5.121.0	5,124.3	5,124.6	5,135.2	5,136.0	5,136.4	5,137.6	5,141.2	5,142.8	5,143.4	5,152.0	5,152.1	5,154.8	5,154.9	5,155.5	5,155.9	5,15/./	5,161.5	5,162.1	5, 163.3	5,165.4	5,166.4 - , - , - , -	5,1/1.4	5,172,1		٩		
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	5.117.7 <sup>3</sup>	5	5,124.3	5,124.6	5,135.2	5,136.0	5,136.2	5,137.6	5,141.2	5,142.8	5,143.4	5,152.0	5,152.1	5,154.8	5,154.9	5,155.5	5,155.9	5,157.3	5,160.9	5,161.6	5,162.8	5,165.4	5,166.4	5,1/1.4	5,171.9	-	FLOODWAY DATA		SAND CREEK
5	REGULATORY	5.117.7 <sup>3</sup>	5 121.0	5,124.3	5,124.6	5,135.2	5,136.0	5,136.2	5,137.6	5,141.2	5,142.8	5,143.4	5,152.0	5,152.1	5,154.8	5,154.9	5,155.5	5,155.9	5,157.3	5,160.9	5,161.6	5,162.8	5,165.4	5,166.4	5,171.4	5,171.9 5,172.1		FLOOD		SANE
	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	7		10.8	11.9	5.9	6.2	8.8	9.2	10.4	9.5	10.6	7.1	7.1	6.3	8.1	8.7	8 0	7.4	0.0	8.0	8.2	15.0	6. 6	7.7	0.0 V 0	th Platte River			
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	- 2	2 265	2,819	2,563	5,198	4,886	3,458	3,304	2,937	3,204	2,887	4,298	4,297	4,875	4,150	4,140	4,006	5,156	5,575	4,390	4,205	2,029	3,078	3,964	3,443 3,523	cts From Sou			
	WIDTH (FEET)	234	280	255	170	240	460	403	403	300	370	321	321	349	448	300	332	279	445	472	468	346	292	440	516	344 358	ckwater Effe	GENCY		s)
	DISTANCE	210	212	1 170	1,380	1,500	2,030	2,530	2,970	3,760	4,100	4,325	4,445	4,530	4,700	4,990	5,350	5,730	6,280	6,740	7,290	7,800	7,930	8,150	8,840	9,100 0,180	r Platte River ideration of Ba	NAGEMENT A	NTY. CO	ted Area
FLOODING SOURCE	CROSS SECTION	SAND CREEK	ς α		ם מ	Ψ	Ľ	U	I			X		¥	Z	Ò	٩	a	ĸ	S	 	D	>	~	×	~ ~	Feet Above Confluence With South Platte River Data Not Available	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	ADAMS COUNTY. CO	(And Incorporated Areas)
		1																									9 0 7	⊢∢	ب ۵	1Ш 4

	FLOODING SOURCE			FLOODWAY			BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	LOOD CE ELEVATION VAVD)	
1	CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE
<u> </u>	SAND CREEK								
	AA	9,620	496	4,352	7.0	5,173.6	5,173.6	5,173.6	0.0
	AB	10,240	389	3,906	7.8	5,174.6	5,174.6	5,174.6	0.0
	AC	10,920	206	2,094	14.6	5,175.3	5,175.3	5,175.3	0.0
	AD	11,220	311	3,141	9.7	5,178.7	5,178.7	5,178.7	0.0
	AE	11,940	429	4,828	6.2	5,180.7	5,180.7	5,180.7	0.0
	AF	12,020	324	1,879	16.0	5,183.9	5,183.9	5,183.9	0.0
	AG	12,220	398	3,816	7.8	5,188.0	5,188.0	5,188.1	0.1
	AH	12,490	375	3,576	8.4	5, 188.4	5,188.4	5,188.4	0.0
	A	13,040	648	4,094	7.2	5,189.3	5,189.3	5,189.6	0.3
	۲۹	13,520	648	3,598	8.3	5,191.2	5,191.2	5,191.6	4.0
	AK	13,620	609	2,547	11.8	5,192.5	5,192.5	5,192.6	0.1
	AL	13,730	617	4,193	7.1	5,194.3	5,194.3	5,194.6	0.3
	AM	14,210	663	3,629	8.3	5,195.9	5,195.9	5,196.0	0.1
	AN	14,740	547	3,302	9.1	5,198.0	5,198.0	5,198.1	0.1
	AO	15,250	547	3,121	9.6	5,199.7	5,199.7	5,199.9	0.2
	AP	15,545	399	2,413	12.4	5,200.6	5,200.6	5,200.7	0.1
	AQ	15,770	302	2,114	14.2	5,204.5	5,204.5	5,204.7	0.2
	AR	16,880	361	3,249	9.2	5,211.1	5,211.1	5,211.1	0.0
	AS	17,500	246	2,454	12.2	5,212.7	5,212.7	5,212.7	0.0
	AT	18,170		2,830	10.6	5,216.2	5,216.2	5,216.2	0.0
	AU	18,550	139 2	1,565	19.2	5,216.7	5,216.7	5,216.7	0.0
	AV	18,660	237 2	3,020	9.9	5,221.6	5,221.6	5,221.6	0.0
	AW	18,880	353 2	2,942	10.2	5,222.1	5,222.1	5,222.1	0.0
~ ~	Feet Above Confluence With South Platte River Width Extends Bevond Cornorate Limits	ר Platte River ו mits							
1									
⊢ <b>∢</b> I	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENC	NAGEMENT A	GENCY			FLOOD	<b>FLOODWAY DATA</b>	A <sup>-</sup>	
- O	ADAMS COUNTY CO								
	(And Incorporated Areas)	ted Area	IS)			SAND	<b>D CREEK</b>		
-									

	FLOODING SOURCE			FLOODWAY		>	BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	LOOD CE ELEVATION VAVD)	
	CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE
Š	SOUTH FORK GRANGE HALL CRK A	300	125	1,238	0.7	5,225.6	225.	5,226.5	0.9
	: <b>с</b>	930	50	91	9.4	5,225.6	5,225.6	5,225.6	0.0
	0	1,490	40	94	- 1 - 1	5,233.1	5,233.1	5,233.1	
	Ωı	1,680	70	997	- 4 C	5,241.0 E 242 2	5,241.0	5,241.4 5,247.7	4.0
	ш г	2,140	135	244	, C.G.	5,242.2 5,242.2	5,242.2 5,242.4	0,242.2 5,242.4	
	ι C	2,490	90 80	101 79	2.0	5.245.4	5,245.4	5,245.4	0.0
	) I	3.270	85 85	122	4.6	5,250.9	5,250.9	5,250.9	0.0
		3,760	60	77	7.3	5,258.9	5,258.9	5,258.9	0.0
	-,	4,320	40	69	8.2	5,267.7	5,267.7	5,267.7	0.0
	×	4,785	39	75	7.5	5,291.7	5,291.7	5,291.7	0.0
		6,230	250	150	3.7	5,299.1	5,299.1	5,299.1	0.0
	Z	6,950	400	170	2.6	5,311.3 5,221.3	5,311.3 r 224 r	5,311.3 5,300 0	
	Z	7,625	130	110	0.0 4.0	5,321.0 5 221.0	0.321.0 5 224 6	0,322.U F 201 F	4 C
	2 (	8,2/5	771	CI1'I	0 •	0,126,0	0,120,0	0.120,0	
	L (	8,520	100	434	- o 4. c	0,321.0 5 277 3	0'72 I.O	0,0221.0 5 207 3	
	ם וכ	8, -70 11 0E0	40	753	0.4	0,726.0 5,368.4	5,368.4	5 368 4	
	< U	10,000	174	322	- 50	5 377 2	5,377.2	5.377.2	0.0
	) H	12 520	38	- 96 90	ο ία	5.381.1	5,381.1	5,381.1	0.0
	- ⊃	12,800	24	62	10.4	5,387.5	5,387.5	5,387.5	0.0
	>	12,870	33	110	7.1	5,389.7	5,389.7	5,389.7	0.0
-	×	12,930	125	113	5.4	5,394.6	5,394.6	5,394.9	0.3
	×	13,020	190	87	7.0	5,398.3	5,398.3	5,398.6	0.3
	~	13,695	70	156	4.7	5,407.9	5,407.9	5,408.3	4.0
	2	14,020	45	06	8.2	5,411.0	5,411.0	5,411.0	0.0
	AA	14,270	25	8 C	15.8	5,420.0	5,420.0	5,420.0	0.0
5	<sup>1</sup> Feet Above Confluence With Grange Hall Creek	ge Hall Creek							
⊢∢	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	IAGEMENT A	GENCY			FLOODWAY	<b>МАҮ DATA</b>	<u>ح</u>	
ß									
- ш -	(And Incorporated Areas)	ted Area	s)		SOUTH	SOUTH FORK GRANGE HALL CREEK	ANGE H	ALL CREE	×
4									

	INCREASE	6.0		0 C		- c		0 C		0.0	9.0	2.0	0.0	0.	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.0		4.0		0, c	- 4	. 0.			
	INCR																													
LOOD CE ELEVATION VAVD)	WITH FLOODWAY	4 956 3	A 057 7	1.000 k	4,900.1	4,902.0	000. 000	000 000		4,975,0	4 977 7	4,982,1	4.985.0	4,990.0	4,994.5	4,995.7	5,002.9	5,005.3	5,007.1	5,008.6	5,010.7	0,011.4	0,010,0 4.010.1	0,010.0 F 017 0	5,012.9	5,028.3	5,033.4		A	RIVER
BASE FLOOD WATER-SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	4.956.0	020	020	000 000	4,901.0	4,300.0	000 000 000	020	4 974 0	4.977.1	4 981 6	4,984.2	4,989.0	4,993.8	4,995.1	5,002.0	5,004.5	5,006.1	5,007.7	5,009.9	0,010.0	0,010,0	0,010.0	5,018.5	5.027.9	5,032.4		ИАҮ DATA	PLATTE RIV
5	REGULATORY	4.956.0	4 956 B	4 959 1	4,303.1	4,901.0	4,900.5	4,300.0 4 968 6	4974 0/4973 3 2	4975.2/4974.0 2		4982.4/4981.6 2	5/4984.2	4988.8/4989.0 2		4,995.1	5,002.0	5,004.5	5,006.1	5,007.7	5,009.9	0,010,0 7,010,0	0,010,0	0,010,0 7,07,0	5.018.5	5.027.9	5,032.4	/ee Failure	FLOODWAY	SOUTH PL
	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	3.4	2.0	- 0	ה ע הייק	4.0		9 M		3. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	3.5				0.9	4.7	6.5	4.9	5.2	5.3	4 ( (		о - ч		4 7	4.6	4.7	East Levee Intact/East Levee Failure		
FLOODWAY	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	10.040	12 416	5,684	100,0	7 128	11 623	10 139	0.357	9,194	9,534	9,745	10,401	7,234	5,592	7,228	5,223	6,915	6,455	6,363	8,311 11,600	4,030	100,101	12 467	7 375	7,773	7,664	ie East Levee		
	WIDTH (FEET)	2.847	3 059	1 784		1 636	2000,-	1 979	P 2 2 2	2.998	3,203	2,403	2,198	1,810	959	1,125	560	1,073	591	600	055	200 970	0 0 0 0 0	1 100	1,425	2,340	2,959	- Reflects th	BENCY	s)
	DISTANCE	83	2 636	4 633	1,000 5,375	5,820	7 185	10,222	12 862	14.170	14,840	17,319	19,170	22,769	26,251	27,370	31,602	33,095	34,333	30,103	30, 12/ 27 264	37 02/	38,010	39,002	40.319	46,566	51,152	ıry ure Model Rur	AGEMENT A	VTY, CO ted Area
FLOODING SOURCE	CROSS SECTION	SOUTH PLATTE RIVER A	6		) د	УШ	1 11	. U	) I	:	-	×		Σ	Z	0	<u>م</u> (	Ø	צו	<i>ν</i> +	- =	>>	•	:×	: >	Z	AA	Feet Above Adams County Boundary Levee Intact Model Run/Levee Failure Model Run - Reflects the	FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENC	ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas
																												2	⊢∢ɑ	о –) ш 4

FLOODWAY         MATEX URFACE         FLOODWAY           DISTANCE         WIDTH         AEXA         VELOTITY         REET NAND           DISTANCE         WIDTH         AEXA         VELODITY         NITHOUT         MITHOUT           DISTANCE         WIDTH         AEXA         VELODITY         RECULATORY         MITHOUT         MITHOUT           5565         2177         50362         50362         50372         50410         50417           55030         1992         7.288         4.716         7.6         50410         50417         50417           50331         50357         50357         50357         50357         50347         50471           60.002         2655         11.335         3.3         50673         50357         50317           70165         16333         3.6577         50622         50326         50371         50333           70165         16333         3.6577         50622         50357         50622         50333           77320         233         50674         50252         50353         50353         50371         50333           77320         333         5037         50327         50323         50321 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>BASE FLOOD</th> <th>гоор</th> <th></th>								BASE FLOOD	гоор	
CROSS SECTION         DISTANCE         WIDTH FEET         SECTION AEEA         VEET         SECTION SOUTH PLATTE RIVER         MUTH-OUT         WITH-OUT		FLOODING SOURCE			FLOODWAY		5	VATER-SURFAC (FEET N	CE ELEVATION JAVD)	
SOUTH PATTE RIVER         54648         2755         10377         34         50362         50362         50372		CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE
AD         5535         2177         476         758         5047         504		SOUTH PLATTE RIVER	54 64R	2 755	10.377	3.4	5 036 2	5 036 2	5.037.2	1.0
AP         53.34         1992         7.288         4.9         5.045.3         5.045.3         5.047.1           AF         63.34         7.627         7.627         5.047.5         5.047.5         5.047.5         5.047.4           AF         63.46         7.627         7.627         5.047.5         5.047.5         5.047.4         5.067.1           AF         63.46         7.627         5.053         5.063         5.063.4         5.067.1         5.072.7         5.057.1         5.057.1           AL         77.920         2.660         11.306         5.017.6         5.067.2         5.067.1         5.072.7         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.7         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.1         5.057.7         5.057.7         5.057.7         5.057.7         5.057.7         5.057.7         5.057.7         5.057.7         5.057.7         5.057.7         5.057.7         5.057.7         5.057.7         5.057.7         5.057.7         5.057.7         5.057.7         5.057.7		A O	56,556	2,177	4,716	7.6	5,041.0	5,041.0	5,041.7	0.7
AE         60,000         1,668         7,627         47         5,047         5,047         5,044         5,064         5,002         5,002         5,002         5,002         5,002         5,002         5,002         5,002         5,002         5,002         5,002         5,002         5,002         5,002         5,002         5,002         5,00		AD	59,349	1,992	7,288	4.9	5,046.3	5,046.3	5,047.1	0.8
AF         63,146         2,665         9,563         5,663         5,663         5,664         5,664           AI         7,315         1,333         366         5,633         5,663         5,663         5,663         5,663         5,663         5,663         5,664         5,667         5,667         5,667         5,667         5,667         5,667         5,667         5,667         5,667         5,667         5,667         5,667         5,667         5,667         5,603         1,303         4,43         4,43         4,43         5,672         5,603         4,68         5,603         4,68         5,603         4,668         5,603         5,603         5,603         5,603         5,603         4,68         5,603         4,64         5,602         5,603         4,68         5,603         4,64         5,602         5,603         5,603         5,603         5,603		AE	60,000	1,666	7,627	4.7	5,047.6	5,047.6	5,048.4	0.8
Add         B6,352         2,148         0.0261         5,334         5,0044         5,0044         5,0044         5,0044         5,0044         5,0044         5,0046         5,0044         5,0048         5,0048         5,0048         5,0048         5,0048         5,0048         5,0048         5,0048         5,0048         5,0048		AF	63,146	2,655	9,563	ໝ ແ ຕ໌ ເ	5,053.7	5,053.7	5,054.7	- <i>-</i>
All         70,166         1,503         9,651         37         5,667.4         5,667.0         5,607.0	~~~~	AG	66,352 68,485	2,148 2,409	10,281 6 975	3.5 7 0	5,059.2	5,059.2 5,063.4	5,063.4	
AK       73920       2660       11305       3.3       5072.6       5072.7       5072.7       5072.7       5072.7       5072.7       5072.7       5072.7       5072.7       5081.0       50		AI	70,165	1.633	9,851	3.7 3.7	5.067.4	5,067.0	5,067.0	0.0
AL         77,920         217         1,564         15.2         5081,0		. A	73,920	2,650	11,305	3.3	5,072.6	5,072.7	5,072.7	0.0
AL         73/12         348         16478         2.3         5087.05082.42         5,083.3         5,093.3         5,003.3         5,003.3 </td <td></td> <td>AK</td> <td>77,920</td> <td>217</td> <td>1,564</td> <td>15.2</td> <td></td> <td>5,081.0</td> <td>5,081.0</td> <td>0.0</td>		AK	77,920	217	1,564	15.2		5,081.0	5,081.0	0.0
AM         84,091         320         3795         98         6097.7         5.093.2         5.093.2         5.093.0         5.093.4         5.003.1         5.003.4         5.003.4         5.003.4         5.003.4         5.003.4         5.003.4         5.003.4         5.003.4         5.003.4         5.003.1         5.003.4         5.004.4		AL	79,312	348	16,478	2.3		5,082.4	5,083.3	6.0 0
AN         85,547         200         2956         126         5,097/2         5,097/2         5,097/2         5,097/2         5,047/2         5,1028         5,1012         5,1028         5,1012         5,1028         5,1012         5,1028         5,1012         5,1012         5,1028         5,1012         5,1028         5,1012         5,1012         5,1028         5,1012         5,1028         5,1012         5,1028         5,1012         5,1028         5,1028         5,1028         5,1012         5,1028		AM	84,091	320	3,795	9.8		5,092.3	5,093.0	0.7
AD         B8,r49 AD         540 5105         5104 51055         5104 5107         5104 51065         5104 5107         5104 5107         5104 5107         5104 51065         5104 5107         5104 5107         5104 5107         5104 51065         5104 51065         5104 5107         5104 5107         5104 51065         51044 <t< td=""><td></td><td>AN</td><td>85,547</td><td>200</td><td>2,956</td><td>12.6</td><td>5,097.2</td><td>5,097.2</td><td>5,097.4</td><td></td></t<>		AN	85,547	200	2,956	12.6	5,097.2	5,097.2	5,097.4	
AP         9.0311         410         4,322         6,03         5,111         7,203         5,113         5,113         5,113         5,113         5,113         5,113         5,113         5,113         5,113         5,113         5,120         5,120         5,113         5,120         5,120         5,120         5,120         5,120         5,120         5,120         5,120         5,120         5,120         5,120         5,120         5,12		A O	88,749	340	1//,9	0.0 4	5,104.4 £ 106 £	5,104.4 F 106 F	5,104.0 F 106.6	7 V 0 C
AR       25,500       333       4,421       8,5       5,100       5,100       5,100       5,100       5,100       5,110.7       5,110.7       5,110.7       5,110.8       5,110.7       5,110.8       5,110.7       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.7       5,110.7       5,110.7       5,110.7       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.7       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.7       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.7       5,110.8       5,120.9       5,110.6       5,120.9       5,120.9       5,120.9       5,120.9       5,120.9       5,120.9       5,120.9		A C A	91,391	410	5 5 18	0.7 8.9	5 107 7	5,107.7	5.107.8	. 0
AS       93,736       575       6.231       6.0       5,110.7       5,110.7       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,110.8       5,111.5       5,112.6       5,112.6       5,112.6       5,112.6       5,112.6       5,112.6       5,112.6       5,122.6       5,122.6       5,122.6       5,122.6       5,122.6       5,122.6       5,122.6       5,122.6       5,122.6       5,122.6       5,122.6       5,122.6       5,122.6       5,122.6       5,122.6       5,122.6		AR	92,500	383	4,421	8.5	5,108.8	5,108.8	5,108.8	0.0
AT       95,106       236       2362       13.2       5,111.5       5,112.6       5,112.6       5,112.6       5,122.5		AS	93,736	575	6,231	6.0	5,110.7	5,110.7	5,110.8	0.0
AU       95,431       199       5,076       7.5       5,115.8       5,115.8       5,115.8       5,115.8       5,115.8       5,115.8       5,115.8       5,117.5       5,112.5       5,120.9       5,122.5		АТ	95,106	236	2,852	13.2	5,111.5	5,111.5	5,111.7	0.2
AV         97,453         199         2.008         10.9         5,117.5         5,117.5         5,117.5         5,117.5         5,117.5         5,117.5         5,117.5         5,117.5         5,118.6         5,118.6         5,118.6         5,118.6         5,118.6         5,118.6         5,118.6         5,118.6         5,118.6         5,118.6         5,118.6         5,118.6         5,118.6         5,120.9         5,120.9         5,120.9         5,120.9         5,120.9         5,120.9         5,120.9         5,120.9         5,120.9         5,120.9         5,120.9         5,120.9         5,120.9         5,122.5		AU	95,431	199	5,076	7.5	5,115.8	5,115.8	5,115.8	0.0
AW         97,875         211         2,512         8.7         5,118.6         5,118.6         5,120.9		AV	97,453	199	2,008	10.9	5,117.5	5,117.5	5,117.5	0.0
AX         BY, 2501         101         201         101         201         01 <th01< th=""> <th01< th="">         01</th01<></th01<>		AW	97,875	211	2,512	8.7	5,118.6 r 420.0	5,118.6	5,118.6	0.0
<sup>1</sup> Feet Above Adams County Boundary <sup>2</sup> Levee Intact Model Run - Reflects the East Levee Intact/East Levee Failure <sup>3</sup> FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas) (And Incorporated Areas)		AX YA	99,297 100.490	191 196	1,929	11.3	5,122.5	5,122.5	5,122.5	0.0
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas) SOUTH PLATTE	- 0	Feet Above Adams County Bound Levee Intact Model Run/Levee Fai	lary ilure Model Rur	n - Reflects t	he East Leve	e Intact/East Le	evee Failure			
ADAMS COUNTY, CO (And Incorporated Areas) SOUTH PLATTE		FEDERAL EMERGENCY MAI	NAGEMENT A	GENCY			FLOOD		4	
		ADAMS COU (And Incorpora	NTY, CO Ited Area	s)			SOUTH PI		VER	
				5						

# 5.0 INSURANCE APPLICATIONS

For flood insurance rating purposes, flood insurance zone designations are assigned to a community based on the results of the engineering analyses. These zones are as follows:

#### Zone A

Zone A is the flood insurance risk zone that corresponds to the 1-percent-annual-chance floodplains that are determined in the FIS by approximate methods. Because detailed hydraulic analyses are not performed for such areas, no BFEs or base flood depths are shown within this zone.

## Zone AE

Zone AE is the flood insurance risk zone that corresponds to the 1-percent-annual-chance floodplains that are determined in the FIS by detailed methods. In most instances, whole-foot BFEs derived from the detailed hydraulic analyses are shown at selected intervals within this zone.

## Zone AH

Zone AH is the flood insurance risk zone that corresponds to the areas of 1-percentannual-chance shallow flooding (usually areas of ponding) where average depths are between 1 and 3 feet. Whole-foot BFEs derived from the detailed hydraulic analyses are shown at selected intervals within this zone.

## Zone AO

Zone AO is the flood insurance risk zone that corresponds to the areas of 1-percentannual-chance shallow flooding (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain) where average depths are between 1 and 3 feet. Average whole-foot base flood depths derived from the detailed hydraulic analyses are shown within this zone.

## Zone AR

Zone AR is the flood insurance risk zone that corresponds to an area of special flood hazard formerly protected from the 1-percent-annual-chance flood event by the flood-control system that was subsequently decertified. Zone AR indicates that the former flood-control system is being restored to provide protection from the 1-percent-annual-chance or greater flood event.

### Zone A99

Zone A99 is the flood insurance risk zone that corresponds to areas of the 1-percentannual-chance floodplain that will be protected by a Federal flood protection system where construction has reached specified statutory milestones. No BFEs or depths are shown within this zone.

Zone X

Zone X is the flood insurance risk zone that corresponds to areas outside the 0.2-percentannual-chance floodplain, areas within the 0.2-percent-annual-chance floodplain, areas of 1-percent-annual-chance flooding where average depths are less than 1 foot, areas of 1percent-annual-chance flooding where the contributing drainage area is less than 1 square mile, and areas protected from the 1-percent-annual-chance flood by levees. No BFEs or base flood depths are shown within this zone.

Zone X (Future Base Flood)

Zone X (Future Base Flood) is the flood insurance risk zone that corresponds to the 1percent-annual-chance floodplains that are determined based on future-conditions hydrology. No BFEs or base flood depths are shown within this zone.

Zone D

Zone D is the flood insurance risk zone that corresponds to unstudied areas where flood hazards are undetermined but possible.

# 6.0 FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

The FIRM is designed for flood insurance and floodplain management applications.

For flood insurance applications, the map designates flood insurance risk zones as described in Section 5.0 and, in the 1-percent-annual-chance floodplains that were studied by detailed methods, shows selected whole-foot BFEs or average depths. Insurance agents use the zones and BFEs in conjunction with information on structures and their contents to assign premium rates for flood insurance policies.

For floodplain management applications, the map shows by tints, screens, and symbols, the 1- and 0.2-percent-annual-chance floodplains, floodways, and the locations of selected cross sections used in the hydraulic analyses and floodway computations.

The current FIRM presents flooding information for the geographic area of Adams County, excluding those communities which fall within more than one county as described in Section 1.1. Previously separate FIRMs were prepared for each identified floodprone incorporated community and the unincorporated areas of the county. Historical data relating to the maps prepared for each community are presented in Community Map History (Table 5).

	Thornton, City of November 1, 1974 October 1, 1976 June 15, 1978 January 19, 1982 August 16, 1995		Northglenn, City of August 22, 1975 September 15, 1978 March 31, 1981 August 16, 1995	Federal Heights, City of July 11, 1975 April 15, 1986 August 16, 1995	FIRM REVISION DATE(S) December 15, 1989 August 16, 1995  August 16, 1995 January 19, 1982 September 30, 1989 August 16, 1995 August 16, 1995 March 31, 1981 August 16, 1995 January 19, 1982 January 19, 1982 August 16, 1995	FIRM EFFECTIVE DATE(S) February 1, 1979 August 16, 1975 November 16, 1977 February 15, 1978 April 15, 1978 September 15, 1978 June 15, 1978	BOUNDARY MAP REVISIONS DATE(S) - - July 11, 1975 - - October 1, 1976	INITIAL IDENTIFICATION February 1, 1979 August 16, 1995 February 22, 1974 June 28, 1974 July 11, 1975 August 22, 1975 November 1, 1974	COMMUNITY NAME Adams County (Unincorporated Areas) Bennett, Town of Brighton, City of Commerce City, City of Federal Heights, City of Northglenn, City of Thornton, City of
		November 1, 1974 October 1, 1976 June 15, 1978	November 1. 1974 October 1. 1976 June 15. 1978	August 22, 1975 September 15, 1978 November 1, 1974 October 1, 1976 June 15, 1978	August 16, 1995		-		
July 11, 1975     -     April 15, 1986       August 22, 1975     -     September 15, 1978       November 1, 1974     October 1, 1976     June 15, 1978	July 11, 1975 April 15, 1986 August 22, 1975 September 15, 1978	July 11, 1975 April 15, 1986 August 22, 1975 September 15, 1978	July 11, 1975 April 15, 1986		September 30, 1988 December 5, 1989 August 16, 1995				
July 11, 1975 April 15, 1986 August 22, 1975 September 15, 1978 November 1, 1974 October 1, 1976 June 15, 1978	July 11, 1975 April 15, 1986 August 22, 1975 September 15, 1978	July 11, 1975 April 15, 1986 August 22, 1975 September 15, 1978	July 11, 1975 April 15, 1986	September 30, 1988 December 5, 1989 August 16, 1995	October 6, 1978 January 19, 1982	February 15, 1978	July 11, 1975	<i>4</i>	Commerce City, City of
June 28, 1974     July 11, 1975     February 15, 1978       July 11, 1975      April 15, 1986       August 22, 1975      September 15, 1978       November 1, 1974     October 1, 1976     June 15, 1978	June 28, 1974 July 11, 1975 February 15, 1978 July 11, 1975 April 15, 1986 August 22, 1975 September 15, 1978	June 28, 1974 July 11, 1975 February 15, 1978 July 11, 1975 April 15, 1986 August 22, 1975 September 15, 1978	June 28, 1974 July 11, 1975 February 15, 1978 July 11, 1975 April 15, 1986	June 28, 1974 July 11, 1975 February 15, 1978	August 16, 1995	November 16, 1977	<b>;</b>	February 22, 1974	Brighton, City of
February 22, 1974        November 16, 1977         June 28, 1974       July 11, 1975       February 15, 1978         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         July 11, 1975        September 15, 1978         November 1, 1974       October 1, 1976       June 15, 1978	February 22, 1974        November 16, 1977         June 28, 1974       July 11, 1975       February 15, 1978         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         July 11, 1975        September 15, 1978	February 22, 1974        November 16, 1977         June 28, 1974       July 11, 1975       February 15, 1978         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         July 11, 1975        September 15, 1978	February 22, 1974        November 16, 1977         June 28, 1974       July 11, 1975       February 15, 1978         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986	February 22, 1974 November 16, 1977 June 28, 1974 July 11, 1975 February 15, 1978	1	August 16, 1995	ł	August 16, 1995	Bennett, Town of
August 16, 1995        August 16, 1995         February 22, 1974        November 16, 1977         June 28, 1974        November 16, 1978         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         July 11, 1975        September 15, 1978         November 1, 1974       October 1, 1976       June 15, 1978	August 16, 1995        August 16, 1995         February 22, 1974        November 16, 1977         June 28, 1974       July 11, 1975       February 15, 1978         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         July 11, 1975        September 15, 1978	August 16, 1995        August 16, 1995         February 22, 1974        November 16, 1977         June 28, 1974       July 11, 1975       February 15, 1978         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         August 22, 1975        September 15, 1978	August 16, 1995        August 16, 1995         February 22, 1974        November 16, 1977         June 28, 1974       July 11, 1975       February 15, 1978         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986	August 16, 1995        August 16, 1995         February 22, 1974        November 16, 1977         June 28, 1974       July 11, 1975       February 15, 1978	December 15, 1989 August 16, 1995	February 1, 1979	ł	February 1, 1979	Adams County (Unincorporated Areas)
February 1, 1979        February 1, 1979         August 16, 1995        August 16, 1995         August 16, 1995        August 16, 1995         February 22, 1974        November 16, 1977         June 28, 1974       July 11, 1975       February 15, 1978         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         July 11, 1975        September 15, 1978         November 1, 1974       October 1, 1976       June 15, 1978	February 1, 1979        February 1, 1979         August 16, 1995        August 16, 1995         August 16, 1995        August 16, 1995         February 22, 1974        November 16, 1977         June 28, 1974        November 16, 1977         June 28, 1974        November 16, 1977         June 28, 1974        Angust 15, 1978         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         July 11, 1975        September 15, 1978	February 1, 1979        February 1, 1979         August 16, 1995        August 16, 1995         August 16, 1995        August 16, 1995         February 22, 1974        November 16, 1977         June 28, 1974       July 11, 1975       February 15, 1978         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         August 22, 1975        September 15, 1978	February 1, 1979        February 1, 1979         August 16, 1995        August 16, 1995         August 16, 1995        August 16, 1995         February 22, 1974        November 16, 1977         June 28, 1974       July 11, 1975       February 15, 1978         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986         July 11, 1975        April 15, 1986	February 1, 1979        February 1, 1979         August 16, 1995        August 16, 1995         February 22, 1974        November 16, 1977         June 28, 1974       July 11, 1975       February 15, 1978	FIRM REVISION DATE(S)	FIRM EFFECTIVE DATE(S)	FLOOD HAZARD BOUNDARY MAP REVISIONS DATE(S)	INITIAL IDENTIFICATION	COMMUNITY NAME

## 7.0 OTHER STUDIES

This Flood Insurance Study supercedes all previous FIS reports and FIRMs covering the unincorporated areas of Adams County and the incorporated areas of the Cities of Brighton, Commerce City, Federal Heights, Northglenn, and Thornton, and the Town of Bennett (References 2, 5, 7, 8, 9, and 10, respectively). The Cities of Arvada, Aurora, and Westminster have individual, separately published Flood Insurance Studies (References 3 and 4), which are not superseded by this countywide Flood Insurance Study.

There are past published reports on flooding throughout Adams County. The 1963 USACE Denver Metropolitan Region Flood Plain Information (FPI) report, Volume I, (Reference 21) was adopted by the Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) in 1967 as the official floodplain study for the South Platte River. Following the 1965 flood and other, more recent, flood experiences, as well as the construction of Chatfield Dam, the USACE considers the 1963 FPI for the South Platte River to be outdated. In September of 1977, the UDFCD published a Flood Hazard Area Delineation of the South Platte River.

The UDFCD published an updated Flood Hazard Area Delineation Report of the South Platte River in April of 2005 (Reference 85). This report was incorporated into this FIS.

An FPI report (Reference 30) was prepared in 1968 by the USACE, Omaha District, which included Little Dry Creek in Adams County. Minor discrepancies occurred because the USACE assumed blockage at culverts and bridges during flooding stages, and the present study is based on unobstructed flow.

The UDFCD published a report on Big Dry Creek (Reference 20) in March 1973 and was incorporated into the FIS.

The UDFCD published a Flood Hazard Area Delineation report for the Lower Box Elder Creek Watershed in September 2001 (Reference 89). This report identified flood hazard information on Box Elder Creek, Hayesmount Creek, and Bear Gulch. This report was incorporated into this FIS.

An FPI report was published in January 1966 by the USACE, Omaha District, regarding flooding along Clear Creek (Reference 12). Peak discharges for Clear Creek were recomputed by the UDFCD, and the revised floodplain boundaries were incorporated as an approximate Special Flood Hazard Area. The FIS study report was later revised to reflect updated hydrologic and hydraulic analyses prepared in a 1979 UDFCD report (Reference 59) for Clear Creek. The revised flooding was included as a detailed analysis. Floodway and 500-year floodplain boundaries were not determined.

The UDFCD published a report on Niver Creek in February 1974 (Reference 54). The report contained two 100-year profiles, one reflected existing conditions and a fully developed basin, and the second reflected channel improvements with discharges based on a fully developed basin. Since the publication, some of the channel improvements have been made. Also, this FIS report reflects only present basin development. Therefore, no comparison can be made between profiles.

A report on Northfield Creek, prepared by Hogan & Olhausen for the City of Thornton (Reference 55), was published in March 1976. When compared, the 100-year discharges in this study were found to be different from those determined for the present FIS study. This difference is due to the different methods used to determine discharges. A meeting was held on April 16, 1976, with the UDFCD, the City of Thornton, Hogan & Olhausen, and Gingery Associates in order to resolve the difference in discharges. The main reason for the discrepancy was because Hogan & Olhausen considered residential areas as being 25 percent impervious while the present study used a 50 percent impervious figure, the figure recommended by the UDFCD in their USDCM for use in the Denver metropolitan area. At this meeting, a resolution was never confirmed; therefore, the FIA was contacted for a final ruling. The FIA decided to use the 50 percent impervious figure.

Approximate flood boundaries were adopted from studies on First Creek (Reference 56), Second and Third Creek (Reference 57), and Grange Hall Creek (Reference 58).

Zone A approximate flooding has been added to the FIRM for Brantner Gulch, Tributary VIII Northern to Brantner Gulch, Direct Flow Area 0054-1, McKay Lake Drainageway, Morris Creek, Mustang Run, Preble Creek, South Fork Preble Creek, Quail Creek, Sack Creek, Sack Creek South, Shay Ditch, Short Run, Todd Creek, Tributary 2 to Todd Creek, Tributary 4 to Todd Creek, Wadley Creek North, and Wadley Creek South. The source of the flood data for the identified streams were UDFCD Flood Hazard Area Delineation reports (References 60-64).

## 8.0 LOCATION OF DATA

Information concerning the pertinent data used in the preparation of this study can be obtained by contacting FEMA Mitigation Division, Denver Federal Center, Building 710, Box 25267, Denver, Colorado 80225-0267.

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#### 10.0 <u>REVISION DESCRIPTIONS</u>

This section has been added to provide information regarding significant revision made since the original FIS report and FIRM were printed. Future revisions may be made that do not result in the republishing of the FIS report. All users are advised to contact the community repositories of flood hazard data to obtain the most up-to-date flood hazard information.

### 10.1 First Revision

#### South Platte River

This study was revised on December 15, 1989, to modify the SFHAs in the unincorporated areas of Adams County along a reach of the South Platte River. The revised reach extended from a point approximately 760 feet downstream of the westbound lane of Interstate 270, upstream to the south boundary of Adams County, at the City and County of Denver corporate limits (Franklin Street).

The basis for this revision is revised hydraulic analyses conducted by Wright Water Engineers, Inc., Denver, Colorado, under contract to the Urban Drainage and Flood Control District. The revised hydraulic analyses utilized the USACE HEC-2 hydraulic computer model and were conducted in August 1986 and September 1987. The hydraulic analyses modified the 100-year and 500-year flood boundaries and increased the base (100-year) flood elevations (BFEs) along portions of the South Platte River by up to 5 feet. A floodway was not analyzed for this reach due to the split flow situations along the South Platte's floodplain.

#### Third Creek

This study was revised to incorporate a LOMR issued on September 28, 1988 for Third Creek in the unincorporated areas of Adams County. The purpose of the LOMR was to reflect channel modification and lot grading through Third Creek Estates Subdivision downstream of East 132<sup>nd</sup> Avenue.

### Hidden Lakes Drainageway

This study was revised to reflect a LOMR issued on July 21, 1987, for the completion of a flood control project in the vicinity of Hidden Lakes Drainageway, in unincorporated areas of Adams County. Based on data submitted with the LOMR, the 100-year flood boundaries were revised to reflect approximately 0.8-mile of channel modifications along Lowell Boulevard, located south of West 67<sup>th</sup> Avenue.

#### 10.2 Second Revision

#### Countywide Update

This revision has combined the FIS reports and FIRMs of the County and incorporated cities into the countywide format.

Under the countywide format, FIRM panels have been produced using a single layout format for the entire area within the county instead of separate layout formats for each community. The single layout format facilitates the matching of adjacent panels and depicts the flood hazard area within the entire panel border, even in areas beyond a community corporate boundary line. In addition, under the countywide format, this single FIS report provides all FIS information and data for the entire county area.

The mapping for the countywide conversion was prepared using digital TIGER files obtained from the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Previously published Flood Insurance Rate Map data produced manually was converted to vector digital data by a digitization process. These vector digital data were fit to raster digital images of the USGS quadrangle maps of the county area to provide horizontal positioning.

This revision also incorporated revisions to the flooding along Clear Creek to reflect the hydrologic and hydraulic analyses prepared in a 1979 UDFCD report (Reference 59). The revised flooding was included as a detailed analysis and updates the flooding shown on the previous effective maps. Floodway and 500-year floodplain boundaries were not determined. The revisions to Clear Creek are reflected in the profiles and on the FIRMS.

For Brantner Gulch, this study replaced existing Zone A flooding shown previously and added new Zone A Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs). The LOMR issued to the City of Thornton on December 16, 1992, to revise the Zone A SFHA along Brantner Gulch between 123<sup>rd</sup> and 124<sup>th</sup> Avenues and Colorado Boulevard and Monroe Street, was superseded by the information presented for Brantner Gulch (Reference 63). The existing detailed flooding show from Colorado Avenue to approximately 2,600 feet downstream of Colorado Avenue was not revised.

A new Zone A SFHA was added for Direct Flow Area 0054-1 from its confluence with the South Platte River upstream to Holly Street. The LOMR issued to the City of Thornton on January 19, 1989, to revise the Zone A SFHA from Holly Street upstream to East 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue was not superseded by this study. The SFHA was continued north of East 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue.

New SFHAs were also added for: McKay Lake Drainageway, Morris Creek, Mustang Run, North Tributary VII to Brantner Gulch, Preble Creek, South Fork Preble Creek, Quail Creek, Sack Creek, Sack Creek South, Shay Ditch, Short Run, Tributary 4 to Todd Creek, Wadley North Creek, and Wadley South Creek.

Flooding was revised and added to Todd Creek and Tributary 2 to Todd Creek.

This flood information was provided by the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Reclamation, under Inter-Agency Agreement No. EMW-90-E-3456, as part of the Limited Map Maintenance Program. The source of the flood data for the identified stream were UDFCD Flood Hazard Area Delineation reports (References 60 through 64).

Letters of Map Revision (LOMRs)

The following LOMRs are included in this update:

The LOMR issued January 19, 1989, for the City of Thornton, revised the Zone A SFHA delineations along East 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue and the area southeast of East 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue to Holly Street, reflecting major drainage improvements completed.

The LOMR issued June 9, 1992, for the City of Commerce City, incorporates modifications to the floodway along Sand Creek in the vicinity of East 49<sup>th</sup> Street.

The LOMR issued June 21, 1994, for the City of Thornton incorporates modifications to the floodplain boundary delineations along Niver Creek from Washington Street upstream to Interstate Highway 25.

The LOMR issued July 14, 1994, for the City of Northglenn, revised the FIRM to reflect elevation by the placement of fill along North For Grange Hall Creek.

# 10.3 Third Revision

This study was revised as part of a Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map (DFIRM) conversion for Adams County and incorporated areas. This study incorporated the new countywide DFIRM conversion prepared by the UDFCD. The UDFCD contracted ICON Engineering, Inc. to digitize the flood data from various sources and to prepare the data in conformance with the FEMA DFIRM specifications.

Flood information used for the DFIRM conversion came from four sources: the UDFCD's Flood Hazard Area Determination studies; the work maps from the original FIS; and the work maps from several LOMRs.

# Box Elder Creek

The UDFCD published a Flood Hazard Area Delineation report (Reference 89) for the Lower Box Elder Creek watershed in September 2001. This report identified flood hazard information on Box Elder Creek, Hayesmount Creek, and Bear Gulch. This report was incorporated into this FIS.

#### South Platte River

The UDFCD published a Flood Hazard Area Delineation report for the South Platte River in April 2005 (Reference 85). This report was incorporated into this FIS.

#### Letters of Map Revision (LOMRs)

The LOMR issued March 13, 1997 for the City of Thornton revised the FIRM to reflect changes along Grange Hall Creek and Grange Hall Creek Tributary due to the construction of a floodwall at Colorado Boulevard. Revisions occurred along Grange Hall Creek from approximately 500 feet downstream of East 108<sup>th</sup> Avenue to approximately 600 feet upstream of the confluence with Grange Hall Creek Tributary. Revisions along Grange Hall Creek Tributary occurred from the confluence with Grange Hall Creek to approximately 800 feet upstream of the confluence.

The LOMR issued August 23, 2000 for the Cities of Northglenn and Thornton revised the FIRM to show effects of construction of the Thornton Town Center along South Fork Grange Hall Creek from approximately 950 feet downstream of Grant Street to Melody Drive. The construction of the Thornton Town Center included installation of a new concrete box culvert below Grant Street; construction of a storage pond upstream of Grant Street; and installation of a box culvert between the storage pond and Interstate Highway 25 (I-25). The construction resulted in a realignment of the South Fork Grange Hall Creek from approximately 800 feet downstream of Grant Street to Huron Street.

The LOMR issued December 6, 1999 for unincorporated areas of Adams County, the City of Westminster, and the City of Thornton revised the FIRM to reflect changes along Big Dry Creek from 136<sup>th</sup> Avenue to Interstate Highway 25 (I-25).

The LOMR issued February 7, 2000 for the City of Federal Heights revised the FIRM to show the effects of placement of fill associated with the Northmoor subdivision development on the south side of Tributary L to Niver Creek from Huron Street to approximately 1000 feet upstream of Huron Street.

The LOMR issued September 11, 2000 for the City of Federal Heights revised the FIRM to correct an error in streambed elevation used in the effective hydraulic model for Tributary M of Niver Creek. Modifications occurred from approximately 250 feet downstream to approximately 120 feet upstream of Bryant Drive.

The LOMR issued February 8, 2001 for the City of Thornton revised the FIRM to reflect changes along Niver Creek associated with the American Furniture Warehouse development. Modifications occurred along Niver Creek from just

upstream of the confluence with Tributary L to Niver Creek to approximately 320 feet downstream of Interstate Highway 25 (I-25).

The LOMR issued September 25, 2001 for the City of Thornton revised the FIRM to reflect changes along Wadley South Creek associated with the Haven at York Street development. Revisions occurred along Wadley South Creek from the confluence with Big Dry Creek for the Union Pacific Railroad.

The LOMR issued November 25, 2002 for the City of Commerce City and Adams County revised the FIRM to reflect changes along First Creek associated with the the Belle Creek Filing 1 development from Brighton Road to approximately 400 feet upstream of U.S. Highway 85.

The LOMR issued November 29, 2002 for Adams County and the City of Brighton revised the FIRM to reflect changes along Second Creek associated with construction of the State Highway E-470 Tollway. Modifications occurred along Second Creek for the Union Pacific Railroad to just downstream of East 124<sup>th</sup> Avenue.

The LOMR issued January 30, 2003 for Adams County, the City of Commerce City, and the City of Thornton revised the FIRM to show the effects of updated topographic information along the South Platte River form approximately 500 feed upstream of 104<sup>th</sup> Avenue to approximately 3,100 feet downstream of East 88<sup>th</sup> Avenue.

The LOMR issued May 29, 2003 for Adams County and the City of Westminster revised the FIRM to reflect channel improvements along Big Dry Creek between Interstate Highway 25 and Huron Street.

The LOMR issued July 2, 2003 for the City of Thornton revised the FIRM to reflect changes along an unnamed tributary to Grange Hall Creek due to the construction of Birch Street and 105<sup>th</sup> Avenue. Modifications occurred along the unnamed tributary to Grange Hall Creek from the confluence with Grange Hall Creek to Colorado Boulevard.

The LOMR issued August 20, 2003 for Adams County revised the FIRM to incorporate updated topographic data, the new Pecos Street bridge, and the widening of the channel along Clear Creek form approximately 3,300 feet downstream of Pecos Street to the Colorado and Southern Railroad.

The LOMR issued August 29, 2003 for Adams County and the City of Thornton revised the FIRM to reflect channel modifications associated with the proposed realignment of 152<sup>nd</sup> Avenue along Wadley North Creek from the confluence with Big Dry Creek to just downstream of the Union Pacific Railroad.

The LOMR issued August 29, 2003 for the City of Thornton and the City of Northglenn revised the FIRM to reflect modifications to Eastlake Reservoirs Nos. 2 and 3 and channel impacts along Brantner Gulch from the Eastlake reservoirs to Colorado Boulevard.

The LOMR issued December 4, 2003 for Adams County revised the FIRM to reflect modifications along Todd Creek and Tributary 4 to Todd Creek (Tributary 4) associated with the construction of the State Highway E-470 Tollway.

The LOMR issued January 24, 2004 for Adams County, the City of Brighton, and the City of Commerce City revised the FIRM to reflect channel improvements associated with the construction of the State Highway E-470 Tollway along Third Creek from west of Chambers Road upstream to Tower Road. The E-470 Highway construction project incorporated a regional stormwater detention facility south of 120<sup>th</sup> Avenue, bridge/culvert crossings at 120<sup>th</sup> Avenue and at the ramp from Highway E-470 to Interstate Highway 76. and relocation/channelization of portions of Third Creek.

The LOMR issued May 14, 2004 for Adams County revised the FIRM to reflect changes in Special Flood Hazard Areas, Base Flood Elevations, and Floodway for Comanche Creek, Little Comanche Creek, and Wolf Creek based on more detailed topographic information. The revised reaches extend along Comanche Creek from the Adams County boundary with Weld County to just downstream of 26<sup>th</sup> Avenue, along Wolf Creek from the confluence with Comanche Creek to just downstream of U.S. Highway 36 (US 36), and along Little Comanche Creek from the confluence with Comanche Creek fr

The LOMR issued May 12, 2004 for Adams County and the City of Brighton revised the FIRM to reflect modifications along the South Platte River and Second Creek resulting from the construction of the State Highway E-470 Tollway (E-470). Modifications along the South Platte River occurred from approximately 760 feet upstream of the confluence with Second Creek to E-470. Modifications along Second Creek occurred at the confluence with the South Platte River.

The LOMR issued July 14, 2004 for Adams County and the City of Commerce City revised the FIRM to reflect changes along First Creek, Tributary Channel A to First Creek, and Tributary Channel B to First Creek, associated with Belle Creek subdivision Filing No. 4. Modifications occurred along First Creek and the tributary channels from approximately 900 feet upstream of Brighton Boulevard to the Union Pacific Railroad.

The LOMRs issued July 16, 2004 for Adams County and the City of Thornton revised the FIRM to reflect modifications along Big Dry Creek and Big Dry Creek North Area Tributaries (Mustang Run, Sack Creek South, and Short Run) associated with the construction of the State Highway E-470 Tollway.

The LOMR issued September 29, 2004 for Adams County and the City of Westminster revised the FIRM to reflect construction of culverts along Little Dry Creek at the Colorado and Southern Railroad at West 64<sup>th</sup> Avenue. Modifications occurred along Little Dry Creek from West 64<sup>th</sup> Avenue to just upstream of Federal Boulevard. The base flood elevation along Clear Creek was also affected by this revision.

The LOMR issued May 11, 2005 revised the FIRM to reflect changes in Special Flood Hazard Area, Base Flood Elevation, and Floodway for the South Platte River associated with Tigers Reservoir from approximately 2,350 feet upstream of McKay Road to East 88<sup>th</sup> Avenue. These changes to the FIRM are the result of revised hydraulic analysis to incorporate the effects of Tigers Reservoir along the South Platte River.

The LOMR issued July 8, 2005 for the City of Thornton revised the FIRM to reflect changes along South Fork Preble Creek associated with the construction of a box culvert at the Larkridge Mall development. The Special Flood Hazard Area for South Fork Preble Creek is contained within the constructed box culvert.

The LOMR issued July 25, 2005 for the City of Thornton revised the FIRM to reflect changes along Big Dry Creek associated with the construction of a new bridge at 136<sup>th</sup> Avenue.

The LOMR issued March 31, 2006 for Adams County and the City of Aurora revised the FIRM to reflect changes along First Creek associated with the construction of the Prologis Park 70 development.

The LOMR issued May 11, 2006 for Adams County and the City of Thornton revised the FIRM to reflect changes along Grange Hall Creek associated with the construction of box culverts extensions at Holly Street.

The LOMR issued May 26, 2006 for Adams County and the City of Commerce City revised the FIRM to reflect updated topography along Second Creek associated with the Second Creek Farm Filing No. 1 development.

The LOMR issued June 13, 2006 for the City of Thornton revised the FIRM to reflect the changes along South Fork Preble Creek associated with the construction of the Larkridge Retail Center.

The LOMR issued September 26, 2006 for Adams County revised the FIRM to reflect changes along McKay Lake Drainageway associated with the improvements at McKay Lake and the Huntington Trails development.